CIRCULATION Yesterday, Friday 47,854

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

CIRCULATION LAST SUNDAY. 51,604

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UNITED STATES SOLEMNLY WARNS GERMANY NEVER AGAIN TO VIOLATE AMERICAN RIGHTS

PRIMARIES' DATE IN GEORGIA FIXED BY HOUSE MEASURE

General Judiciary Committee No. 1 Favors Bill Calling for Vote on Second Wednesday in September.

ROTATION OF JUDGES MEETS WITH FAVOR

Ways and Means Committee to Pass on Anti-Tipping Bill — Subcommittee Gets Divorce Bills.

The date for all democratic primaries is set for the second Wednesday in September in a house bill reported favorably by the general judiciary committee No. 1 Friday.

The bill provides that instead of the state executive committee setting a date for such a primary it shall be set by law on the date named.

This will cover the primary for United States senators, governor, state-house officers, congressmen, justices of the supreme court and court of appeals, superior court judges and solicitors general.

It is believed the bill will pass the house and the senate.

ANTI-TIPPING MEASURE.

Although the anti-tipping bill failed in the judiciary committee of the house Friday afternoon, the measure may not be dead, as that committee recommended to the ways and means committee a measure which may have a better effect.

The bill made it a misdemeanor for any person in railroad trains or hotels to receive a tip. The committee at first voted for it, but reconsidered that action and decided to ask the ways and means committee to present a bill providing for a tax on all railroads and hotels that permitted tipping.

ROTATION OF JUDGES.

A bill providing for the rotation of the superior court judges was reported favorably by the judiciary committee No. 1, of the house, Friday.

Fulton and Chatham counties were excepted.

Under the law the state will be divided into four sections and the superior court judges will rotate in their respective sections.

The bill was framed by Representative Stark, of Jackson county. He says that he does not think there will be any serious opposition to the bill in either the house or the senate.

LIABILITY BILL ADVERSED.

Four important bills were acted upon by the general judiciary committee No. 2, of the house, Friday.

The fellow servant liability bill was reported upon adversely. The bill aimed to make corporations and companies liable for personal injuries to an employee caused by the negligence of a fellow employee.

The committee acted favorably upon a bill making it a misdemeanor for any person to bring stolen property into the state.

A bill to provide for uniform erection of all telephone and telegraph poles on public highways was reported adversely.

A bill making it a misdemeanor for any person to falsely represent himself as deaf, blind, dumb or lame was reported adversely, because the committee thought such an offense was already covered by the law against cheating and swindling.

DIVORCE BILLS.

The house committee on general judiciary No. 2 decided Friday to refer to a sub-committee all bills dealing with the divorce laws. There have been some twenty such bills dealing with all phases of the divorce laws. The special committee will report some time next week.

Thief Plays Havoc In Residence Where Money Was Scarce

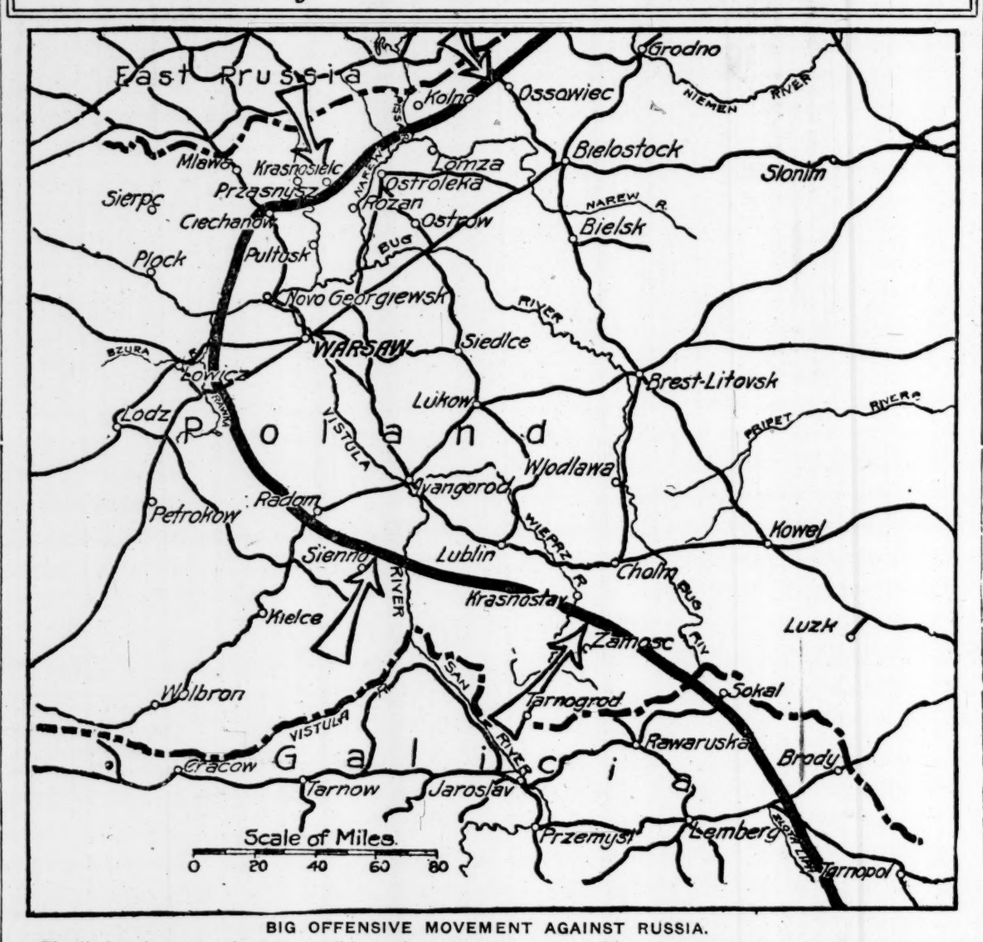
"Lookout, and be sure that you leave more than a fifty-cent piece for these Atlanta burglars when you leave your house unguarded," is the warning sent out by Mrs. S. P. Baldwin, of No. 6 West End avenue, last night, when she returned home about 7 o'clock to find that a burglar had entered her house, ransacked it, and, disappointed at finding only 50 cents, had spilt buttermilk, syrup, chocolate and broken eggs all over the house.

Not satisfied with this he took his razor and ripped the bed linen and dining room linen to small fragments. In the bed room he also ripped the mattresses on the beds.

Mrs. Baldwin left her house about 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon for a walk in West End Park, which is near her home.

Officers Haslett and Evans answered her call for the police.

Millions of Men in Battle on East Front



BIG OFFENSIVE MOVEMENT AGAINST RUSSIA.

The limits of space make it impossible to show the full length of the eastern battle line. It extends to a point far north of Grodno and takes in the Baltic provinces of Russia. Between 6,000,000 and 7,000,000 men are involved. Three main offensive movements are shown, however. The one striking toward Ossowiecz has for its object the Bobr and Vistula. The advance, which has passed south of Prasnysz, has backed the Russians up against the Narew, and a crossing there would give the Germans a chance to cut communications with Warsaw. The third, which is going north between Lublin and Cholm, has also for its object the cutting off of communications with Warsaw by the capture of important railroads. Further to the south is the army of General von Linsingen and the Austrians, which are keeping Bukowina clear for the present.

Teuton Armies Driving Attacks Against Warsaw And Making Some Gains

Advances, However, Are Slight, as the Russian Forces Are Putting Up a Stubborn Defense.

London, July 23.—The Austrians and Germans are driving their attacks against the Russian armies defending Warsaw without let-up, and at some points they report advances.

The attackers are operating, however, through country which the retiring troops have laid waste and where poor roads are little suited for heavy artillery movements necessary for bombardment of the great fortresses that bar the way.

The decisive actions, therefore, are not expected for a few days yet, although the battle between the Vistula and the Bug rivers, where the German field marshal, Von Mackensen's

Continued on Page Three.

"To market, to market To buy a fat pig. Home again, home again Jigety, jig."

Saturday is marketing day in Atlanta.

The buying of foodstuffs is one of the important duties to be attended to.

Atlanta's best groceries and markets have learned by experience that thousands of eyes scan page two of the Saturday Constitution for opportunities to purchase certain articles of food. They tell their story each week on page two in order to reach these thousands of eyes.

Are you, Mr. Merchant, taking advantage of this service and getting your share of the business?

Constitution advertising brings the largest percentage of results because it reaches the people who have money to spend and spend it for dependable merchandise.

Minister Is Charged With Murdering Man Over 45 Years Ago

Rev. W. H. McCart, Accused of Killing Monroe Smith, Jailed in Newton County While Visiting Relatives.

Covington, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Accused of killing Monroe Smith over forty-five years ago, Rev. W. H. McCart is held for trial in the Newton county jail here on a charge of murder.

McCart, who has been living in the west since the killing, was recognized and arrested during a visit to relatives in the western part of Newton county. The accused man became a minister after leaving Georgia. He has an attractive manner and talks interestingly of his travels.

The killing of Smith resulted, it is said, from an alleged attack on Mrs. McCart, mother of the man charged with murder. It is reported that Smith struck Mrs. McCart a day or two before the killing.

The arrest has created a sensation. Older citizens of the county who recall the affair differ somewhat as to details. The tragedy occurred so long ago that few remember the exact circumstances.

BODY OF UNKNOWN WHITE BOY FOUND IN TUGALOO RIVER

Hartwell, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—The body of an unknown white boy about 13 years old with light hair was recovered this morning from the Tugaloo river, about 8 miles from here, by Sheriff A. S. Johnson. The body was unclothed and it is presumed that the youth was drowned while in swimming.

The body was first discovered washed up on a raft by a party of men fishing, who notified the sheriff.

There have been no reports of drownings in the river recently and the sheriff is at a loss as to identifying the body. The boy has probably been dead for about two days.

NOTE HAS FORCE OF ULTIMATUM, EDITORS ASSERT

But Carries No Bellicose Threat — American Press Almost Unit in Indorsing Reply—Very Discordant Note Sounded by Some of the German-American Editors, Who Bitterly Attack President Wilson.

Below will be found the comment of the press of the United States on the American note to Germany. The press is almost a unit in indorsing the note, especially its firmness and its plainness. As The Memphis Commercial-Appeal says, "The note has the force of an ultimatum without bellicose threatening."

A discordant note is sounded by the few German-American papers. One of these, The Illinois Staats-Zeitung, published at Chicago, charges that the United States government "had a secret agreement with England to force a break with Germany," and expresses the hope that "Germany will not blame the people for the present government's action."

Chicago Herald: President Wilson's third note to the German government as the results of its methods of submarine warfare is couched in the language that a self-respecting man uses to a friend whose acts have wronged him and in the language which no intelligent man would resent from a neighbor whose friendship he valued.

St. Louis Republic: The third American note to Berlin leaves nothing to be desired in plainness of speech. In this note speak at once the will, the thought, the heart of America. Come what may, the nation will stand upon it as one man.

Globe-Democrat: The note briefly and succinctly declares that the German position is untenable either in law or in justice. There can be no misunderstanding of this note. It is as plain as a pikestaff.

The Chicago Tribune: The reply of the government to the latest German note appears to be final, so far as the American contentions of law and right are concerned. There can now be no doubt of the duty of press and public and that is to accept the stand taken by the government without cavil or reservation.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: It is a great American charter of rights. It is broader than any specific act or event in the scope of principles it enunciates. It is the declaration representing, to the last word, the sentiment of a free people, who know their rights, have determined to defend them, and though

Continued on Page Five.

TEXT OF AMERICAN NOTE DELIVERED TO GERMANY

Washington, July 24.—Following is the official text of the latest American note to Germany regarding submarine warfare, which was delivered to the foreign office at Berlin today by Ambassador Gerard:

The Secretary of State to Ambassador Gerard.—(Telegram.)—Department of State, Washington, July 21, 1915.—You are instructed to deliver textually the following note to the minister for foreign affairs:

The note of the imperial German government dated the 8th of July, 1915, has received the careful consideration of the government of the United States and it regrets to be obliged to say that it has found it very unsatisfactory, bcause it fails to meet the real differences between the two governments and indicates no way in which the accepted principles of law and humanity may be applied in the grave matter in controversy, but proposes, on the contrary, arrangements for a partial suspension of those principles which virtually set them aside.

Illegality Admitted by Germany.

The government of the United States notes with satisfaction that the imperial German government recognizes without reservation the validity of the principles insisted on in the several communications which this government had addressed to the imperial German government with regard to its announcement of a war zone and the use of submarines against merchantmen on the high seas—the principle that the high seas are free, that the character and cargo of a merchantman must first be ascertained before she can lawfully be seized or destroyed, and that the lives of non-combatants may in no case be put in jeopardy unless the vessel resists or seeks to escape after being summoned to submit to examination; for a belligerent act of retaliation is per se an act beyond the law, and the defense of an act as retaliatory is an admission that it is illegal.

The government of the United States is, however, keenly disappointed to find that the imperial German government regards itself as in large degree exempt from the obligation to observe these principles, even where neutral vessels are concerned, by what it believes the policy and practice of the government of Great Britain to be in the present war with regard to neutral commerce.

German Attack on Britain Irrelevant.

The imperial German government will readily understand that the government of the United States cannot discuss the policy of the government of Great Britain with regard to neutral trade except with that government itself, and that it must regard the conduct of other belligerent governments as irrelevant to any discussion with the imperial German government of what this government regards as grave and unjustifiable violations of the rights of American citizens by German naval commanders.

Illegal and inhuman acts, however justifiable they may be thought to be against an enemy who is believed to have acted in contravention of law and humanity, are manifestly indefensible when they deprive neutrals of their acknowledged rights, particularly when they violate the right to life itself. If the belligerent cannot retaliate against an enemy without injuring the lives of neutrals, as well as their property, humanity, as well as justice and a due regard for the dignity of neutral powers, should dictate that the practice be discontinued. If persisted in it would in such circumstances constitute an unpardonable offense against the sovereignty of the neutral nation affected.

No American Rights Can Be Abated.

The government of the United States is not unmindful of the extraordinary conditions created by this war or of the radical alterations of circumstance and method of attack produced by the use of instrumentalities of naval warfare which the nations of the world cannot have had in view when the existing rules of international law were formulated, and it is ready to make every reasonable allowance for these novel and unexpected aspects of war at sea; but it cannot consent to abate any essential or fundamental right of its people because of a mere alteration of circumstance. The rights of neutrals in time of war are based upon principle, not upon expediency, and the principles are immutable. It is the duty and obligation of belligerents to find a way to adapt the new circumstances to them.

The events of the past two months have clearly indicated that it is possible and practicable to conduct such submarine operations as have characterized the activity of the imperial German navy within the so-called war zone in substantial accord with the accepted practices of regulated warfare. The whole world has looked with interest and increasing satisfaction at the demonstration of that possibility by German naval commanders. It is manifestly possible, therefore, to lift the whole practice of submarine attack above the criticism which it has aroused and remove the chief cause of offense.

Disavowal and Reparation for Lusitania.

In view of the admission of illegality made by the imperial government when it pleaded the right of retaliation in defense of its acts, and in view of the manifest possibility of conforming to the established rules of naval warfare, the government of the United States cannot believe that the imperial government will longer refrain from disavowing the wanton act of its naval commander in sinking the Lusitania or from offering reparation for the American lives lost, so far as reparation can be made for a needless destruction of human life by an illegal act.

The government of the United States, while not indifferent to the friendly spirit in which it is made, cannot accept the suggestion of the imperial German government that certain vessels be designated and agreed upon which shall be free on the seas now illegally proscribed. The very agreement would, by implication, subject other vessels to illegal attack and would be a curtailment and therefore an abandonment of the principles for which this government contends and which in times of calmer counsels every nation would concede as of course.

For the Freedom of the Seas.

The government of the United States and the imperial German government are contending for the same great object, have long stood together in urging the very principles upon which the government of the United States now so solemnly insists. They are both contending for the freedom of the seas. The government of the United States will continue to contend for that freedom, from whatever quarter violated, without compromise and at any cost. It invites the practical co-operation of the imperial German government at this time when co-operation may accomplish most and this great common object be most strikingly and effectively achieved.

The imperial German government expresses the hope that this object may be in some measure accomplished even before the present war ends. It can be. The government of the United States not only feels obliged to insist upon it, by whomsoever violated or ignored, in the protection of its own citizens, but is also deeply interested in seeing it made practicable between the belligerents themselves, and holds itself ready at any time to act as the common friend who may be privileged to suggest a way.

Solemn Warning Given Germany.

In the meantime the very value which this government sets upon the long and unbroken friendship between the people and government of the United States and the people and government of the German nation impels it to press very solemnly upon the imperial German government the necessity for a scrupulous observance of neutral rights in this critical matter. Friendship itself prompts it to say to the imperial government that repetition by the commanders of German naval vessels of acts in contravention of those rights must be regarded by the people and government of the United States, when they affect American citizens, as deliberately unfriendly.

LANSING.

ANOTHER VIOLATION WILL BE REGARDED AS DELIBERATELY UNFRIENDLY ACT

In Official and Diplomatic Quarters the Note Is Regarded as the Strongest and Most Emphatic Pronouncement Yet Made by United States.

UNITED STATES FIGHTS FOR FREEDOM OF SEAS WITHOUT COMPROMISE

And Fight Will Be Continued "At Any Cost." Sinking of the Lusitania Termed a Wanton and Illegal Act, and Germany Is Again Asked for Disavowal and Reparation — Note Concludes With Solemn Warning to Germany Not to Offend Again.

Washington, July 23.—The American note on submarine warfare, presented to Berlin today by Ambassador Gerard, was made public here tonight. It reveals that Germany has been informed it is the intention of the United States to regard as "deliberately unfriendly" any repetition by German naval commanders of acts in contravention of American rights.

The United States announces it will continue to contend for the freedom of the seas, "from whatever quarter violated, without compromise and at any cost."

NOTE REGARDED AS EMPHATIC.

In official and diplomatic quarters the communication was viewed as the strongest and most emphatic pronouncement by the Washington government since the beginning of its correspondence with the European belligerents.

President Wilson returned to Cornish, N. H., tonight.

On the assumption that Germany already has admitted the illegality of her practices by attempting to justify them as retaliatory moves against Great Britain, the United States expresses thet belief that Germany no longer will "refrain from disavowing

Weather Prophecy
FAIR.

Washington Forecast:
Georgia—Fair interior and unsettled on the coast Saturday and Sunday.

Local Report.

Lowest temperature	64
Highest temperature	85
Mean temperature	74
Normal temperature	78
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	0.00
Excess since 1st of month, inches	0.13
Deficiency since January 1, inches	3.23

Reports From Various Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	High.	Rain 24 h'rs Inches.
ATLANTA, clear	78	85	T.00
Birmingham, clear	80	86	.00
Boston, clear	64	70	.00
Buffalo, clear	70	74	.00
Charleston, cldy.	76	84	.02
Chicago, clear	80	82	.00
Denver, clear	82	88	.01
Des Moines, cldy.	78	80	.30
Galveston, pt. cldy.	82	84	.00
Hatteras, cldy.	74	78	.00
Jacksonville, cldy.	78	82	.76
Kansas City, clear	80	84	.60
Knoxville, clear	76	82	.00
Louisville, clear	80	82	.00
Memphis, clear	80	82	.00
Miami, cldy.	80	86	.06
Mobile, clear	84	88	.00
Montgomery, clear	82	88	.00
Nashville, clear	80	82	.00
New Orleans, clear	84	88	.00
New York, clear	64	74	.00
Oklahoma, clear	82	86	.00
Pittsburg, clear	74	78	.00
Raleigh, clear	74	80	.00
San Francisco, clear	60	64	.00
St. Louis, clear	78	82	.00
Salt Lake City, cldy.	84	90	.00
Shreveport, clear	84	86	.00
Spokane, clear	90	92	.00
Tampa, cldy.	76	80	1.82
Toledo, clear	76	80	.00
Vicksburg, clear	82	86	.00
Washington, clear	76	80	.00

C. F. von HERRMANN, Section Director.

OUR QUALITY COUNTS.

BEST SERVICE

No. 10 Cotton Bloom 84c

ROGERS PURE 61 FOOD STORES

Cornfield HAMS 15½c

Nice Lemons, doz. 7c Extra Large, doz. 9c

Sugar, twenty-five pound bag $1.65

Cheese, full cream, pound 21c

Fine Smooth Irish Potatoes Pk. 14½c

BEST HEAD RICE, Lb. 8c

Cornfield Bacon Sliced in Cartons .. 29c

Pimentoes, Small size, 9c Large Size 15c

Sticky Fly Paper, box 28c

Shredded Wheat Biscuit, package 11c

Ridgway's Teas for Iced Tea

Orange Label, ¼ lb. 15c
Orange Label, ½ lb. 30c
Silver Label, ¼ lb. 18c
Silver Label, ½ lb. 35c

Karo Syrup 10c Size .. 8c 25c Size .. 21c

Fruit Jars Pints .. 59c Quarts . 69c Half Gal. 89c

Jello PACKAGE 9c

Blue Ribbon EGGS 17c

Full Cream CHEESE 19c

TOILET PAPER Regal Brand, small rolls, 4¢; large, 7¢ Mt. Vernon Crepe, per roll ..... 6¢

Red Rock Ginger Ale Pints, dozen .. $1.00 Quarts, dozen .. $1.50

Red Wing Grape Juice Individuals 10c ½ Pts. 15c Pints .. 20c Quarts 40c

Better Bread Single Loaf 4c Double Loaf 7c Better Bread

BEST QUALITY

SHOP AT THE NEAREST

MEAT SPECIAL

Fresh Dressed Hens, per lb. 15c
Fresh Dressed Friers, per lb. 20c
Hind Quarter Lamb, per lb. 12½c
Choice Veal Roasts, per lb. ..... 12c to 15c
Prime Beef Rib Roast, per lb. ..... 12½c & 14c
Pork Loin Roast, per lb. .. 17c
Pork Shoulder Roast, per lb. ..... 12½c & 14c

Choice Veal and Lamb Chops, per lb. 15c
Beef, Veal and Lamb Stew, per lb. ..... 7c to 9c

SMOKED MEATS

Regular and Skinned Hams, per lb. 16c
Breakfast Bacon, per lb. ..... 18c & 20c
Picnic Hams, per lb. 12½c
Sliced Hams and Bacon, per lb. 22c
Seasoning Bacon, per lb. 12½c

Kettle Rendered Lard

No. 10 ... $1.20 No. 5 .... 60c No. 3 .... 38c

AT

Buehler Bros.

Packing House Market

119 Whitehall Street

ALL OUR MEATS ARE U. S. INSPECTED
ALWAYS BEST QUALITY AT LOWEST PRICES

CINCINNATI

TWO FAST TRAINS Lv. 7:12 AM., 4:45 PM. L&N

Union Meat Market

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

No. 10 SILVER LEAF LARD---TODAY .. $1.00

We Carry a Full Line of

Fresh Meats and Vegetables

Watermelons on Ice

15-17 West Alabama St.

HUGHEY'S MARKET

115 WHITEHALL ST.

FREE SATURDAY

2 Qts. FRESH SNAP BEANS Free to Every Lady Visiting Our Store Today—Whether You Buy or Not.

Large Size Basket ELBERTA PEACHES Home Grown TOMATOES LARGE BASKET 10c

NEW POTATOES 9c Full 15-Lb. Peck While They Last

WHITE CELERY & LETTUCE 5c

FRESH, SMALL OKRA, 5c Quart

NEW HONEY 12½c Section

HUGHEY'S —115— WHITEHALL

CHICKENS

Fancy Georgia Hens, lb. 15c
Large Frying Chickens, lb. 20c

GOOD EGGS 17½c Dozen

Fresh and Selected.

Fresh Shipment Tennessee Country Cured Hams and Bacon.

Farm Products Company

171 Whitehall Street.

"THE STORE FOR BARGAINS."

No. 10 Silver Leaf Lard 99c

SALT MEAT, lb. 7¾c

Side Meat at 10½c
Best Hams, 15¾c
Sliced Ham, 17½c

CASH GRO. CO. -37- S. Broad

Eat More Fish Now!

Fish is the best food you can eat right now, because---

It is lighter than meat and does not put nearly so great a tax on the digestive organs.

It has all the nourishing qualities of meat, and more; it is both a body and a brain food.

It is cheaper than meat; in fact, there has been no advance in price.

Our Fish Kept Perfectly

The beauty about it is under our system of handling, fish are perfectly kept and are brought to you as fresh as you get them at the coast.

Modern methods of packing and transportation make it possible for us to give you the finest fish any day in the year and---

We GUARANTEE it

Fulton Market

25-27 E. Alabama St.

the wanton act of its naval commander in sinking the Lusitania or from offering reparation for the American lives lost, so far as reparation can be made for a needless destruction of human life by an illegal act."

READY TO ACT AS COMMON FRIEND.

Referring to the German expression of hope in its last note that the freedom of the seas may be established in some measure before the end of the war, the United States declares this object can be accomplished and invites the practical co-operation of Germany. The American government adds, moreover, that it "holds itself ready at any time to act as the common friend who may be privileged to suggest a way," to assist in establishing the freedom of the seas.

The German note of July 8 is declared "very unsatisfactory because it fails to meet the real differences between the two governments and indicates no way in which the accepted principles of laws and humanity may be applied in the grave matter in controversy, but proposes on the contrary arrangements for a partial suspension of those principles which virtually set them aside."

INHUMAN ACTS INDEFENSIBLE.

Contending that "the defense of an act as retaliatory is an admission that it is illegal," the United States then argues that it cannot discuss actions of Great Britain with Germany and it regards as "irrelevant" in the present negotiations mention of the conduct of other belligerents.

"Illegal and inhuman acts," says the note, "however justifiable they may be thought against an enemy who is believed to have acted in contravention of law and humanity, are manifestly indefensible when they deprive neutrals of their acknowledged rights, particularly when they violate the right of life itself."

Pointing out that a belligerent should give up its retaliation measures if unable to conduct them "without injuring the lives of neutrals," the note declares that persistence in such measures under the circumstances would constitute an unpardonable offense against the sovereignty of the neutral nation affected.

AMERICAN RIGHTS MUST BE RESPECTED.

The United States, it is asserted further, "is not unmindful of the extraordinary conditions" created by the present war and "is ready to make every reasonable allowance for these novel and unexpected aspects of war at sea," but cannot consent "to abate any essential or fundamental right of its people because of a mere alteration of circumstance."

The note says that events of the two months clearly indicate that it is "possible and practicable" to conduct submarine operations "in substantial accord with the accepted practices of regulated warfare."

The comment is added that the "whole world has looked with interest and increasing satisfaction" at the demonstration of this fact by German naval commanders, and that it is "manifestly possible to lift the whole practice of submarine attack above the criticism which it has aroused and remove the chief causes of offense."

NOTE DELIVERED TO GERMANY.

Berlin, July 23.—(Via London.)—The new American note to Germany was delivered to the foreign office by Ambassador Gerard at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Ambassador Gerard was closeted with Foreign Minister von Jagow for a half hour. They discussed informally several aspects of the note. The ambassador afterward declined to say anything for publication.

Presentation of the note was an informal ceremony. Ambassador Gerard rolled the document in a copy of an engineering magazine and walked with it in his hand across the square from the embassy to the foreign office, where of late he has been so frequent a visitor that a preliminary appointment scarcely was necessary.

The transmission of the note was accomplished this time without mishap. The last note was delayed several hours in transit.

The few officials of the foreign office who have seen the latest American note concerning Germany's submarine warfare, which was delivered today, asked to be excused from commenting until they had had an opportunity to digest its contents carefuly.

Herr von Jagow, the foreign minister, took the document from American Ambassador Gerard and made a direct report on it to Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial chancellor. The note probably will be published in Germany some time tomorrow. It was sent this afternoon to the foreign office manifolders, who made a number of copies of it. The work of translating it into German then began.

Newspapers here have published the British forecasts on the note, but refrain from commenting until they have received the official text.

COPY OF NOTE FOR BERNSTORFF.

Washington, July 23.—Count Bernstorff, the German ambassador, went to the state department today for his official copy of the new American note to Germany, although he previously had received an unofficial outline of its contents.

The ambassador has had no communication with his foreign office on its view of the note, but his personal view is that the communication will bring a reply, although one may not be made for more than a month. His personal view is that the situation still is left open for amicable adjustment.

Count Bernstorff discussed the note informally with Secretary Lansing. Being without instructions, he made no suggestion as to what course his government would pursue.

In that part of the note which speaks of the "satisfaction" with which the whole world has witnessed the modification of German submarine warfare the ambassador, it is understood, saw an expression that probably would be well received in Germany because it made plain what has hitherto been a subject of doubt, that the United States was not insisting on the complete abandonment by Germany of her submarine warfare.

The object of the ambassador's visit was to discuss in detail the meaning of some of the passages in the note so he might inform his government.

GERMANY TO BE ASKED ABOUT ORDUNA CASE.

Washington, July 23.—The United States will make diplomatic inquiries of Germany regarding the submarine attack on the Cunard liner Orduna at a time when she was bringing a score of Americans home.

A report of an investigation conducted by Customs Collector Malone at New York, presented today to the state department, embracing affidavits of officers, crew and passengers on the liner, contains the sworn statement of at least one American passenger that the ship was attacked without warning.

All officials refused to discuss the report or its contents, but it is known that state department officials did not feel they could address inquiries to Germany on statements made by British passengers alone. Now, in possession of statements by Americans, the United States probably will ask the Berlin foreign office for its version.

It was understood that one of the affidavits was by an American who swears he saw the torpedo pass the stern of the Orduna and that he also saw the shells fired at the ship strike the water. Treasury officials, however, declined to comment on that.

NOTE TO BRITAIN NEARLY READY.

Washington, July 23.—The new American note to Great Britain protesting further against interference with commerce between the United States and neutral nations was almost finished today at a conference between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing. It will go to London probably next week.

The note has been delayed partly because of the president's desire to complete the last German note before taking up the issue with Great Britain, and partly because of developments in the British situation.

GOMPERS INDORSES BRIDGEPORT STRIKE

He Asserts "German Influences" Are at Work, But Not at Bridgeport.

Bridgeport, Conn., July 23.—After a day of conferences with heads of international labor unions here, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, announced tonight that his organization indorsed demands made in the strike in the plants of the Remington Arms and Ammunition company and sub-contractors manufacturing war munitions for the allies. He further announced that he did not refer to Bridgeport in making his statement about "German influences," and that he did not believe the strike leaders had been influenced in any manner.

Gompers gave out the following formal statement tonight:

"The conference, after a thorough discussion of the industrial dispute existing in Bridgeport, has reached the unanimous conclusion that the demands made by the trades primarily interested are reasonable and just, and are, therefore, indorsed, and, if necessary, every possible assistance to secure the demands will be given by the American Federation of Labor."

Of the charge that German funds had influenced the strike, Gompers said:

"The newspapers have exaggerated my remarks somewhat. What I did say was that emissaries of a foreign nation were at work to corrupt seamen and longshoremen to go on strike and refuse to handle all products going to the allies. I made no reference to Bridgeport. I stated that I haven't any hesitancy in believing that the same influences are at work elsewhere and for the same purpose. That statement was made by me before the Bridgeport trouble occurred. When the time shall come for me to speak more definitely I shall do so."

Of a report that a woman had offered him a big sum of money to tie up ammunition manufacturing plants of the United States, Gompers declined to speak, saying it was a matter which might come up in due time.

1,800 LONGSHOREMEN DEMAND MORE MONEY

New York, July 23.—Michael J. Heagan, of the state department of labor, and six representatives of the longshoremen on strike here, conferred today with H. H. Raymond, president of the Clyde Steamship company, on a possible settlement.

There are about 1,800 longshoremen on strike, demanding 33 cents an hour for day work, 50 cents for overtime and 60 cents for Sundays and holidays. The present scale is 30 cents an hour for day work and 35 cents an hour for overtime, Sundays and holidays.

The strikers' committee made no headway toward a settlement at the conference with Mr. Raymond. He told them the company could not afford to even consider paying the wages asked. The strikers, when the committee reported, voted to remain out, and it was stated that efforts would be made to have the longshoremen of the Old Dominion and Savannah lines, about 3,000 in number, join those of the Clyde and Mallory lines.

DESTROYER ERICSSON ALMOST SUNK AT SLIP

Philadelphia, Pa., July 23.—The United States torpedo boat destroyer Ericsson was almost sunk at her slip in the yards of the New York Shipbuilding company at Camden, N. J., Tuesday night by the opening of a sea cock which flooded two compartments of the vessel.

According to a report tonight, the Ericcson's decks were within a few feet of the water when workmen arrived at the yards Wednesday morning. The most powerful pumps obtainable had to be used before the vessel could be pumped clear of the water.

Officials at the yard would not discuss the accident, but it was admitted there that the vessel had been flooded, although it was stated that the water came from a hose. The Ericsson, which recently successfully completed her official trial trip, was said to have been undamaged by the flooding.

The battleship Oklahoma was damaged at the same yard Tuesday night by a mysterious fire.

AUTO GOES OVER BANK; 2 PERSONS LOSE LIVES

Memphis, Tenn., July 23.—Francis L. Bray, aged 21, and Miss May Daly, 22, were killed instantly, when an automobile in which they were riding late last night plunged over a high embankment in Riverside park, near here.

The bodies were not discovered until early today. Bray's neck was broken when he was pinned beneath the car, and Miss Daly was thrown from the car against a tree.

ITALY IS PREPARING FOR WAR WITH TURKEY

Relations Strained and Declaration of Hostilities Expected in Near Future.

Rome, July 23.—(Via Paris.)—Diplomatic relations between Italy and Turkey, already strained, are becoming more tense because of the reported refusal of the Turkish authorities to permit Italian subjects to leave the Ottoman empire. It is believed here that a declaration of war by Italy in the near future is highly probable.

Reports from Cairo that a Turkish-German expedition has landed on Italian territory in Tripoli has aroused the ire of the Italian press.

Rome also has heard that a large number of Italian reservists have been detained at Smyrna on the pretense that passenger traffic has been stopped because of the port being closed, while other Italians are similarly detained at various points in Asia Minor, Syria and Arabia.

Although Italy is at war with Austria, there has been no declaration of hostilities against either Germany or Turkey, the allies of Italy's antagonist. It has been the belief in diplomatic circles that each side is waiting for the other to take the initiative and thus assume the responsibility for extending the scope of the conflict.

CAPTOR IS CAPTURED ERE HE GETS RANSOM

With $6,000 in Gold in Sight, Abductor of Empey Is Taken by Cowboys.

Idaho Falls, Idaho, July 23.—Cowboys late tonight captured the abductor of Ernest Empey, a wealthy rancher kidnaped several days ago and held for $6,000 ransom, according to a report received here. The bandit, it is said, came down from Sheep mountain at nightfall and was taken.

Empey escaped late today as his captor slept in a hut on Sheep mountain, five miles from Empey's ranch, where he had been taken at the point of a rifle. According to a report from Montpelier, Empey recognized his abductor as a man employed on his ranch five years ago.

Six thousand dollars in gold was taken late today to the spot indicated by the abductor for payment tomorrow night for the release of the cattleman.

Cocoanut water has been found in Ceylon to be a valuable coagulant of rubber.

12 Stores—Trade at the Nearest Store

Broyles' Magnolia Flour, highest patent made, 24 pounds ... 83c

Broyles' XXX Self-Rising Flour, none better, 24 pounds ... 87c

No. 10 Pure Lard 99c

Corn Meal Pk. 28c 12 Lbs. to Peck

CREAM CHEESE lb. 19c

BROYLES'

MOTHER SAYS OI BE JOYFUL

Trade at Broyles'

PICNIC HAMS lb. 10c

Fresh Country EGGS Doz. 17½c

Salt Meat lb. 8c

UNCLE SAM BREAD ... 5c A LOAF The Quality Is Supreme

Tip-Top Bread Per Loaf ... 5c

Stone's Cakes Six Varieties 10c

YOU'LL FIND IT AT Kamper's

492-498 Peachtree Street
Phone Ivy 5000

Nothing Better Than KAMPER'S ICE COLD Watermelons

Cold to the Core

25c—30c—35c

Extra Fine Ga. Grapes

Luty's, Qt. Basket 10c
Niagara, Qt. Basket 15c
Delaware, Qt. Basket 15c

Fresh Telephone Peas, Qt. 10c
Red Crisp Radishes, Bunch 5c
Red June Apples, Basket 15c
Crab Apples, Basket 15c

At Our Delicatessen

Dixie Stuffed Bell Peppers, Jar 23c—2 for 45c—6 for $1.25
Our Own Deviled Crabs in shells—3 for 25c—12 for 75c
Our Own Chicken and Tomato Aspic Jelly ..... 15c each
Our Own Codfish Cakes, per doz 30c

IN THE MARKET

Pot Roast, per lb. 17 1-2c
Leg o' Lamb, per lb. 22 1-2c
Our Own FRESHLY dressed Chickens, each 21c, 25c, 36c, 50c

Try BLOCK'S CREMONA CREAMS AND GRAHAM CREAMS

AKIN'S

Ivy 4100 497 Peachtree

SPECIALS

Best RIPE OLIVES, can 15c
CRANBERRY POWDER, for Sauce and Jelly 10c
SIBERIAN CRABS, make jelly with a flavor approached by no other fruit, basket 25c
LeCONTE PEARS, for preserving, peck 40c
Fresh, cold MELONS ..... 25c to 40c
NEW YAMS, peck 60c
ALES, MINERAL WATERS. Our stock is complete.
OUR OWN BAKED, Ham, bone out, pound 60c
Beef Loaf, pound 40c
EVERYTHING THAT'S GOOD TO EAT.

Tip-Top Bread 5c Per Loaf

Stone's Cakes 10c —Six Varieties—

Block's Kennesaw Biscuits & Other Crackers In 5c and 10c Pkgs.

BLOCK'S CREMONA CREAMS DELICIOUS CHOCOLATE CAKES

DRESSED HENS, HENS, HENS CORN FED HENS Pound 15½c

DRESSED FRYING CHICKENS Pound 25c

Highs

SPECIALS FOR TODAY SATURDAY, JULY 24th

COOKED BRAINS 2 Sets to Can Today 15c

CORNED BEEF HASH 15c 25c Cans Today

RIPE ROCKYFORD CANTALOUPES Sweet As Sugar 6 For 25c

FANCY GOLDEN LEMONS VERY JUICY Dozen 10c

BIG WHITE COBBLER IRISH POTATOES Peck 17c Don't Pay More

ARMOUR'S GRAPE JUICE Quarts .. 31c Pints ... 18c Buy a Dozen Today

WAS-COTT GINGER ALE Worth 15c Any Day Today 3 Bottles 25c

FANCY RED SALMON 20c Value, 2 Cans 25c "R. E. LEE" BRAND

BLUE SEA TUNA FISH 15c Cans . 10c 25c Cans . 17c Buy by the Dozen

Eartow County Water Ground MEAL Peck 29c

STANDARD GRANULATED SUGAR 17 Pounds $1.00 With 1-lb. Tetley's Tea 80c Total .. $ .80 Choice Orange, Pekoe or Buff Label

OLIVES Stuffed or Plain 10c Bottles 7 1-2c 35c Bottles . 19c 40c Bottles . 25c Bulk, Quart 38c

QUAKER CORN FLAKES Worth 10c, Today 5c Package

SLICED BACON As Sweet As Sugar Try It Today, lb. 23c

RexHams, Pound .. 16½c

After 5 O'clock We Will Sell Fresh COUNTRY EGGS Dozen 15c None Delivered

HONEY-BEE MILK 3 Cans Baby Size 10c 2 Cans Tall Size ... 15c

Fancy Celery 5c Iceberg Lettuce 10c Sweet Potatoes, One-Half Peck ... 30c Big Peppers, Dozen 25c Onions, Quart .. 5c Egg Plants ... 10c

After 5 O'clock We Will Sell 2 Cans Potted Meats ... 5c

10c Jars Peanut Butter 6c

No Salad Course Complete Without Block's Saltines

Tip-Top Bread 5c Per Loaf

Stone's Cakes 10c —6 Varieties—

Jones' Cash Store

124 Whitehall St.

No. 10 Silver Leaf 99c
No. 10 Pure Lard 98c
No. 10 Cotton Bloom 84c
24 pounds Dolly Varden 82c
24 pounds Best Self-Rising 86c
Pecans, 80c kind, 5 pounds for $1.25
Spring Lamb Hindquarters 9½c
Regular Ham 15½c
Sliced Ham or Bacon 22c
White Side Meat 11½c

Tip-Top Bread 5c per Loaf

Stone's Cakes 10c —6 Varieties—

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"Cheon" for Iced Tea.

A Good Coffee, lb. . . 12½¢
High Grade, lb. . . . . 25¢
Special, lb. . . . . 30¢
Java & Mocha, lb. . . . . 40¢

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 60c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

LAST DITCH FIGHT TO KEEP C. BECKER FROM DEATH CHAIR

Condemned Man's Attorneys Secure Order Requiring State to Show Why a New Trial Should Not Be Granted.

BLAME FOR THE MURDER SHIFTED TO SULLIVAN

Attorneys Allege That Becker Has Placed Own Foot on Scaffold by Keeping Promise to Shield the Late New York Leader.

New York, July 23.—An order directing the state to show cause why a motion for a new trial should not be granted to Charles Becker, sentenced to die Wednesday, was signed by Supreme Court Justice Philbin here today. The order is returnable Monday, in the supreme court before Justice Ford. District Attorney Charles A. Perkins will oppose the motion.

The last effort to save the life of the former police lieutenant, twice convicted for instigating the murder of Herman Rosenthal, was made by W. Bourke Cockran, his chief counsel, who placed before Justice Philbin affidavits and what he said was newly discovered evidence.

Becker Willing to Be Quizzed.

Stating that by his silence in keeping a promise to shield the late Timothy D. Sullivan, Becker "has placed his own foot on the scaffold," Cockran declared that Becker was willing to face a cross-examination without any limitations or imposing any conditions.

In the petition are affidavits from three attorneys associated at various times with Becker's defense, which show that they never had known of Sullivan's interest in Rosenthal, as revealed in Becker's appeal to Governor Whitman and later substantiated by Harry Applebaum, Sullivan's secretary.

An affidavit from Rev. James B. Curry, who frequently saw Becker in the Tombs, is embodied in the papers. Father Curry swore that two years ago Becker confided to him the same story he gave out in his appeal to the governor. Father Curry said he tried to persuade Becker to tell his counsel about Sullivan, but he refused.

Jack Rose's Statement.

Jack Rose's statement confirming Becker's story about meeting Sullivan and Applebaum at the Circle theater 24 hours before the murder of Rosenthal, is in the new evidence. Rose, detailing his movements, in the two Becker trials never mentioned this, but testified that at the time he was asleep in his home.

Cockran said as Sullivan made no affidavit before he died he would ask Justice Ford to cite Harry Applebaum so that he may be questioned as to the bribery fund Becker said was collected to spirit Rosenthal from the jurisdiction of the state

Edward Ginty, formerly a deputy sheriff, in an affidavit, says that Rose told him that Rosenthal should not have been killed and that he had $5,000 to give the gambler to leave town.

Benjamin H. Kaufmann made an affidavit that he had been with Rosenthal on the night before the shooting and that Rosenthal told him that the next day he would have $15,000 and was going away.

Says Becker Was "Framed Up."

In another affidavit Louis Harris, a gambler, said that Rose confided to him that Becker was "framed up." Harris swore that Rose said to him that he had framed Becker because "Whitman wanted some one" and that he "gave him Becker."

A letter from Joseph Murphy, a prisoner in the Tombs in July, 1912, says he heard Webber, Rose and Vallon in cells adjoining, conspiring to "frame" Becker.

Another letter is from Harford T. Marshal, Bridgie Webber's attorney. Marshall says he refused to act as counsel for Webber when Webber informed him that Becker was innocent and that they had to "frame him" to save themselves.

An affidavit by Becker is embodied in the petition. In it the former police lieutenant says that there was abundant evidence in the district attorney's office as to the guilt of Rose, Vallon and Webber and claim that now he cannot get an unprejudiced review of his case by the governor, for the man who prosecuted him is now the chief executive.

MRS. CARROLL LOSES POLICE COURT FIGHT

The trial of Mrs. B. E. Carroll, of 62 Walton street, a boarding house, which has occupied the attention of Recorder George E. Johnson for a week, beginning last Saturday, and having four afternoon sessions this week, was ended last night when Judge Johnson announced he would bind Mrs. Carroll over on the specific charge of running a disorderly house.

Dr. Horace Grant, a well-known renting agent, testified that No. 62 Walton was the worst disorderly house that had ever existed in Atlanta, even When the "red light" district was open.

Mrs. Carroll's bond was not assessed last night by Judge Johnson, postponement being made today, when the lawyers stated to the court that they were not prepared to give bond, having expected an acquittal at the hands of the court. Judge Johnson will assess her bond today.

General Salazar in Pen.

Santa Fe, N. M., July 23.—General Jose Ynez Salazar today was placed in the New Mexico penitentiary here. It is stated that in addition to the perjury charge on which he is held, he may be charged with conspiracy to liberate himself.

TEUTONS ARE DRIVING AT POLISH CAPITAL

Continued From Page One.

army is advancing toward the Lublin-Chelm railroad, has about reached a climax. Here the Germans claim to have broken the obstinate resistance of the Russians at several points.

RUSSIANS HOLD STRONG POSITIONS.

The Russians, however, have had lots of time to prepare defensive positions, and it is believed they will make every effort to hold them until, if necessary, their army retires from Warsaw. South of Warsaw, in front of Ivangorod, the Russians have retired to the Vistula river, which, with its forts and no bridges, it is believed, must form a barrier the Austrians and Germans will find difficult to overcome.

The northern Germany army, under Von Hindenburg, also is reported to have made progress, but it is stated that it has not yet crossed the Narew river, another natural defense of the Russian triangle behind the Polish capital. In fact, all along this front the Russians have resumed counter attacks from Novogeorgievsk, but these, the Germans say, failed. Before Rozan, another river fortress, the Germans declare they have taken two fortified villages and captured prisoners.

Opinion here is divided as to whether Grand Duke Nicholas will accept a decisive battle or simply is trying to inflict as heavy losses on the enemy as is possible before withdrawing from Warsaw and the whole Polish salient to Brest Litovsk and the Bug river line.

HARD FIGHTING ON WEST FRONT.

Severe fighting continues in the west. It is reported unofficially that the Germans are massing troops at St. Mihiel, but official communications indicate no serious engagement yet. That the Germans will attack here is considered likely by the military observers, who asserts that the German crown prince's recent activity shows they hope to weaken the French hold on Verdun.

In the Austro-Italian theater the Italians claim to be meeting with success in their campaign along the Isonzo front, but Vienna disputes this. On the Carso front Rome says an energetic counter offensive against an Austrian attack ended in a break down for the Austrians, who lost 1,500 prisoners.

RUSSIANS FIGHT ON THREE FRONTS.

Petrograd, July 23.—(Via London.)—Field Marshal von Mackensen, operating between the Bug and the Vistula, continues his sledge-hammer blows against the Cholm-Lublin line of the Russians, directing them now particularly against Lublin. His immediate objectives are Belzyce, Travnikl, Vosslavitze and Grubechow.

Of only slightly less importance in this region are the battles on the Bug between Krylow and Dobrotovra. West of Warsaw the Russians have moved back to their second line at Blonie and Nadarzyn and in front of Ivangorod. These positions are regarded as the strongest in the Russian line. The Germans assaulted them furiously in two former campaigns, but were unable to breach them.

To the northward battles are raging at Noro Georgievsk and along the entire Narew line, which embraced Pultusk and Rozan, commanding the crossing in the bend of the river, Ostrolenka and Lomza.

On the Niemen front the fighting is concentrated at Koslovaruda, southwest of Kovno, on the railroad to Gumbinnen.

In the Baltic region the Germans are seeking battle with the Russians' main forces between Mitau and Shavli.

The Germans appear to be closely coordinating these separate movements. The general battle on the three fronts near Warsaw is regarded by Russian military critics as the most important of any struggle heretofore in the east. They compare the entire circumscribed region to a great fortress.

The central idea of the German campaign is assumed to be to get control of the Vistula line. With this strong natural barrier adequately fortified, military critics say, Germany might hope to keep Russia in check with comparatively small forces and then throw her entire weight against France.

BATTLE GROWS MORE FURIOUS.

Petrograd, July 23.—(11 p. m., via London, July 24, 3:42 a. m.)—The three front battle for Warsaw is growing more furious. On July 22 the Germans smashed the entanglements at Gniewoszew, 6 miles southwest of Ivangorod, but a determined counter-attack is said to have hurled them back with heavy losses.

On July 21 the Germans in the center of the Lublin-Chelm line suffered cruelly in assaults on the Piaski, Voislavitze and Grubechow positions. They occupied Russian trenches over a wide front and proceeded to advance northward of the Voislavitze, but it is stated, the Russians that night drove them back with much loss, taking 500 prisoners.

The Germans July 22 regained some of the ground thus lost. The battle in the Chelm region has proceeded for ten days with unabated fury, though the Russians claim the Germans have been greatly weakened and that they are approaching the limit of endurance. The Germans are reported to have abandoned attacks in the direction of Rejovetz.

On the river Bug, in the region of Sokal, the Russians continue meeting offensive with offensive. On the night before July 22, dispatches say, they seized several lines of German trenches, and on the 22d drove the Teutons to the outskirts of Sokal. In a counter-attack the Austrians surrendered remnants of the Tenth Jaegar battalion with its commander. On the afternoon of the 21st the Austro-German forces occupied Dobrotovra, but were driven out in the evening, leaving several hundred prisoners.

The fight for Rozan and a crossing of the Narew continues with unabated fury.

Meanwhile the Germans have begun active operations east of Rossieny, which is taken as additional evidence of a German effort to dove-tail all operations in the east.

FRENCH FAIL, GERMANS SAY.

Berlin, July 23.—(Via London.)—The war office statement today says:

"Western theater:

"Hand grenade attacks of the enemy north and northwest of Souchez were repulsed. In the Champagne district we successfully blew up several mines and occupied the borders of the openings thus made.

"In the forest of Le Pretre a French night attack failed. In the Vosges fighting is proceeding. An enemy attack against the Lingekopf-Barrenkopf line north of Muenster was repulsed after severe fighting at close quarters. We captured two officers and sixty-four Alpine troops.

"A French attack against Reichackerkopf also was unsuccessful. Near Metzeral we ejected the French from their advanced positions which, according to our plan, we evacuated in order to avoid losses.

"As a reprisal for the repeated bombardment of Thiaucourt and other places between the Meuse and the Moselle our artillery yesterday bombarded Pont-a-Moussons. Our airmen dropped bombs on the railway triangle at St. Hilaire in Champagne, and forced the airmen of the enemy to retreat. The barracks at Gerardmor also was bombarded. In an aerial flight over Conflans we destroyed a battle aeroplane fo the enemy.

"Eastern theater:

"In Courland there is continual fighting. We are pursuing eastwards the retreating Russians. Yesterday we captured three machine guns and many munition cars and field kitchens.

"Our troops advanced closer to the Narew bridgehead position. Before Rozan we stormed at the point of the bayonet the village of Miluny and the fortification at Izygl. At the latter place we captured 250 prisoners. Night sorties from Novogeorgievsk failed.

"Southeastern theater:

"The west bank of the Vistula was cleared of the enemy from Janowiec west of Kazmierz to Granica. In the wooded ground southeast of Kozienca fighting is proceeding with Russian rear guards.

"Between the Vistula and the Bug the Teutonic allies succeeded in breaking the obstinate resistance of the enemy at several points, and forced the Russians to retreat.

"Lingekopf and Barrenkopf are three and four kilometers, respectively, north of Muenster. Grania is ten kilometers south of Ivangorod."

HARD FIGHTING IN SOUTH POLAND.

Vienna, July 23.—(Via London.)—An official communication issued today says:

"The fighting in south Poland, in Volhynia and on the Upper Bug river continues. The enemy sent strong forces against the Bug from Kamionka Strumiliowa and Krystynopol to Sokal, where we have established some bridgehead positions on the east bank.

"The enemy advanced at some points to within three hundred paces of our trenches and at other points there was hand-to-hand fighting. The Russians were everywhere repulsed with heavy losses.

"Southeast of Sokal a battalion of field chasseurs captured three officers and 342 men.

"Northeast of Grubechow the German forces have made important progress between the Bystritza and Vistula rivers. Archduke Joseph Ferdinand's army has repulsed the enemy at Belzyce and across the Wronow river.

"West of the Vistula from the south of the Pilica and up the river the allies have advanced to the Vistula girdle of Ivangorod.

"Near Kozienice (sixty-five miles northwest of Sandomierz) our troops had an engagement with Russian rear guards.

"On the other parts of the front, the situation is unchanged."

RUSSIANS SHOW GREAT BRAVERY.

Berlin, July 23.—(Via London.)—A Vienna dispatch to The National Zeitung says the final Russian attempt to stop the Teutonic advance in the critical battle south of the Lublin-Cholm railroad, southeast of Warsaw, has failed.

The Russian southwestern front is seriously menaced, the dispatch declares. The railroad line running through Ivangorod, Lublin and Cholm now is only a few miles north of the Teutonic lines, and capture of Lublin and Cholm is said to be a question of only a brief time.

The correspondent of The National Zeitung at Tarnow, Galicia, while reporting that the Austro-German forces are advancing steadily, points out that there are many difficulties. He says the Russians have to contend with a lack of ammunition, but the statement that their morale is shattered is untrue. They are displaying the greatest bravery and endurance, and only in the case of contingents without higher officers do they surrender readily.

At Krasnostat, 34 miles south of Lublin, there occurred an engagement at close quarters which was unusually desperate and deadly. The Russians awaited their attacking opponents and resisted them with the bayonet. They had assembled strong reserves. It was necessary literally to throw the Russians from their trenches.

Lack of good roads in Poland presents another disadvantage for the invaders. Deep sand makes army movements slow. Ten to twelve teams of horses must be utilized to draw heavy guns.

Bitter rear guard conflicts mark the slow retirement of the Russians in south Poland. They give way only one step at a time. The correspondent says their achievements, in view of their lack of ammunition, are remarkable.

FRENCH REPULSE GERMAN ATTACKS.

Paris, July 23.—(Via London.)—Tonight's war office statement said:

"Today was comparatively quiet along the whole front.

"In Artois there was the usual artillery activity on both sides.

"Some shells were fired on the suburbs of Soissons and on Rheims.

"In the forest of Le Pretre in the course of last night we regained a footing in the line of trenches previously lost. Two German counter attacks were repulsed with considerable losses to the enemy.

"One of our flying squadrons employed on bombardment duties yesterday evening dropped 28 shells on the railway station at Conflans, in Jarnisy, and forced two German aeroplanes to alight in their lines."

Liner Cymric Sails

New York, July 23.—The White Star liner Cymric sailed for Liverpool today with a 15,000-ton cargo and 52 cabin and 120 steerage passengers. Only one of the passengers is an American. The big cargo includes war supplies for Great Britain.

ITALIANS GAINING ON ISONZO FRONT

Success of Invaders Becoming Clearly Apparent--Italian Guns Mow Down Austrian Columns.

Rome, July 23.—(Via London, July 24, 12:29 a. m.)—This official communication was issued today:

"The battle continues along the whole of the Isonzo front and the success of our armies is constantly becoming more clearly apparent.

"In the Monte Nero sector our Alpine troops have begun an advance along the difficult Muzkica ridge. The enemy offered vigorous resistance, but our troops succeeded in wresting from him some of his most advanced points, inflicting heavy losses.

"Our slow progress continues on the front of Plava and Gorizia. Further entrenchments have been carried here and war material captured.

"There was heavy fighting on the Carso front the night of the 22d and the following day. The enemy, after violent artillery preparations and being reinforced, threw dense masses against our front, particularly on our left. Our first line, despite a previous long struggle, succeeded in arresting the shock and the subsequent arrival of our own reinforcements enabled us to make an energetic counter offensive which ended in a veritable debacle for the enemy.

"Our gunners mowed down the hostile columns, while our infantry attacked at close quarters and by an enveloping movement captured 1,500 prisoners, including 76 officers. The battlefield was covered with dead."

ITALIANS REPULSED, AUSTRIANS REPORT.

Vienna, July 23.—(Via London.)—The Austrian war office tonight issued the following in regard to operations on the Italian front:

"The battle near Gorizia continues. The Italians yesterday bombarded moderately the bridgehead of Gorizia. The attack on Monte Sabotino was repulsed and our troops regained, without exception, their original positions at the bridgehead. During the repulse of numerous hostile attacks the Dalmatian landwehr again particularly distinguished themselves.

"Fighting continued on the edge of the Doberdo plateau. Last night the Italians thrice attacked the Peteano-Sdraussina sector. All the attacks were repulsed.

"A hostile attempt to advance upon our trenches between Sdraussina and Polazzo was unsuccessful. The last hostile attacks near Selz and Vermegliano against Monte Corisch were in vain.

"In the middle Isonzo there were only artillery engagements. In the Krn region our troops yesterday and last night and again today repulsed attacks.

"Nothing of importance has occurred in the Carnia-Tyrolean frontier regions. Night attacks by Italians on Monte Piano miscarried. Artillery firing continues at several points."

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Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the instant relief of painful smarting, tender, nervous feet. It takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Simply shake the contents of one of the small envelopes in each shoe. Over 100,000 packages are being used by the German and Allied troops at the front. Sold everywhere, 25c.

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Orduna, - - - Sat. Aug. 21, 10 A.M.
*Tuscania, - Fri., Aug. 27, 5 P.M.
Saxonia, - - Sat. Sept. 4, 10 A.M.
*Cameronia, - Fri., Sept. 10, 5 P.M.
Orduna, - - - Sat., Sept. 18, 10 A.M.
*Tuscania, - Fri., Sept. 24, 10 A.M.

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Choice of these fine new shirts in all styles and materials at these money-saving prices.

$1.50 Shirts for . . . **$1.15**
$2.50 Shirts for . . . **$1.65**
$2.00 Shirts for . . . **$1.35**
$3.00 Shirts for . . . **$1.95**

All other grades in same proportion.

Summer Shoes Cut Deep

Nettleton and Howard & Foster make the best shoes in the world---ask any man who has worn them. Look what you now save:

$3.50 Shoes for . . . **$2.95**
$5.00 Shoes for . . . **$3.95**
$4.00 Shoes for . . . **$3.15**
$6.00 Shoes for . . . **$4.85**

Includes Palm Beach and White Canvas

Straw and Panama Hats ⅓ Off

All these fine stylish hats have been cut one-third giving the best values for the good kind.

$1.00 Hats now **65c**
$2.00 Hats now **$1.35**
$3.00 Hats now **$2.00**
$1.50 Hats now **$1.00**
$2.50 Hats now **$1.65**
$4.00 Hats now **$2.65**

Higher grades at same cut.

Saturday is our busy day and we are ready to serve you well---extra sales force and open at night to meet your convenience.

Daniel Bros. Co.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

Atlanta New York Paris

During the Summer the Store Closes Saturdays at 1 o'Clock

A Distinguished Little Group of

Hats For Early Fall

The Most Charming Models Immaginable

An air of freshness and newness permeates the Millinery Section.

A just-arrived group of fall hats brings into prominence those elements of fashion that you are going to hear more about—quite a bit more—as the season grows older.

We speak of

The Silk and Panne Combinations, The Silk and Plush Combinations

in black, black-and-white and crow blue.

But the point you are going to notice at once is the chaste grace of line, the unusual trimness and smartness of the tailored hats which extends not only to the lines of the "shape" but to the bows and the wings and feathers. Everything looks so **neat**—the small hats, the hats of medium size, the large sailors.

They Are Priced At $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, $12.50, $13.00 to $15.00

Seeking something different? Your quest should begin and end right here.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

Society

SUMMER SOCIAL LIFE CENTERS AT THE CLUBS

The summer social life, which centers almost entirely at the several clubs, will have a feature of special brilliance in the dinner-dance announced for next Wednesday night on the roof of the Capital City club.

There has been nothing more enjoyable among the summer entertainments than the roof garden parties three times a week, and elaborate decoration, special music, souvenirs and a special menu will distinguish the Chinese evening.

The week-end gayeties at the clubs will include the usual tea-dance at Druid Hills club this afternoon, the tea and dinner-dance from 5:30 to 12 this evening at East Lake and music tomorrow evening at East Lake from 5:30 to 8:30.

With the mid-week dinner-dance at East Lake changed to Thursday nights, informal dinner-dances are now provided for at one of the clubs every night in the week except Tuesday, and tea-dances on Wednesday at the Driving club and Saturday at Druid Hills and East Lake.

Misses Hurt's House Party.

One of the most enjoyable affairs of the past week was the week-end visit by a party of Atlantans as the guests of Misses Georgia and Clarice Hurt at their home in Hiram, Ga. Miss Bessie Hurt was hostess at a large party for the visitors Saturday evening. The Misses Hurt and their guests, with a number of other young people, spent Sunday at an all-day singing out from Hiram. The guests included Miss Mollie Maddox, of Powder Springs, Ga.; Misses Bertha Crowell and Lucille Callahan, Messrs. R. B. Clark, R. J. Miller, A. V. Bolsius, J. W. McCann and Blakely Swint, all of Atlanta.

Children's "Movies."

The program this morning at the Grand, which consists of specially censored pictures for children, offers a variety of subjects. The feature of the morning is "The Hoosier Schoolmaster," the masterpiece of Eggleston, the famous writer.

"Little Billy's City Cousin," a children's comedy; "When Charley Was a Child;" "Dance of the Malays;" "Cruise Off Florida Keys" and a very pretty scene called "An Intimate Knowledge of Birds." These bird studies always please the young people, therefore the committee in charge makes an effort to get nature studies. The number of adults in the audiences on Saturday mornings, besides the many hundred little ones who come, is sufficient evidence that "Children's Movies" are to be a permanent fixture in this city. It is suggested that the children be in their seats, if possible, at 9 o'clock, as it sometimes happens when the program is long that the first reels are not repeated, and all pictures shown are worth seeing.

Only one more week remains for the prize contest. On the first Saturday in August the attractive red auto on display at the Grand will be awarded to the girl or boy who has sent in the best story entitled, "Children's Movies, Why I Like Them and Want Them to Stay in Atlanta." Children 16 and under are eligible to enter the contest. Send the story, with your name, age and address, to "Contest Judges," 66 Moreland avenue.

Mrs. Pearson to Sing.

Mrs. Frank Pearson will sing the offertory on Sunday morning at the Second Baptist church. There will be a special service, the last at which Dr. John E. White will officiate, and the musical feature by Mrs. Pearson will be an appropriate incident, since she was for eleven years soprano soloist of the choir.

To Mr. Paxon.

Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Connally entertained at luncheon Thursday, the occasion to celebrate the birthday of Mr. Frederic Paxon. Besides Mr. and Mrs. Paxon, the guests included Dr. and Mrs. John E. White, Mr. and Mrs. Elijah Brown, Miss Cora Brown, Miss Sallie Eugenia Brown and Mr. and Mrs. John S. Spalding.

The same evening Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Harman entertained at dinner for Mr. Paxon, his Sunday school class of a hundred and twenty-five members calling later in the evening to congratulate him. A watermelon cutting was one of the features of the evening's pleasures.

Sullivan-Davidson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Sullivan announce the marriage of their daughter, Gertrude, to Mr. Louis Davidson, July 17. They are spending a few days at the home of Mr. Davidson's parents in Cleveland, Ga.

To the General Assembly.

Governor and Mrs. Harris have issued invitations for a reception to the general assembly of Georgia, on Wednesday evening, July 28, at 8 o'clock, at the executive mansion.

To Mrs. Cheatham.

A happy occasion yesterday was the afternoon tea given by Mrs. B. M. Blount for her daughter, Mrs. Elliott Cheatham, of Washington city. One hundred ladies called and a delightful hospitality was extended them.

All the bright color and variety of the mid-summer flower garden was expressed in the decorations, yellow blossoms prevailing in the reception rooms, and pink the decorative theme in the dining room.

The tea table centerpiece was of gladoli, and dainty detail of color was pink.

Mrs. Blount was gowned in white lace combined with white satin charmeuse. Mrs. Cheatham wore a becoming white gown of lace and chiffon. Mrs. Duncan wore pink taffeta and lace, and Miss Caroline Blount wore a girlish costume in pink taffeta.

Assisting in entertaining were Mrs. Ernest Duncan, Mrs. W. C. Rawson, Mrs. Logan Bleckley, Mrs. Hamilton Block, Mrs. H. Clay Moore, Mrs. Nutting, Miss Nutting, Miss Leila Ponder and Miss Katherine Bleckley.

Miss Rutherford Entertained

Miss Mildred Rutherford, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Lipscomb, at Tallulah Falls, was with friends in Clarkesville Tuesday and Wednesday. On Tuesday evening she gave a costumed lecture on "The Old South." Miss Rutherford was a guest at the home of the Misses Sutton. On Tuesday afternoon Mrs. John Lambert and Miss Cora Lambert entertained in her honor with a charming al fresco tea. The guests were the ladies of the U. D. C. Mrs. Lambert and her beautiful daughter were assisted in receiving by their house guests, Mrs. Robert Davis, of Toccoa, and Miss Floy Shannon, of Atlanta, and by the Lucy Cobb alumni living in Clarkesville.

On Wednesday morning Mrs. J. K. Burns and Miss Pauline Burns entertained Miss Rutherford at an elegantly appointed luncheon at their spacious and attractive home. Those enjoying their gracious hospitality were the guest of honor, Miss Rutherford; Miss Anna Sutton, prominent in U. D. C. circles; Miss Floy Shannon, of Atlanta; Mrs. Robert Davis, of Toccoa; Miss Eunice Asbury and Miss Cora Lambert, of Clarkesville; Misses Parna and Mary Hill, of Athens.

After the luncheon Miss Burns and Mr. John Burns motored down to Cornelia with several guests and Miss Rutherford, who was to take the train to Athens.

To Mrs. Cocke.

Mrs. Lucien Cocke, of Roanoke, Va., will be the honor guest in Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Smith's party at the dinner-dance tonight at the Driving club, and today Mrs. George Traylor will entertain informally at luncheon. Last night she was the charming center of a party entertained by Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Norris on the roof garden at the Capital City club.

Mrs. Cocke is the guest for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Howell.

To Mrs. Gilbert.

Mrs. Hub Huddleston entertained at a card party last evening in honor of Mrs. Charles Philip Gilbert, whose marriage was a bright social event of June.

Mrs. Byron Bettis will entertain at an automobile party Tuesday in her honor, the guests to include the members of the 1913 Embroidery club and their husbands.

Others of the party will include Mr. and Mrs. Frank Burford, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Frank Adair and Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Mysheall. Next week Mrs. Robert Beth, Mrs. J. H. Newton, Mrs. E. L. Westmoreland, Mrs. B. D. Gunton, Miss Annie May Jenkins, Mrs. Marvin Conway, Mrs. Frank Adair, Mrs. Hattie Sewell Sanders, Mrs. G. D. Dorman will be among those to entertain for Mrs. Gilbert.

Heart-Dice Party.

Mrs. J. D. Brown entertained her club at heart-dice in her apartments on Baker street Wednesday afternoon. High score was made by Miss Pauline Guerin and Miss Sara Ray presided at the punch bowl.

The guests included Mrs. Harry Brown, Mrs. Oscar Bohanon, Mrs. Carl Combs, Mrs. L. C. Holsenback, Mrs. P. H. Britt, Mrs. L. P. Suddath, Mrs. Robert Guerin, Mrs. F. L. Quillian, Mrs. Edward Gramling, Miss Sara Ray, Miss Pauline Guerin and Mrs. J. D. Brown.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Miss Sarah Alston has returned home from a delightful visit to relatives in south Georgia. While in Dublin she was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Stevens, after which she visited Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Rowe, also visited Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Burney in Cochran. Miss Alston will spend the week-end in Atlanta with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Alston.

***

Mrs. W. A. McWhorter and Mrs. Sam C. Watkins, of Atlanta, are being delightfully entertained while in Asheville, N. C. Mrs. J. C. Donald gave them a luncheon at Grove Park inn last Monday. There were eight in the party. Several motor trips have been given in their honor to points of interest.

***

Mrs. John Evins and Miss May Evins are at the Battery Park, Asheville.

***

Mrs. Philip G. Keeney, Miss Lucille LaHatte and Miss Katherine Brady leave today for St. Simons.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Willet will motor today to White Sulphur Springs for the week-end. Mrs. Z. L. Fitzpatrick, of Thomasville, will accompany them, remaining at White Sulphur until Wednesday, when she returns to Atlanta.

***

Mrs. J. B. Hockaday has returned from Wrightsville Beach.

***

Miss Hattie Dunlap, of 129 East Pine street, leaves town this morning for Washington Springs, Va., where she will pass the rest of the summer with her sister, Miss Ellie Dunlap.

***

Mrs. Jack Snelling is convalescing after an illness of several weeks.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Wylie Ernest Williams announce the birth of a son on July 17, who is to be called Wylie Ernest, Jr.

***

Miss Ella Cliff Kiser and Miss Evelyn Brazell left Thursday evening for Wrightsville Beach, chaperoned by Miss Birdie Hopson.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Albon Reed, of Athens, are the guests of Mrs. Reed's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Barney Kiser, on Spring street.

***

Miss Emily Cassin, who is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Roach Straton in Norfolk, will go with them next week to Chicago and other points west.

***

Mrs. Robert L. Burel and Miss Nona Burel, of Memphis, are the guests of Mrs. W. L. Burel and Mrs. McAfee.

***

Mrs. James D. Clark, of Tampa, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Sharp.

***

Miss Frances Clarke is expected home next week from New York.

***

Mrs. John W. Adams, of Waycross, Ga., is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. R. H. Daniel.

***

Mrs. J. W. Fielder and Miss Aline Fielder left Thursday with a party of friends for Wrightsville Beach.

***

Mrs. R. V. Connerat, who is spending the summer with her aunt, Mrs. Towers, in Decatur, will motor to Rome and Anniston next week, Mrs. Towers accompanying her. Later she will go to the North Carolina mountains.

***

Misses Ethel and Alice Louise Perkins have returned from a two weeks' stay at Wrightsville Beach.

***

Miss Louise Lane will leave Sunday on a tour of six weeks to California and the northwest.

***

Mrs. George Hillyer has joined Mrs. J. D. Cromer in Gainesville.

***

Mrs. B. M. Swift and Mrs. Fred Lewis will go to New York the first week in August.

***

Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Atchison and Miss Atchison have returned from Atlantic City.

***

Mrs. T. C. Black, of Gainesville, who has been spending several days in the city, returned yesterday to White Sulphur Springs, Ga., where she is spending the summer.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Pritchett leave today to spend several weeks with relatives near Mobile, Ala.

***

Mrs. Herman H. Mobley, of Gordo, Ala., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Alva D. Kiser, in Inman Park. Dr. Mobley will join her here later.

***

Mr. J. M. Williamson, of Valdosta, has been spending several days in the city.

***

Master Edward Van Winkle is being delightfully entertained as the guest of relatives in Norfolk.

***

Miss Eva Towers entertained her bridge club yesterday at her home in Decatur.

***

Master Albert Burel is camping with a party of friends at Jester's old mill.

Rev. Jewett Williams Will Fill the Pulpit At Cathedral Sunday

Rev. Jewett Williams, Sewanee, will preach Sunday morning at St. Philip's cathedral. His subject will be "Temptations." There will be no evening service. The program for Sunday follows: Holy communion, 8 a. m.; communicants' breakfast, 9 a. m.; Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; Bible classes, 10 a. m.; morning prayer and sermon, 11 a. m.

Second Baptist Will Honor Dr. John White At Sunday's Services

Dr. John E. White will conclude his pastorate of fifteen years with the services at the Second Baptist church Sunday. The Bible school, Sunday morning, will be given over to a presentation service to Dr. and Mrs. White. Representatives of other Bible schools of the city will be present and make three-minute addresses of farewell. At this time a beautiful chest of silver will be given the pastor and his wife. Dr. White will deliver a farewell sermon at 11 o'clock and also present a souvenir book to every member of the congregation. In the evening he will preach in the open air in front of the capitol.

DR. THORNWELL JACOBS GIVES LECTURE SUNDAY

Dr. Thornwell Jacobs, president of Oglethorpe university, will continue his series of sermons on old world cities at the Central Congregational church next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. The subject will be Egypt and her empire.

These series of sermons on old world cities that Dr. Jacobs is preaching to the Central Congregational church are proving very popular and instructive. Dr. Jacobs not only gives a historical sketch, but links up the experience of the past with the problems of the present, especially as they apply to Atlanta.

LUTHERANS TO MEET IN JUNIOR ORDER HALL

During the enlargement and reconstruction of the English Lutheran church, the congregation will worship in the Junior Order hall, 30 Capitol avenue.

On Sunday morning the pastor, Rev. W. C. Schaeffer, Jr., who has returned from Plains, Ga., where he has been conducting special services, will preach on the subject, "First Things First."

SACRED HARP SINGERS TO MEET NEXT SUNDAY

The Atlanta Sacred Harp Singing class will hold its regular monthly song service at the Old Soldiers' Home Sunday afternoon. The public is invited to attend.

SERVICES ON SUNDAY FOR SCANDINAVIANS

Scandinavians are invited to attend Swedish service to be held at the residence of C. E. Forsman, 290 West Fourteenth street, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Take Luckie car. Rev. A. A. Swanlund, of Thorsby, Ala., will preach.

ATLANTA BOY TO MAKE DEBUT AT ALPHA TODAY

No, it's not Charlie Chapman, but it looks enough like him to make the majority of people think it is the real thing. Leon Sugarman, an Atlanta boy living at 351 Central avenue, has never seen Charlie Chaplin, but has made a close study of his antics upon the screen.

He is about of the same stature and with the Chaplin make-up and Chaplin movements, looks enough like him to be his twin.

It is Mr. Sugarman's ambition to go upon the stage and with that object in view will make his debut today at the Alpha theater, appearing at all performances during the afternoon and evening in an act with Billy Beard, who is just completing his third successful week at the popular Whitehall theater. The vehicle used by Billy is a song, "Those Chaplin Feet," furnishing Sugarman an opportunity to illustrate.

Mr. Sugarman has many friends in the city who predict for him a big success.

CHANGE THE VIBRATION

It Makes for Health.

A man tried leaving off meat, potatoes, coffee, etc., and adopted a breakfast of fruit, Grape-Nuts with cream, some crisp toast and a cup of Postum.

His health began to improve at once for the reason that a meat eater will reach a place once in a while where his system seems to become clogged and the machinery doesn't work smoothly.

A change of this kind puts aside food that is slow to digest and takes up food and drink of the highest value, already partly digested and capable of being quickly changed into good, rich blood and strong tissue.

A most valuable feature of Grape-Nuts is the natural mineral elements (phosphate of potash, etc.,) grown in the grains from which it is made. These elements are absolutely necessary for the well-balanced rebuilding of body, brain and nerves.

A few days' use of Grape-Nuts will show one a way to physical and mental strength well worth the trial.

Look in pkgs. for the little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a Reason."

CITY HALL GOSSIP

BY A. CLOYD GILL

Maddox to Aid Park.

Robert F. Maddox, mayor of Atlanta when Maddox Park was acquired, and for whom the park was named, notified the park department Friday that he had engaged Robert B. Cridland, the Philadelphia alndscape architect, in charge of the Southeastern fair project at Lakewood Park, to make a survey and plans for the development of the park. He will bear the entire expense and the proposed plans will be followed by the park department in the development of Maddox Park. The lake at the park has been completed and is now proving quite popular with the people of the fifth ward. A number of tennis courts are being graded and other improvements are contemplated.

Mayor to Sign Resolution.

Mayor Woodward stated Friday that he would sign a resolution by Alderman I. N. Ragsdale, passed by general council Thursday, providing for a committee of five to confer with the county board with a view to securing an annual appropriation from the county for Grady hospital. The mayor said he would also name the committee and hoped they would work out some plan by which county aid could be secured for Grady.

Mayson Preparing Bond Ordinance.

The resolution passed by general council Thursday providing for an ordinance calling an election for $3,258,000 bonds for municipal improvements, has been transmitted to City Attorney James L. Mayson, who is preparing the necessary ordinance. Members of general council are now considering the question of a favorable date for holding the election and it is probable they will make some recommendation to the city attorney along this line so that the date can be included in the ordinance. Mayor Woodward has announced that he will sign the resolution ordering the ordinance, and he stated that if the people wanted bonds he would sign a resolution providing for $1,000,000 worth of bonds, and let the people decide what items they desired to pass.

Dallas as Census Taker.

Councilman Sim Dallas, of the seventh ward, who is a candidate to succeed himself and who is opposed by J. N. Landers, member of the health board, stated Friday that in making his second race he had become acquainted with every man, woman and child in the seventh ward, and would ask for a position with the census department when Atlanta's "noses" are counted again. He explained that he would not apply for the job until he has served another term in general council.

No Tax Increase Expected.

Indications Friday were that the resolution introduced in the board of education Thursday by W. H. Terrell providing for an increase in the city tax will not be considered by general council. Alderman Jesse Armistead, who was one of the first advocates of the measure, stated he anticipated it would get no support in general council if it were introduced. The resolution in question provides for a charter amendment striking from the charter that section which fixes the city tax rate at $1.25 per $100. The idea behind the plan is to have the section stricken so that a sliding scale of taxes can be had. This would give general council the right to raise the tax rate when funds were needed for public improvements.

Proposes Towers at Lakes.

Councilman Bill Johnson, of the fifth ward, has made a request of the park department for a tower at least 25 feet high in Clara Mere lake, at Piedmont park, and a similar tower in Grace lake, at Maddox park. These towers are proposed for swimmers who are fancy divers. Park Manager Cochran stated that he would make an effort to install them next season.

Fountain at Battle Hill.

A handsome iron fountain has been donated to the Battle Hill Tuberculosis sanitarium by the park department, and it will be installed shortly by General Manager Zode Smith, of the waterworks department. The fountain will be located on the elevation directly in front of the sanitarium buildings, and around which is a pretty lawn.

Lucile Avenue School.

The first three feet of the brick walls for the Lucile Avenue school have been completed and material is being placed on the ground for the work to rush the building to completion for use at the opening of school next fall. Work is also progressing on several other of the new school buildings, and the city purchasing department on next Monday will purchase a new automobile for the supervisor of buildings to be used in visiting the buildings and inspecting the work.

City May Buy School Books.

An ordinance is being prepared by Councilman Bill Johnson, of the fifth ward, providing that the city purchasing department purchase all books used by the children of the public schools. He proposes for the department to furnish the books to the parents or guardians of the children at cost, plus the actual expenses of handling them. He is securing data on the matter, and expects to save patrons of the schools thousands of dollars annually.

Improving Moseley Park.

A big crew of workmen is engaged in clearing the undergrowth and blowing up stumps in Moseley park. All preliminary work is being done to the building of a municipal golf course at the park, and later a lake will be built on a site in the park formerly used for that purpose. The site for the lake is completely encircled by large trees, and is expected to be one of the most attractive lakes in the city park system.

"Uncle" Jimmie Gaston Given Medal of Honor For Long Membership

A medal of honor has just been presented to "Uncle" Jimmie Gaston by the grand lodge of Brotherhood Trainmen for consistent membership in the lodge for the past twenty-five years. The medal was presented by W. C. Puckett at the recent meeting of the Atlanta lodge, No. 720, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. Mr. Gaston is one of the oldest trainmen in point of service in this section of the country. He has worked with the state road, —the Western and Atlantic—and the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, and is well known by travelers and railroad officers in the south.

SPECIAL TAXES ARE DUE.

Must Pay by August 1 or Suffer Penalty.

Special taxpayers are reminded by the internal revenue agent, A. O. Blalock, that they must file returns and pay taxes covering the months commencing with July 1 to December 31, inclusive, before August 1 to escape the penalty of 50 per cent additional tax. Mr. Blalock states in this connection that many special taxpayers were penalized last November because of their failure to observe the emergency tax law of 1914. This penalty also applies to physicians, dentists and druggists, who are required to register under the Harrison narcotic law.

Those included among the payers of special taxes are bankers, brokers, theaters, moving picture shows, commission merchants, tobacco dealers, wholesale and retail liquor and malt liquor dealers, oleomargarine dealers, etc.

PIEDMONT LODGE HEARS ADDRESS BY M'CLATCHEY

H. R. McClatchey, secretary of the senate, paid an official visit to the Piedmont lodge, No. 190, Odd Fellows, at their regular meeting Friday evening. Mr. McClatchey, who is deputy grand master for the state of Georgia, also made a short address.

LETTER TO DR. MAY TELLS OF THE PLIGHT OF BELGIAN ORPHANS

Graphic descriptions of the plight of orphans near Ypres, Dixmude and places along the Belgian frontier, who are daily being carried to places of safety in France as soon as homes can be provided for them, are given in a letter to Dr. May from Comtesse Pierre de Viel Castel, who is one of the prominent ladies in the relief work abroad.

Many of these children are helpless hangers-on, the letter states, to groups of soldiers, in which father or elder brother are enlisted. Dr. May, chairman of the Georgia war relief committee for France and her allies, is exerting every effort to obtain funds for the establishment of homes for these children, that they may be properly reared until such a time may arrive when they may be returned to their relatives with safety.

"Train loads of children," the comtesse writes, "are being collected as in a drag net from points in the north of France and removed to safety, so that the soldiers can move forward when the advance begins, without their little hangers-on, whom they are feeding and worrying about. The Belgian military commandant told me that the children are being sent through the Belgian and French authorities, and that the children would be divided into groups of 100 each in Paris for further distribution in homes."

Dr. Ogden's Sermon.

At the Central Presbyterian church tomorrow morning Dr. Dunbar H. Ogden will preach on "The Shipwreck of the Apostle Paul." In the evening this congregation will unite with others in the open air service on the capitol grounds.

Queen or Dairy Maid Ambition the Same

In the expectant mother's mind there is no limit to what the future has in store,

and yet during the period of expectancy, much depends upon the physical comfort of the mother. One of the best aids is a remedy known as "Mother's Friend." Applied over the muscles, it penetrates to the net work of nerves, relieves the pains incident to stretching of cords and ligaments, makes them pliant, induces daily comfort, restful nights, a calm mind and pleasant anticipation. You use it with your own hand, apply it as needed, and at once feel a sense of relief.

Mothers who have learned all this from experience tell of the blessed relief from morning sickness, the absence of strain and the undoubted healthful influence imparted to the coming baby.

Get a bottle of this splendid help today. Phone your nearest druggist or send for it. Then write Bradfield Regulator Co., 404 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for a valuable book of instruction for expectant mothers.

"Mother's Friend" is recommended everywhere by women who have used it. And you can read some very interesting letters if you write for this book.

Study Shorthand at Night

Increase your earning capacity for the future. Opportunity is now at your door.

Business conditions will soon demand a great number of competent stenographers.

Instructions by a former court reporter.

TIPPETT SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND

601 HEALEY BUILDING. ATLANTA, GA.

OBSERVATION CAR—CINCINNATI L&N

LEAVES ATLANTA 7:12 AM. DAILY

KEELY'S | KEELY'S

Saturday Specials

Great 5-Hour Trading Opportunities

Many special lots offered for quick disposal Saturday morning. Special attractions in last moment merchandise for people contemplating outing, vacation and week-end trips.

A Saturday Sale of Shoes

Shoes in popular two-tone effects in patent and dull leathers—new leather Louis heels, medium and light soles—fawn, sand, putty and gray—all sizes and widths.

At $1.95 Pair

A Saturday Sale of Parasols

At $1.49 Each

97 Parasols to be closed out at one price Saturday morning. There are hardly two alike, but every piece is perfect, every one stylish. In the assortment you will see values which have been from $2.50 to $7.50 each.

A Saturday Sale of Silk Hose

A great collection of Boot Silk, Dipped Silk and Spun Silk Hose, consisting of broken assortments which have been priced up to $1 pair. All are gathered into one large group for a clearance Saturday morning at one price.

At 43c Pair

A Sale of Summer Union Suits

3 For $1.00

Summer Union Suits in a clearance sale in both lace and cuff knee styles—low neck, sleeveless styles—new tuck stitch weave, fine ribbed—cool and sheer. The values have been fifty cents.

Special Sale White Wash Skirts

Special values for Saturday in white wash skirts of gabardines, piques and ratines. This sale includes about 20 models in the most popular of the season's skirt wants. All are new and well cut. Many worth $2.

$1.00

A Saturday Sale of Dresses

At $3.75

About 100 lingerie, voile and batiste Dresses in new models, being a maker's show room samples that have been closed out to us at a clearance figure—all styles that are new.

Keely Company

Rump Roast 15c lb.
Leg of Lamb 22½c lb
Chelena Market Co.
Specialist of Home Products
40 Peachtree (FIVE POINTS) 64 N. Pryor

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You save many miles in distance traveled. You eat Fred Harvey meals. You can stop off en route and visit the Grand Canyon of Arizona.

Daily Excursions with liberal return limit and stop-overs.

Try this new train on the new line, going to the Panama Expositions.

Attractive literature and complete information will be provided by applying to

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"Two fairs for one fare"

LIVE TO BE 100, SAYS SCIENTIST

Rid the World of One Thing and Every Other Man Becomes a Centenarian.

"How to prolong human life" is now a subject of world-wide discussion. One noted scientist asserts that if the world could be freed of one thing the average length of human life would bound up to the century mark. That one thing is stomach disorders.

The curse of modern civilization is stomach trouble. It and its train of offsprings—liver, kidney and blood disorders—are causing the death of one person per second.

There is one way to relieve the world of stomach trouble; there may be others, but this one is sure and in harmony with Nature. It is by the use of Vitalitas. Vitalitis is taken out of the earth. It suspends natural forces and has a wonderful combination of chemical-mineral properties. Vitalitas is extracted in condensed liquid form. Nothing is added to it and it is free of any habit forming drugs or any harmful ingredients. It forces from the system many stomach disorders and ailments generally of liver, kidneys, bowels and blood. An invalid or delicate child may take it. Remarkable cures of chronic ills are constantly reported from its use. It is Nature's best tonic and corrective.

Talk with the demonstrator and sample Vitalitas at Jacobs' Pharmacy, 23 Whitehall street, or write there for information.—(Adv.)

A BUSINESS COLLEGE BOY'S BIG SUCCESS

Mr. Percy Hartzog Has 21 Bookkeepers Working Under Him in a Large Bank.

PERCY G. HARTZOG.

Six pupils of the Southern Shorthand and Business University, around on Mitchell street, have accepted positions during the week.

Joe Danzell, W. W. Kinney, Miss Kate Strickland and W. M. Kennedy obtained, through the school, permanent places, and Miss Gaissert and Miss Curtis accepted temporary places.

The following letter from a former graduate of the Southern, Mr. Percy G. Hartzog, is very interesting:

"As a former pupil of the Southern Shorthand and Business University and remembering you in such grateful terms, thought possibly you would like to hear of some of my work since leaving you.

"I have had a position as bookkeeper in the First National Bank, Richmond, Va., for the past few years. There are twenty-one employed bookkeepers, and I have entire charge of the full corps."

The attendance of the Southern Business University is good, indeed, for the summer, and every week several new pupils enroll.

Applications for the fall session are coming in now, and prospects are flattering for a heavy enrollment.

Call, phone or write for catalogue.

A. C. Briscoe, President; L. W. Arnold, Vice President, 10 West Mitchell street, Atlanta, Ga.—Advertisement.

Had Pellagra; Is Now Cured

Hillsboro, Ala.—J. W. Turner, of this place, says: "I ought to have written you two weeks ago, but failed to do so. I got well and then forgot to write you. I can get about like a 10-year-old boy; you ought to see me run around and tend to my farm. I can go all day just like I used to. I am so thankful to know there is such a good remedy to cure people of pellagra."

There is no longer any doubt that pellagra can be cured. Don't delay until it is too late. It is your duty to consult the resourceful Baughn.

The symptoms—hands red like sunburn, skin peeling off, sore mouth, the lips, throat and tongue a flaming red, with much mucus and choking; indigestion and nausea, either diarrhea or constipation.

There is hope; get Baughn's big Free book on Pellagra and learn about the remedy for Pellagra that has at last been found. Address American Compounding Co., box 2003, Jasper, Ala., remembering money is refunded in any case where the remedy fails to cure.—(adv.)

MOB MAKES ATTACK UPON A. E. FREEMAN

At Least Dozen Shots Fired, But No One Is Injured During Fusillade.

The outgrowth of repeated threats upon his life and property, a mob attack was made upon A. E. Freeman at 62 Lake avenue, Friday morning shortly after midnight, and a pistol battle ensued.

Although at least a dozen shots were fired, no one apparently was injured. Freeman's store was damaged by rocks and other missiles flung by his assailants. He fled into the city, taking refuge in the Hotel Ansley.

Freeman has conducted a general grocery store at the Lake avenue address for a year or more. Trouble which was caused by legal action he took in attempts to collect accounts is said to have been responsible for the attack.

For the past month, he stated, he had been receiving threats from unknown sources. He paid no heed to them until Thursday night shortly before 12 o'clock, when small groups began to collect in the neighborhood of his store.

He was spending the night across the street at the home of Mrs. Sallie Bush, 69 Lake avenue, serving as caretaker while Mrs. Bush was in Grady hospital. At midnight he was roused from bed by loud outcries and the sound of damage being done to his store.

A number of shots were fired, and, it is alleged, when the crowd of unknown men and boys learned Freeman was in the Bush residence, bullets were directed at that building. Freeman went to the window and fired a round of bullets into the mob, which, he said, was composed of perhaps a dozen men.

The mob, irate at this, was about to break into the Bush home, when Freeman made his escape through a rear door and fled down Lake avenue, chased by the crowd, who fired at him as he ran. His cries for help aroused the neighborhood, and the mob dispersed.

Good Business Done By Mutual Benefit, Report Officials

Summary of the company's new business for the first six months of 1915, compared with the first six months of 1914, shows:

	Number.	Amount.
1915	18,350	$55,179,454
1914	18,218	52,275,691

an increase of 132 in number and $2,093,763 in amount. The increase in the one month of June alone as compared with June, 1914, was 170 in number and $627,895 in amount.

The officers attribute the progress of the first six months to the natural result of the company's good name and to the consistent work of a loyal, high-class agency force. There has been no excessive effort on the part of the home office. Business conditions, so far as the Mutual Benefit is concerned, continue to show improvement throughout the country.

The Georgia agency of the Mutual Benefit, under the management of Robert L. Foreman, state agent, continues to show a steady and healthy growth.

Quarrel of Neighbors Settled by "Dead Line" Established by Judge

Another way of solving matrimonial warfare has been found by Judge George L. Bell, who Friday morning sought to settle the difficulties of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas I. Moon by establishing a dead line between their two homes.

Mr. and Mrs. Moon, although estranged for considerable while, live in adjoining houses. A garden runs the length of both homes. Husband and wife came to frequent clashes over parts of the garden at the boundary line.

The garden was the cause of Friday's court action, Mrs. Moon having been cited before Judge Bell for pulling flowers beyond her allotted portion. Judge Bell settled matters by making the alleyway that separates the two houses the "dead line."

MANY JOBS ARE OPEN IN FEDERAL SERVICE

The United States civil service announces the following examinations for positions, together with the salary and the date of the examination: Senior land appraiser (male), August 17, first-grade eligibles will receive salaries ranging from $2,700 to $3,600 per annum, second-grade eligibles, $1,800 to $2,400; senior drainage engineer (male), August 17, salary ranging from $2,220 to $3,000 per annum; drainage engineer (male), August 17, salary ranging from $1,800 to $2,100 per annum; junior drainage engineer (male), August 18, salaries ranging from $960 to $1,620 per annum; assistant pathological inspector (male), August 18, salaries ranging from $1,000 to $1,400 per annum; junior land appraiser, August 18, salaries ranging from $900 to $1,500 per annum; assistant curator in paleontology (male), August 18, salary $1,500 per annum; advanced apprentice draftsman (male), August 18, salary $700 per annum; marine engine draftsman for submarines (male), August 18-19, to fill vacancy in office of inspector of machinery, Electric Motor company, Groton, Conn., salary $5.04 per diem, and vacancies as they may occur requiring similar qualifications at entrance salaries ranging from $4 to $5.04 per diem.

The examination for metallurgical chemist (male) has been postponed from July 27 to August 24. The salary is $1,800 per annum.

The maximum age limit for eligibles for chief engineer (male) in coast and geodetic survey has been changed from 45 to 50 years, so that hereafter applicants for this examination must have reached their twenty-fifth, but not their fiftieth birthday, on the date of the examination. Applications for this examination may be filed at any time.

BODY OF L. L. RAWSON ARRIVES HERE TODAY

The funeral of Loule L. Rawson, who died suddenly in New York Thursday, will be held Sunday. The body will arrive Saturday and will be taken to Patterson's chapel.

NATIONAL DEFENSE TAKEN UP BY WILSON

President Calls for Reports on Subject—Practical Advice Sought From Every Available Professional Source.

Washington, July 23.—President Wilson has called for reports on the subject of national defense. These will be made to him personally by the heads of the war and navy departments. The fact that this action had been taken became known here tonight after the release for publication of the note to Germany relating to submarine warfare.

Without regard to present day controversies, the president in association with various heads of departments has been giving consideration for some time to the preparation of a reasonable and adequate naval program which he will propose to congress at the proper time. He will study this subject on his visit to Cornish, N. H., and when he again returns here he may be prepared to discuss it with his advisers.

For the time being the president feels that it is desirable to drop all discussion of the controversy with Germany, now that the object of this week's visit to Washington has been accomplished, and he is turning to questions of permanent national policy.

Practical Advice Sought.

Practical advice concerning national defense from every available professional source is being sought. It is known in fact that the best minds of the military branches of the government have been at work on these matters for some time.

Men of the army and navy who have been most directly in touch with conditions of defense that have been evolved out of modern experience have been called upon for their views. The president not only wishes advice from those who have knowledge of actual conditions of warfare existing in Europe today, but he is seeking light from those who are able to understand and comprehend all possible phases of altered conditions on both land and sea. He particularly wishes the navy to stand upon equality with the most efficient and serviceable fighting sea force maintained by any power.

Military Training of Citizens.

As to the army, it is known here that the president is preparing to incorporate in his next message to congress a definite program relating to the development and equipment of this branch of the service. It will provide a plan for the proper military training of citizens in every way consistent with American traditions and national policy, and which the president believes will commend itself to all patriots and practical minds. In this matter the president is working with the secretary of war and his professional associates. It is understood that on this portion of the president's general national defense program some very definite conclusions already have been reached.

NOTE HAS THE FORCE OF AN ULTIMATUM

Continued From Page One.

desirous of avoiding trouble, have the courage to face it "without compromise and at any cost."

German Editor Attacks Note.

Illinois Staats-Zeitung: As we stated before the present note to Germany had been published, apparently, our government had a secret agreement with England to force a break with Germany. We now have the text of the note at hand, and it justifies our anticipations. Germany can never submit to the tone of it and will, as much as we are sorry for it, find no other answer than the breaking off of diplomatic relations. We, as well as the German government, know fully that with such a step she fulfills not only the wish of this government, but that of England, and will create a very painful situation for German-Americans. The note shows the president will break with Germany at all hazards. He should first ask the people of the United States if they are satisfied to be driven into war. The note is unworthy of the republic. We hope Germany will not blame the people for the present government's action.

San Antonio Express: The reply will be greeted with profound satisfaction in the knowledge that again the world is made aware of the spirit of this republic; that the fires that blazed forth in rebellion against oppression still burn undimmed, and that humanity's cause is America's cause.

Amounts to Ultimatum.

Richmond (Va.) Times-Dispatch: Wilson has closed the door on further discussion. . . . These words amount to an ultimatum. Germany must decide whether she will keep the peace with the United States.

The Knoxville (Tenn.) Journal and Tribune: The American reply is a firm statement of the American position. It shows no backdown. Whatever its influence elsewhere, it has the universal approval of Americans.

Nashville (Tenn.) Tennessean-American: There is no more chance for dodging on the part of Germany. She must either concede the demand or confess herself an outlaw nation. Her practices and her professions have got to coincide henceforth.

Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald: In all probability Germany's reply will be satisfactory, but President Wilson will stand by his "last word"—and the people will stand loyally and unflinchingly with him.

The Savannah (Ga.) Morning News: The new note is to the point and is meant to end the controversy. It sums up the case, puts the position of our government clearly and forcibly. It is unnecessary to say more. An act that is "deliberately unfriendly" cannot be satisfactorily explained. The note will meet with the approval of the American people.

Final Warning Before Action.

Charleston (S. C.) News and Courier: This is the final warning preceding action. It now rests wholly with Germany whether or not the congress of the United States shall be assembled in extraordinary session to uphold the hands of the president and take such action against the imperial German government as the dignity and safety of the country may demand. Presumably there will be a German answer in writing, but the answer that the people of this country will await will be spoken in the waters of the war zone about the British isles.

The Columbia (S. C.) State: Whether Germany will continue at peace with the United States or not depends on whether or not Germany shall in future commit an act "deliberately unfriendly" to the United States by assailing, without warning, the rights of American citizens traveling on merchant ships on the high seas. . . .

Will Germany now make war on the United States? It is for Germany to say. It is for Germany to do or not to do. . . .

The American people, through their government, have said the last word. For them now is to await with firmness and confidence the event, whatever it shall be. Meanwhile, the hour is arrived when discussion and difference may not be reconciled with that patriotism which is the first attribute of American citizenship.

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: The president writes as one absolutely certain of the correctness of the principle for which he contends. Sure of the justness of his cause, he announces to Germany that at any cost this country will support his position. He stands like a rock for freedom on the high seas for neutrals as defined by international law and equity. . . . The note has the force of an ultimatum without bellicose threatening.

New Orleans Times-Picayune: The note is temperate and friendly in tone. It upholds firmly . . . the principles of international law and humanity and neutral as well as national rights. . . . The fateful decision rests with Berlin, not with Washington.

Vicksburg (Miss.) Herald: Americans are opposed to the "peace at any price" doctrine. There is nothing in the note to bring on the thing (war) to which they are averse, and the closing paragraph is sufficient to repel the "peace at any price" reproach.

The Macon Telegraph: While not so denominated the last note to Germany is an ultimatum in that the next submarine outrage where an American is involved will be taken by the United States as a hostile act—and war will be on. The alliance with infamy proposed in the note is rejected with an iron firmness and abrupt decisiveness which cannot fail to rowel the German foreign office and anger the German people.

Issue Rests With Germany.

New York World: The United States is no longer concerned with what Germany says. It is concerned only with what Germany does.

President Wilson's third note to the German government in respect to the issues of law and humanity raised by the Lusitania massacre is the final word of the United States. The imperial government is . . . informed that the United States intends to maintain its rights as a neutral on the high seas without compromise and at any cost.

The issue now rests with Germany.

New York German Herald: While Mr. Wilson's note abounds in strong expressions against Germany's attitude in the rights of neutrals and while it declares that "repetition by the commanders of German naval vessels of acts in contravention of those rights must be regarded by the government of the United States, when they affect American citizens, as deliberately unfriendly," we are certain that the complications will be settled amicably.

Hartford (Conn.) Courant: In the new note it is made quite clear that we are displeased. It contains no threat and suggests no penalty. It is a polite appeal to friendship. The latest note is much more mild than the first. After reading the closing paragraph of the note published this morning we are compelled to conclude that the closing paragraph of the first note meant nothing whatever to those who wrote it.

Boston Advertiser: The time has come to stop these attacks of submarines on American property and lives without warning. We want to end it. We shall end it. And the president declares . . . in courteous, diplomatic language, but unmistakably, that a repetition of these acts will amount to a declaration of war.

Do Not Intend to Go to War.

Boston Globe: Taken as a whole, the note represents mature and moderate American opinion. We give up no rights, but we can make concessions. Few can find fault with such a course in view of the fact that we do not intend to go to war over the sinking of the Lusitania.

Boston Post: The note is so clear, so straightforward, so lacking in the customary frills of diplomatic language that there seems no longer any possibility of any evasive or argumentative reply.

Germania-Herald, Milwaukee, Wis.: The latest note bears no more the nature of an ultimatum than can be said of its predecessors. That the tone is distinctly sharper cannot be denied, nor does that disturb us, for we find consolation in the possibility that perhaps those parts in which Mr. Wison uses the most energetic language are intended more for "home consumption" than for Germany.

St. Louis Westliche Post: Even at the cost of infinitely hurting its own cause, Germany must concede every point if it wants to evade an open break with the United States. To talk of friendship in this last American note is the climax of hypocrisy on a par with Washington's alleged neutrality.

The Providence Journal: We propose now, as we proposed in May, to hold Berlin to a strict accountability.

Asheville Citizen: The latest American note, while still couched in friendly terms, and hiding the sword, has marked the end of useless parley, and now demands action on the part of Germany.

"Bravo and Amen."

Newport News Daily Press: The president's note puts Germany on notice to respect American rights on the high seas or take the consequences. And every true American says "bravo and amen."

Greenville (S. C.) Daily News: By acceptance of America's principles, Germany may gain partial victory by trusting America to hold Great Britain to limits of law.

Danville (Va.) Register: The American reply is courteous and restrained, but definite, vigorous, clear and incisive.

Charlotte (N. C.) Observer: If the German submarine tactics shall be made to conform to the desires expressed in the note there should be no cause for further trouble. On the other hand Germany may elect to ignore the representations of the United States. Should the American government be forced to such a course Germany would be immeasurably the loser.

No Evasive Reply Possible.

Petersburg (Va.) Index-Appeal: Germany will not dare to make an evasive reply unless prepared to have the American government sever diplomatic relations.

Lynchburg (Va.) News: Mr. Wilson has shown that he will cease to tolerate quibbling and fiddling in respect to the grave questions about which Berlin and Washington have not as yet reached agreement.

Raleigh (N. C.) News and Observer: President Wilson states the position of the United States as Americans would have him. He speaks as the red-blooded representative of a red-blooded people.

Roanoke (Va.) Times: President Wilson has not been influenced, either by the attitude of the German or by the sentiment among a certain class of citizens of the United States, and has repeated his demands on Germany.

Pittsburg Gazette-Times: There is no finality to the note, neither threat nor ultimatum, but Germany is told that further offending will be estimated as "deliberately unfriendly."

Pittsburg Dispatch: The responsibility is squarely up put up to Germany.

Pittsburg Post: President Wilson crystallizes the sentiment of the American people.

Baltimore American: There is nothing in the note to go to war over, but there is much in it for the framework of peace. It has the basis of right and therefore it does not need to resort to subtlety or subterfuge.

End to All Quibbling.

Baltimore Sun: Friendly and persuasive in tone, admirable in expression, unanswerable in logic, the note puts an end to all quibbling as to the future. Germany is given her choice between the neutrality of the United States or its hostility.

Baltimore German Correspondent: One thing seems clear—Germany will not and cannot give up her submarine warfare, which for her is an issue of "to be or not to be."

Time to End Parleying.

New York Times: With courage and with firmness President Wilson and Secretary Lansing have responded to the hopes and the deep conviction of the American people. . . . It was time that there be an end of the long parleying . . . The nation has now spoken in words and in a tone which leaves room for no further declarations on our part. It rests with Germany to say whether she desires the continuance of friendly relations . . . We have informed the imperial government that the repetition by German naval commanders of acts in contravention of our rights as neutrals "must be regarded by the government of the United States when they affect American citizens as deliberately unfriendly." The words are of serious import.

New York Herald: The most frequent comment put upon the last German note was that it was studiously flippant and irrelevant. The comment most pertinent upon the construction of the last note is that it is cuttingly direct and designedly severe. Probably no diplomatic note that did not precede war ever so brutally hammered in facts. . . . Language could not be stronger.

New York Tribune: The supreme merit of the latest note addressed by the American to the German government is that it faces the facts as they are. It tells the truth that has always been unmistakable and it tells it in words that can neither provoke just resentment nor permit honest misapprehension.

Future Lies With Kaiser.

The New York Sun: The future lies with the Kaiser. The United States, with unabated friendship, stands not as a suppliant for favor, asks no privilege. The rights of neutrals and neutral nationals founded in custom and buttressed in law, enlist our defense. There can be no misunderstanding, no misinterpretation. . . . The German answer may come in words. It may be expressed in deeds. Whatever the tenor, the United States has done neither more nor less than its obligations demanded, and confronts the future confident and with conscience clear.

The New York Press: President Wilson's forced German note gets right down to business at the very outset in its flat declaration that the recent imperial answer is not satisfactory because it fails to meet the differences between the two governments. But it would have had a hundred times the force it has if it had been slammed straight back at Berlin as soon as Von Jagow's irrelevant and unresponsive reply was received. . . . We see no war sparks from the steel of the president's pen; it rings no war-like note.

Philadelphia Record: Our case is stated. There is nothing left to argue. It is now up to the German government to harken to the voice of reason.

Ultimatum in Fact.

Philadelphia Public Ledger: It is an ultimatum in fact if not in form. Less than ever after the clear exposition of the American attitude which the secretary of state has sent to the German foreign office can the administration engage in further debate or yield on any point.

Philadelphia Inquirer: Heretofore the demands permitted of diplomatic exchanges. In this note finality is reached.

New York Staatz-Zeitung: Of quite particular significance is the emphasis on the fact that the United States and Germany are striving for the same object as far as the freedom of the seas is concerned.

And the note makes it clear in frank, curt words that the government of the United States is ready at any time to play the part of the mediator with a view to finding a practicable way out of the present situation.

The diplomatic note which was sent to Berlin yesterday is meant at the same time for London.

Cincinnati Freie Presse: The idea of a demand upon a belligerent power to abandon a certain method of warfare which furnishes the only possibility to force her opponent to his knees, simply because such method would endanger the lives of passengers who enter the war zone upon enemy ships, had so far not occurred to any one.

Cincinnati Volksblatt: We believe that it would have been more conducive to friendly relations between both countries if the president had adopted the German proposition of separate transportation of passengers and ammunition.

Cincinnati Commercial Tribune: It clearly is apparent that the sophistry which would justify the violation of neutral rights because of Teutonic necessities has made no impression upon the mind of the man who occupies the white house.

COOL WEATHER TODAY, FORECASTER PROMISES

The cool weather which Atlanta and vicinity have been enjoying for the past two days will continue today and tonight, according to yesterday afternoon's weather report.

The temperature sank lower Thursday and Friday than at any time during the entire summer of last year. At 6 o'clock in the morning the mercury sagged away down at 64 degrees, and a bedspread was a comfort, indeed. At 8 o'clock it had risen to 75 degrees. The maximum temperature was unusually low, being 83.

Similar temperature, it was reported, will prevail Saturday.

SULLIVAN RESIGNS POST AS MINISTER

Washington, July 23.—James M. Sullivan, American minister to the Dominican republic, has tendered his resignation to President Wilson, and it has been accepted. Mr. Sullivan's resignation is the consequence of an investigation, conducted for the state department by Senator Phelan, of California, into the minister's fitness for his office. The findings were unfavorable to Mr. Sullivan.

Senator Phelan's report has been at the state department and before President Wilson several weeks. Soon after it was received it became known he had been asked to resign, and had been given a short time to consider it.

Mr. Sullivan's brief term as minister in the island republic was attended by charges and counter charges as to his conduct. Walker W. Vick, collector of customs for the United States at the island, resigned because, it was stated, he had to work under unsatisfactory conditions brought about by Minister Sullivan.

Senator Phelan took testimony in the Dominican republic and in the United States, at which witnesses charged that Secretary Bryan, in appointing Sullivan, had been consulted by financiers associated with Samuel M. Jarvis, of New York, which was seeking deposits of custom dues collected by the United States. Other witnesses gave testimony to show that the minister was interested in securing contracts there for other Americans. Former Governor Fort, of New Jersey, and other witnesses testified that Sullivan was "big-hearted, good-natured and honest."

The report, which Secretary Lansing announced today would not be made public until next week, is understood to sustain many of the charges against Sullivan.

MORE DISCREPANCIES IN CHENEY'S ACCOUNTS

Montgomery, Ala., July 23.—Additional discrepancies, aggregating $10,851.86, have been discovered in the accounts of Captain John C. Cheney, former chief clerk of the department of agriculture, according to a report filed yesterday with Governor Henderson by J. H. Craig, examiner of public accounts.

Chief items in the alleged discrepancies are for fertilizer tag orders not entered from affidavits. Bulk fertilizer sales accounts are also said to be inaccurate.

Captain Cheney was recently arrested on a charge of embezzling $1,386, but he quickly made bond and was released. The additional charges bring his alleged discrepancies up to about $12,237.

TANNER STOLE $3,920 TO LIVE BEYOND MEANS

New York, July 26.—William B. Tanner, chief paying teller in the minor coin division of the sub-treasury, pleaded guilty in federal court today to embezzling $3,920. Sentence was deferred.

Tanner, who was arrested yesterday, had been in the government service fifteen years at an annual salary of $2,000. His lawyer declared the stolen money was used in a "foolish attempt to live beyond his means."

MORTUARY

(All Funeral Notices Appear on Last Page.)

S. L. Wallace.

S. L. Wallace, age 54, died Friday at a private hospital. The body was removed to Patterson's chapel. He is survived by his wife, two daughters, Misses Mae and Leola Wallace, and one brother, J. W. Wallace, Riverdale, Ga.

Miss Sarah Anne Smith.

Miss Sarah Anne Smith, aged 85, died Friday at her residence on Avon avenue. She is survived by her sisters, Misses Frances and Nancy Smith.

GREAT BRITAIN MAKES APOLOGY TO NORWAY

Christiania, July 23.—(Via London.)—Great Britain has expressed regret to Norway at the violation by British warships of Norwegian territorial waters, especially by the seizure of a German steamer inside the three-mile limit. The note of regret, sent in reply to a formal protest from Norway, said the British admiralty had been requested to respect in future the Norwegian territorial line.

The Norwegian press expresses satisfaction with the note, although pointing out that it was considerably delayed, and calls on the government to demand satisfaction from Germany for the torpedoing of Norwegian ships.

Banker Haynsworth Dies.

Birmingham, Ala., July 23.—Robert Frances Haynsworth, president of the National Bank of Sumter, S. C., died suddenly in the Union passenger station here this morning. He was en route home from Shreveport, where he had been on a visit to a brother when he took ill on the train. He alighted here for treatment and died within an hour. Heart failure is given as the cause of death.

DAMAGE BY FIRE DELAYS DELIVERY OF OKLAHOMA

Washington, July 23.—Damage by fire early in the week to the new superdreadnaught Oklahoma, building at Camden, N. J., probably will delay delivery of the ship until January, said a report presented today by Naval Constructor Roberts, who examined the ship. The Oklahoma was to have been ready for delivery in October.

The report said that several bulkheads would have to replaced.

The cause of the fire has not been determined, but inspectors have found nothing to indicate the work of an incendiary.

White to Head Wooster.

New York, July 23.—Dr. J. Campbell White, general secretary of the Laymen's Movement of the United States and Canada, since its organization in 1906, today accepted the presidency of Wooster college, Ohio. He will not sever his connection with the Laymen's Missionary Movement, but will retire as general secretary.

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A GOOD WORK.

The decision of the agricultural committee of the Georgia Bankers' association to extend the privileges of their educational loan fund to girls as well as to boys is just and progressive, and indicates a clear vision into the needs of rural life.

It was first thought that this fund, for the next few years, should be limited to boys, but later the committee decided to open it to both boys and girls, some of the members expressing their belief **that one girl, after taking the special courses offered at state institutions, would be of more value to a community than two boys.**

The special course referred to includes classes in house and body sanitation, hygiene, cooking and certain practical instruction in the care of the sick—all of these branches coming under the head of the sciences of the home which every woman should know.

In the many reports which have been made by federal and state agencies working for rural betterment, and by the National Commission on Country Life, the remedy suggested by all of them is to better the homes of the rural communities.

The men are being reached through farmers' institutes, school rallies and the extension work of the college of agriculture, but to reach the woman who keeps, conducts and has the responsibility of the home has proven the difficult phase of the problem.

State boards of health have pleaded for the instruction of women in the practical duties of the home. Half the diseases in rural communities, it is charged, are due to the semi-barbarous conditions existing in and around rural homes. Some people do not know how to live. They have the stock, the crops, the actual raw materials upon which to live, but there is not the adequate knowledge of how to conserve or utilize these material properties, and many homes, surrounded by plenty, have been impoverished through ignorance.

The girls' canning clubs have come as the voice in the wilderness leading to better things to the woman of the rural home. The government has awakaned to her needs and is communicating directly with her through the "crop correspondents."

Through a provision of the Smith-Lever bill women are to share in the advantages of the appropriation through the state colleges of agriculture, and women experts and agents are to be sent to the rural communities with messages direct to the farm women.

And now, with the added aid of scholarships and loan funds which will bring the girl and the school intended for her together, the plan is complete that will in a short time prove the wisdom of the Georgia bankers, who believe that one well-equipped girl can be of more value to the community than two boys. **The well-equipped girl means the well-equipped home, and the home represents the spirit of the community as it extends itself into the very life of the nation.**

A NATIONAL DUTY.

The building and maintenance of levees in the valley of the Mississippi river for the purpose of flood prevention is unquestionably a national duty. It would seem that this work would come as clearly within the scope of federal action as the dredging of the river for the purposes of navigation. The people are surely as much entitled to national assistance in the protection of life and property over vast areas as in the building and extension of facilities for commerce.

Georgia's legislature has just passed a resolution pointing out the importance of unified and systematic action on the part of the federal government in affording this essential protection in the Mississippi valley, and indorsing the appeal to federal authorities to take over this work which, up to the present time, has been conducted by the people of the Mississippi valley states, who have already contributed $75,000,000 toward it and are now adding another $25,000,000 to that.

The people living in the territory affected are not asking for reclamation. They are ready and willing to take care of that feature themselves. All they ask of the government is that it take upon itself the work of confining the Mississippi within its banks and preventing the devastating floods which have been so destructive to life and property. All of the national political parties believe it is distinctly a federal problem, and President Wilson himself strongly favors it.

It remains simply a question for congress. The method of preventing floods in the Mississippi valley is a problem whose solution has already been attained. United States army engineers have completed plans showing conclusively that the carrying out of the levee system is the only simple and reliable means of protecting the valley and at the same time improving the river channel. Whatever is to be done in the matter must be done by congress. The time has come when congress can well afford to take this step, conscious of the fact that in so doing its action will meet with general public approval.

A FAVOR FROM ENGLAND.

We have been so busy insisting that England shall withdraw her illegal blockade against neutral commerce bound for neutral European ports that we are inclined to overlook the small favors England may render us.

Undoubtedly England has rendered us a favor in placing an embargo upon the exportation by her provinces of jute and jute bagging. While cotton would undoubtedly have supplanted jute for wrapping and baling purposes in the course of time, the transposition will now come more quickly.

Commending the action of the English government in the matter of the jute embargo, Fire and Fabric, a Boston textile publication, makes this comment:

> We have an abundance of short and damaged cotton in the south ahat is practically wasted. Such cotton would make perfect covering for everything that is now covered with jute, and the textile industry would have a new branch of manufacture that would call for thousands of new spindles and looms and give employment to many hundred hands now idle.
>
> Enterprising mill men, now hard pushed to make ends meet, should grasp the opportunity offered by the jute embargo, and get busy making cheap coverings for cotton, grain, etc., from the abundance of unmerchantable cotton now available.

This is exactly what The Constitution has been hammering at for years. We are standing in our own commercial light when we reject the available and better home product and go abroad for our bagging.

Exigencies of the war have brought cotton more and more into use in the shape of twine and bagging for various purposes; but it has only begun. Thousands of bales of the lower grades of cotton, best adapted to this purpose, might readily be consumed annually at an expense less than that involved in the importation of jute, or at least no greater. It would give the service, and would create a new factor in cotton consumption.

It is well for us, no doubt, that England has declared this embargo. We shall come more quickly to the adaptation of cotton to those uses to which it should long ago have been put. And once it has begun, there will be no return to jute.

A RECORD WORTH WHILE.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, the Southern railway made a record which is well worth the emulation of every transportation company in the country. With its thousands of miles covering southern territory between the Potomac and the Mississippi, upon which it handled during the year more than 16,500,000 passengers, there was killed but one of them, and he lost his life by standing upon the platform of a moving train against the company's rules.

There has been a disposition for some years past to "take it out on the railroads." They have gotten their full share of the knocks and the criticism, and sometimes more. On some occasions it was deserved and on others probably not.

But when a truly commendable thing is done, as in this case, it ought to be commended. The public knows little of the time and money and effort spent to provide adequate safeguards for those using the trains—a matter of duty, it is true, and yet it is the exception to find the duty so well and so effectively done.

It not only requires physical equipment, but well instructed and efficient train crews, adequately to safeguard the lives of passengers; and this year's record made by the Southern speaks well for those employees upon whom devolves the duty always of carrying out instructions and using discretion where discretion is needed in the avoiding of accident.

There are some short lines in the south which boast a record from year to year of never having killed a passenger; but with a vast system covering many thousands of miles a record like this is the exception.

It all goes to show that it can be done. Moreover, it is a duty to the public to do it. But there is always a sense of gratifying approval inspired by a duty that is well performed. The Southern's record has earned it the right to this recognition.

The kaiser says the war will end in October, but that may be one of Kitchener's dates for the beginning.

The Colonel "will support any decent republican," and he seems to have begun the search on a River of Doubt.

And still the Russians are being driven to the rest-up for the come-back.

All the fighting nations want the earth to blame their troubles on.

JUST *from* GEORGIA

By FRANK L. STANTON

The Jingle of Good Times.

I.

Sizzling summer citizens,
you'll have your time and chance,
Winter winds are whistlin'
for the Polar bears to dance!
Yonder is the snowhouse
that Winter's buildin' high,
Sun's as red as crimson on the outskirts of the sky.

II.

Sailin' through the summer while it's sighin' sad farewells,
Snow Man's climbed the steeple where he'll ring the Christmas bells,
All the world rejoicin' in the halleluia times,
Ringin' of the dollars and the dancin' of the dimes.

* * * * *

Editor Puts Them Wise.

"Don't tell the editor if you send away for your merchandise," says The Thomasville Times-Enterprise, "for he is just as sure to tell the local merchant whom you have been owing for some weeks and won't pay, and then you'll be sued and won't have the money to settle the court costs."

* * * * *

A Billville Tribute.

The place to find real human natur'
Is in jes any legislatur',
For folks that know the finest way
To run the old state, day by day,
Could run the country—spring and fall,
The very way to please 'em all.

* * * * *

Robbing the Rich.

The editor of The Carlisle (Ky.) News tells of fortune and misfortune:

"While the editor and his family were asleep Saturday night a thief entered their sleeping room and took from the editor's pants pockets about $19 in cash, some checks and his watch and a plug of Drummond tobacco. Ordinarily the thief would not have made such a rich haul, but unfortunately for us we had made some collections late Saturday, and he got the advantage of it."

* * * * *

Humble Desires.

We just want light enough to see
The road where Joy may find us;
If greater glory there should be
Its glow might blind us.

* * * * *

All Serene at Home.

Here is the home-prospect as the jingling optimists see it:

"If prices rise to reach the skies and high above us roam the farmer smiles on miles and miles of bumper crops at home. All bright the joyous prospect beams—a citizen of toil, the dollars jingling in his dreams were coined from the soil."

* * * * *

Song of Trouble.

De angels mus' be tired er de fightin', night an' day,
An' I looks fer Gabr'ul's trumpet fer ter blow de worl' away.

Oh, sinners,
Whar will you be
W'en you hear de trumpet blowin'
F'um de mountain ter de sea?

Den dey'll be a mighty shoutin' er de battle-fightin' crowds,
W'en dey feels de worl' a-gwine thoo de thunder-cryin' clouds.

Oh, sinners,
How will you rise
W'en you fin' yo'se'f a-gwine
Thoo' de fire er de skies?

* * * * *

Wisdom of Silence.

"Last winter," says a Georgia editor, "we prophesied that we'd all freeze, and this summer we're nigh to melting,—but we ain't saying a blamed word about it!"

* * * * *

A Daily Thought.

"It may have been said before," observes The Arkansas Gazette, "but we are forced to remark on the uncommonness of common sense."

* * * * *

The Philosopher.

The philosopher's one we admire,
He looks like he's all to the good,
He tells us to "keep up the fire,"
But you don't catch him cutting the wood.

* * * * *

An Illusion.

We had a haircut one day last week," says the poet of The Adams Enterprise, "and we were mistaken for a business man and were offered credit at three stores."

* * * * *

Prosperity.

He travels in a thousand ways,
'Neath calm and cloudy sky,
But ever, when the joy-band plays,
He throws his hat too high.
Reason lots o' things go wrong,
Whole world celebrates too long.

Says It's a Search Warrant Bill.

Editor Constitution: I read with great interest the news article appearing in your paper of the 23d relating to a bill which was introduced in the house by Messrs. Cooper and Parker of Ware and Pickren of Charlton, creating a commission known as the Western and Atlantic extension commission. This bill should pass, and every provision of it strictly complied with. The intent and purpose of it is very far-reaching in the good it will do. It is, in other words, a search warrant, which, if exercised, will reveal to the people of this state things that were heretofore unknown to them. It is not generally known that the state of Georgia owns deep water terminal only seven miles from the ocean, and which is very valuable. The bill further provides that this Western and Atlantic commission shall investigate and ascertain to what extent wharfage charges can be reduced, making for the welfare of all the people of the state if the Western and Atlantic railroad were extended to the coast. When this feature is investigated and reported on, I feel confident in saying that a million dollars and possibly more will be saved. The bill further directs that the Western and Atlantic extension commission shall obtain such information as to quantity and value of commodities, such as coffee, sugar, hides and the like, imported from South and Central American countries, through the ports of New Orleans, Baltimore and New York, and then reshipped by rail to the state of Georgia for distribution. This will show that year after year the people of Georgia are paying for an extra rail rate on the long haul, when these commodities could just as well come in the state through its own port and thereby save the people in every line of endeavor a great deal of money, which if added to the above mentioned millions of dollars, would amount to enough to pay for the Western and Atlantic extension to the coast in less than five years. They are further directed to ascertain the cost of construction. This is a matter of rules and calculations which will not be very difficult, but I will venture the statement that it can all be done for eight million dollars or less, and further, there is much idle money that would finance such a proposition. In closing, I ask, Mr. Editor, why should there be any objection to the passage of this search-warrant bill, which will reveal so much to the people, the whole people, now unknown to them and which relates to the greatest asset the state has?

HY. C. FERRIOT.

Atlanta, July 24, 1915.

Better Late Than Never.

Editor Constitution: Though a little late, I wish to commend most highly your splendid editorials in behalf of Mrs. Annie T. Wise as superintendent of the commercial department of the high school.

I wish to commend your editorials, not only on account of their defense of the ability of women to occupy positions of trust where executive ability is required, but especially because of the eminent qualifications of Mrs. Wise to fill most acceptably the position to which she has been elected.

A. C. BRISCOE,
President Southern Shorthand and Business University.

Old Constitution Days Are Recalled by Story About Louis Saloshin

By Sam' W. Small.

What a flock of gray-locked memories flew up from the old meadows of my mind when I read that Louis Saloshin was celebrating his forty-second anniversary as an employee of The Constitution.

He had been there in the composing room on the fourth floor of the old Broad street office nearly two years when I came in "on the force" below as a reporter in 1875. He was be-deviling around as helper for P. J. Moran, who was then foreman, and piloting proof sheets from the galleys to Walter Henderson and from the old tin-cup elevator from the editorial rooms to the "old prints" at the cases. "Looie" has certainly stayed put like a cockle-burr and seen the world come on and up in many marvelous ways. He is the only veteran remaining of those who were wrestling with faith, and fightings, and fastings in those days to make The Constitution the success and power that it now is.

* * * * *

How near tonight that far-off day seems—the day when I walked up to one of those bow-windows of the counter in the business office, looked a frank-eyed man with side whiskers straight in the face, and remarked that I wanted a job.

Of course, he didn't have any job that was yelling for a nurse so that anybody could hear it. He didn't know me from Adam's house cat—who I was, where I was from, or what I could do. He did not say "scat!" to me, just like that, but I saw that was what he meant by his polite but firm declaration.

I was that day a rank "anteloper" in town—as Hon. Hog-eye Thomas would say. Had arrived that morning from Texas, with a wife, a baby, a two-dollar bill and no boarding house. Colonel Hemphill gave me no news whatever when he said "times are hard, business is slack and jobs are scarce." Didn't I know it, Mikkle Angelo?

But I loped out and got introductory notes from Colonel Reub Arnold, Major Campbell Wallace, Colonel Nat Hammond and Judge Lochrane. Then I came back to Colonel Hemphill and wanted "that job" worse than before.

* * * * *

Meantime fate and luck had taken my part. Two negroes—Alfred Orange and John Purifoy—were to be hung next day in the Fulton county jail yard for murder. None of the regular reporters wanted the billet to write the gruesome story of their gallows exits.

Colonel Hemphill explained the situation to me and asked whether I could do the turn and "would you object to that sort of work?"

"Why, Colonel," I replied, "I am just from Texas where reporting murders has been my daily meat and writing up judicial and spasmodic popular hangings was my only journalistic joy!"

Right there I got the job. The fine work I put on it, the classy way in which I reportorially convoyed those cimmerian criminals to the dead-falls and related their claims to the right of way to Abraham's bosom, is yet remembered by some of the oldest inhabitants of Atlanta.

Colonel Robert Alston and Henry W. Grady, then publishing The Herald, were laying for me next day when I came down to be paid for the job, but Colonel Hemphill saw me first and assured me that I was "hired regular."

* * * * *

In those days Colonel E. Y. Clarke was the editor-in-chief, always in a hurry and doing more "boosting" than editing. The real editing was done by Colonel N. P. T. Finch, at a big high-back desk up stairs, when he wasn't clipping strips of paper into small bits with a pair of long-blade shears.

Judge Lumpkin was our "society editor" then and the Chesterfieldan, diplomatic way in which he wheedled bits of news and social gossip from the ladies was a wonder and made The Constitution the vade mecum of the elite of the city.

Colonel W. G. Whidby did the capitol news, the general city items and the country press column, which was a feature of that era.

Howell Cobb Jackson wrote police news and quaint stories of station house incidents that were copied into the press of the nation.

My daily round took in the courts, city hall, railway depots, hotels, special political stories and anything else that happened in my way. Leg service was the main qualification of a reporter those days. Few street cars, no telephones, no evening papers to crib from, and no typewriters to make copy-grinding delectable.

But, ask Looie. He can tell you all about it!

Why It Is Wrong.

Editor Constitution: As a teacher of colored youth, I wish to express my appreciation of the editorial, "An Unjust Measure." If ever words were fitly spoken, those were the words. It is always unfortunate when a law mixes up in the public mind morality and legality, which makes the immoral legal and the moral illegal and criminal.

Of all the names that have survived us out of the past next to that of the Great Teacher stands the name of Socrates. His crime was that he taught youth to think. For this he drank the hemlock. Surely twenty-five centuries later we are not going to label a man "criminal" who teaches youth to think, even though the youth be the grandchildren of the freedmen.

I wonder if the white south knows the value to itself that the missionary schools established after the war have been? Standing on the steps of the main building of Atlanta university a southern business man said to me, "This school must mean a good deal to the colored people of this city."

I replied, "It means a million dollars a year to the white people of this city." And this is true, though all the items cannot readily be put into terms of money. There is the cost of running the school which means business for Atlanta merchants. There is the money spent by the students from abroad for their personal supplies, money spent in Atlanta stores. There are the graduates teaching in the city schools, all of whose salaries are sooner or later returned to Atlanta business. There are the men educated here and now in the government employ who spend their incomes and make their investments here. There are the women, graduates and non-graduates, who have married and are making homes and not abiding places for their children, and are to them, not merely parents, but mothers.

But more than these, I should emphasize that civic morale among the educated negroes of the southern states, a morale so marked that courts and congresses, students of sociology north and south reach one common conclusion—the negro criminal class is not fed from the educated negroes.

EDGAR A. WEBSTER,
Principal Normal Dept., Atlanta University.

Need for Water Bonds.

Editor Constitution: I desire to take this occasion to thank you for your editorials with reference to the need for bonds for the waterworks system of Atlanta. Having served one year as chairman of the waterworks committee, thereby becoming an ex-officio member of the board of water commissioners, I have become somewhat familiar with the needs of the department and have consistently urged including bonds for the waterworks department in any bond issue that the city should undertake to pass.

In fact, the resolution offered this year as well as the one last year, to appoint a committee to consider the need and advisability of issuing bonds, was introduced by me.

The question of water supply is an important one with reference to our fire insurance rates as well as to the sanitary needs and health requirements. I am glad to know that The Constitution will be behind a bond issue for waterworks improvement, now that city council has voted to present the matter before the people.

ORVILLE H. HALL.
Atlanta, Ga., July 22, 1915.

Unfair Criticism of the Navy; Record of Secretary Daniels

BY E. K. RODEN,
Director of the Navy League.

Editor Constitution: So much unfair criticism of the navy department in general and of the secretary of the navy in particular has appeared in the press lately as to almost prejudice public opinion in regard to the efficiency and homogeneity of our naval defense. One writer and public speaker after the other is taking their turn in assailing Secretary Daniels and his administration of the navy. If these attacks were made in good faith they would be pardonable, but as a matter of fact the attacks are for political effect rather than from any real understanding of naval conditions.

Representative Gardner, of Massachusetts, who seems to have assumed the leading role in the attacks made on what is termed "naval inefficiency," is about as capable a judge of naval affairs as is the man in the street. Yet, if statements made by Mr. Gardner concerning the navy were true, the millions of dollars of the taxpayers' money spent during the last fifteen years of the upbuilding and maintenance of our navy would be so much money thrown to the winds. Fortunately, such is not the case. Any person of ordinary intelligence who will take the trouble in looking over the statistics of the navy will find that the expenditures made on our naval defense have been money wisely spent, indeed. From a small beginning with the white squadron upon lines similar with other maritime nations, the United States has advanced so rapidly in naval construction as to have overtaken and passed all but the two leading naval powers of the world; and today our navy, which for many years was considered by European and even by South American nations as altogether unworthy of consideration, is recognized as a factor of tremendous significance in the international affairs of the world.

Our present administration under the able guidance of President Wilson has done and is doing its share in making our navy what it is today. It is only fair that credit be given where credit is due. The navy should not be made the object of partisan jugglery at any time, and least of all at the present time.

Perhaps the most noteworthy accomplishment of the Wilson administration in its first two years is the authorized construction of five first-class battleships to cost about $14,000,000 each. During the last two years of the previous administration only two battleships were authorized.

The addition of other units to the navy has been in the same proportion. At the present time there are under construction 23 destroyers, 38 submarines, 3 gunboats and 7 auxiliaries. The production of supplies of munitions for the increased size of the navy has kept pace with requirements. Thus the increase in number of mines on hand and in process of manufacture is 244 per cent, and in torpedoes 90 per cent. The powder factory at Indian Head has been enlarged so that when the extension now under way is completed its capacity will be nearly doubled.

The critics of the navy lament the utter unpreparedness of our fighting units and its lack of battle efficiency due, they claim, to lack of practice. But they do not know that during the last fifteen months more battleships and destroyers have participated in tactical maneuvers for a longer period of time than ever before in the history of the service. The critics may not be aware of the fact that under the direction of Admiral Fletcher, upon plans evolved at the Naval War college and approved by the department, the fleet has been busied in tactics to try out its efficiency and readiness. All reports tell of the enthusiasm of officers and men in this practice and the splendid record made by the ships.

Again, so far as the enlisted personnel of the navy is concerned: for the first time in years is the enlistment up to the limit prescribed by law; and this has been accomplished not by lowering the standard of admission to the service, but by making the service more attractive to the young men of the country.

It will not be amiss to state that to Secretary Daniels belongs the credit and honor of having carried into effect evolutions that have placed the naval service upon a footing it never had before. I refer to the new system of promotion by which capable enlisted men are given chances to auvance in the service. This system, notwithstanding the opposition it has met with in some quarters, is bound to work about a transformation in the personnel of the navy; it will substitute for the careless, rollicking, and more or less disreputable seaman of former days, an entirely new type of man-of-wars-man; active, alert, intelligent and educated, respecting himself and respected by his officers, well-paid, well-fed and well-clothed, surrounded by comforts of which the seafaring man of a score or more years ago knew nothing, with the certainty of rapid advancement in rate and pay if he is faithful and industrious, and with a possibility of promotion to the rank of commissioned officer.

Secretary Daniels has made the naval service an institution attractive to any clean-cut, self-respecting American youth, and by raising the standard of its personnel it is evident he has also increased the efficiency of the navy in the same proportion.

So, again do I say to the critics: Give credit where credit is due, and use your little hammer with more discrimination. The present administration is doing all it reasonably can to keep the navy abreast with the ever-increasing demands of efficiency and adequacy. We lack battle cruisers, it is true, but this is due to the short-sightedness of former administrations. With this single exception our navy today is excelled by no other navy so far as number of ships, organization of fighting units, and the esprit de corps of its personnel is concerned.

It is well, therefore, not to take too seriously irrelevant statements made about the unpreparedness of the navy by men who have their own axes to grind and who seem to delight in embarrassing the administration at a time when it should have the backing and support of every patriotic and loyal citizen.

Scranton, Pa., July 24, 1915.

Strong Plea by Negro Educator

Editor Constitution: Allow me to express my high appreciation of your editorial entitled "An Unjust Measure," and to make a brief appeal to our Georgia lawmakers in behalf of the education of my race in the great state of Georgia.

Your article is timely, manly, and has the right ring. It is in behalf of that justice and helpfulness to an unfortunate race which a fortunate and much boasted superior race can give. We are proud of the fact that we have friends among our southern white people who are not afraid to speak in defense of the rights of our race when its highest interests are at stake. How such a measure, so detrimental to the highest interest and development of the negro race, passed the senate of the state of Georgia unchallenged by any friend or friends of the negro I cannot understand.

In behalf of my race I want to appeal to the legislators of the great state of Georgia not to mar the fair name of our state by the passage of this bill making it a crime in Georgia for white teachers to teach in negro schools. Surely if it is not a crime for white missionaries to go to Africa to teach negroes it should not be a crime to teach them here within the borders of our own state.

If our legislators will only take the time to investigate, they will find that some of the noblest and best men and women of the south as well as of the north are engaged in the work of teaching negroes. Surely our legislators will not shut the doors of opportunity for service in the faces of such men and women of the south as the venerable Dr. John D. Hammond, the president of the Paine college, of Augusta, Ga., and his consecrated wife, and the scores of eminent and consecrated men and women of the north who are simply obeying the command of the Great Teacher: "Go ye therefore, and teach all nations."

I doubt exceedingly if they can find in the chaingang of the state of Georgia a single graduate of any school in Georgia in which white teachers are employed. Hence we must concede that these are a blessing to the negro and a great help to the white race in many ways.

In behalf of the hundreds of thousands of negroes in Georgia I make this appeal to the legislators of our state not to shut in the face of our race the doors of opportunity for development along literary, industrial and religious lines which these few schools that have white teachers are giving us.

L. S. CLARK,
Principal Knox Institute and Industrial School, Athens, Ga.
Athens, Ga., July 20, 1915.

Helping the South to Better Help Itself

Editor Constitution: In your issue of July 20, under the heading, "Atlanta's Strides From Day to Day," I notice that Mr. Robert R. Otis, president of the Atlanta Real Estate board, has taken a step in the right direction, and it is to be hoped that Representative Blackburn, with the aid of competent assistance, will draft a measure that will meet all the requirements of a settlement bureau.

The possibilities of such a move are so great that no time should be lost in getting this measure started, and it is the judgment of the writer that the bill so introduced should be broad in its scope and include not only the farm settlements, but manufacturers of every kind, or at least those whose products could be made and utilized throughout the south.

The article referred to brought vividly to my mind a trip taken some two years ago to Kansas City, St. Joseph, and through the Ozark section of Arkansas. On that trip I learned something of the great work being carried on by the western roads, but more especially the Canadian Pacific. This road has elegant offices in Kansas City on one of the main streets, with a front window larger than any department store's in Atlanta. This window was a show in itself. It was trimmed and decorated with every farm product raised in Canada. The window was full of placards bearing statistics touching almost every question on soil, rainfall, climate, lands, prices, market facilities, maps, etc., and a generous invitation to step inside.

I entered the office and was met by a middle-aged gentleman who at once proceeded to learn my name, age, nationality, residence and my business, and almost before I knew it he had sized me up and decided I was after information. However, I had a pleasant call and learned this gentleman's business was to separate callers into classes and turn them over to experts in that particular line.

This road is sending thousands of our best citizens to Canada every year, to a country where only about five months of the year can be utilized for farm work; but the great show they make, and the actual proof right before one's eye is so convincing, and the terms and conditions upon which land can be purchased so easy that it strikes home to the average farmer and almost before he knows it he has sold out and gone. This is especially true of off years when crops or prices are below normal.

I also had occasion to visit the plant of Armour & Co., and met some of the department heads. I brought up the cattle industry and asked why someone did not come to Georgia and utilize the thousands of acres of land lying idle and raise beef cattle. I was surprised to learn how little they knew of actual conditions here, and when I explained in a brief way what was possible to do along this line they were very much interested and thanked me for the information. Through the Ozark section I met and talked with many of the best farmers, went through their immense apple orchards, and when I mentioned Georgia I aroused interest at once. I was repeatedly told that many would like to come here, but were afraid of markets and other conditions, and many of their ideas were very erroneous about the south. At one town I stopped I was invited to attend a public lecture, and there were several hundred present, and at the close of the lecture the party inviting me arose and stated they had a visitor from a distant state, which was looked upon as the leading state of the south, and asked me to make a little talk on Georgia. I am not a speaker by any means, but I accepted the invitation and in a modest way told them something about our great state, the farms, manufactures, railroads, schools, etc., and at the conclusion of my remarks I was greatly surprised to see what an interest had been aroused.

Now, Mr. Editor, these rambling remarks are intended merely to show in a small way what Georgia should do, and do at once. The time is ripe for some move in this direction along practical lines. Thousands of desirable families can be brought to Georgia every year by systematic work. Our water powers can be utilized by manufacturers, and in a short time the great resources of our state would be known far and wide.

But some one must take the initiative. It requires money, brains and hard work. The Constitution can be a great factor in bringing about this condition.

J. E. GREENE.
Atlanta, Ga., July 22, 1915.

Look Out for Small Crop, Says Expert Geo. W. Truitt

Editor Constitution: I see a great many writing on the cotton crop. I thought I would write you a few lines, as I have been a farmer all my life.

I see the government has a reduction of 15 per cent and above. I think they are 5 per cent out of line. I think it is fully 20 per cent.

In 1914 we made more cotton per acre than ever before. Now, if we make as much this year per acre, our total crop will be 13,244,700 bales. In 1913 we made 182 pounds per acre; with the same rate this year we will make 11,478,740 bales.

The average yield for ten years has been 187 pounds, which would give us a crop of 11,794,030 bales.

This was done with heavy fertilizing.

I, for one, look for a crop under eleven million bales. For this unfertilized cotton will be late and August winds will play havoc with it, it being a watery plant now.

I have never been far out of line in my estimates. GEORGE W. TRUITT.

Would Extend White Help.

Editor Constitution: I would like to suggest in lieu of the senate bill that seeks to make it a crime for a white to teach a negro that all colored schools be provided with the best white principals that money and education could obtain. I think every inducement should be brought to bear on the cultured, consecrated southern white men to give part of their time and talents to teaching and preaching to the negro, because no people on earth understand them like the southern whites, who have been raised up and associated both in business and domestic relationship with them. If this course was pursued, we would soon see a marked change in their mental, moral and religious caliber.

Nothing pleases the negro more than to have a little attention shown them by the good white element. A negro man who recently attended a public exercise at his church, where several influential white preachers attended and delivered short talks, remarked to me: "I tell you, sir, it was fine. If we could only get our own white folks with us more often, what a blessing it would be to our colored people."

The most efficient help that we ever had in our home was a girl who was partly educated at the Atlanta university and reared in close proximity to that institution.

J. H. TIMME,
(John Deere Plow Co.)

A Negro's Sane Comment.

Editor Constitution: Notwithstanding the fact that your columns have been laden with so many good sentiments, evoked by your editorial comment on the bill making it a crime for a white person to teach a negro in Georgia, I am constrained by a deep sense of gratitude to you to join in the lovefeast of thanksgiving from the depths of my heart for your timely utterances.

Whatever may have been the promptings of the author of the bill it is very gratifying to the colored people of Georgia that the best element of both races have not labored together in vain.

In this event we have had the chance to know our friends as we never knew them before.

With this manifestation of friendship we can feel as safe in the boat in Georgia as anywhere else. J. E. TATE.
Atlanta, Ga., July 22, 1915.

From a College President.

Editor Constitution: I want to thank you for that editorial in last Friday's Constitution. It does not seem possible that the senate of Georgia could consider such a bill, much less to pass it.

In my own thought it seemed we were coming to the time when we would help the colored race more than at any time past, both from the pulpit and by teaching. In helping them we honor missionary service, advance the white race, obey the golden rule, and exercise good sense every way.

Thank you again for a well poised thought for the public good.

J. HOPWOOD,
President Milligan College, Tennessee.

No Bank in Dade.

Editor Constitution: I have read your recent editorial, in which you state that every county in this state has at least one bank. This statement is probably correct with the exception of the county of Dade, which has no such institution, though badly in need of one. At present this county does its banking business almost entirely in Chattanooga, Tenn. A CITIZEN.
Trenton, Ga., July 21, 1915.

IMPORTANT BILLS PASSED BY SENATE

Walker Measure Providing for Prompt Payment of Teachers Adopted.

TEACHERS' BILL ADVANTAGES.

The plan to pay Georgia's school teachers promptly does away with the old system of not paying these state servants until the payment is a year overdue. Under the Walker bill the county boards of education or school commissioners can convert into cash the warrants issued by the governor monthly. The benefit, however, is twofold, providing not only for prompt payment, but also for a lower rate of interest to be paid by the counties to the bank that converts the warrants into cash. This latter advantage would be accomplished by the increased safety and desirability of the warrants issued under the new plan, as approved by the federal reserve bank and by the National Park bank, the state's fiscal agent in New York. Senator Walker has predicted that the interest on these warrants may be as low as 4 per cent, a rate which would mean, he estimates, an annual saving of $50,000 to the state.

The senate yesterday morning passed two important bills.

One was the Walker bill, providing for the prompt payment of the school teachers, whereby arrangements will be made with banks to honor the warrant of the governor drawn upon the state treasury for the payment of the teachers, when the money has not yet been received in the state treasury from the taxes.

The other bill provided for the office of state auditor, which was passed with a number of amendments.

Bill Is Amended.

The principal amendments were three offered, respectively, by Senators Boykin, Pickett and Peacock, as follows:

An amendment by Senator Boykin, which was adopted, provides that the auditor shall have one assistant and one clerk instead of two clerks.

An amendment by Senator Pickett, of the eleventh, fixes the salaries of the auditor, his assistant and his clerk at $2,400, $1,800 and $900 per annum, respectively.

An amendment by Senator Peacock, of the fourteenth, provides that the auditor shall give a $20,000 bond, the expense of the bond to be borne by the state. The officials are to be appointed by the governor.

When the senate adjourned the members were debating the amount of the appropriation to be donated to the state agricultural school at Americus. Senator McCrory pleaded for a liberal donation, but several senators argued against such generosity.

The senate will meet again Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

STATE PRISON FARM PROBED AGAIN TODAY

Great Interest in the Governor's Visit—Frank's Condition Continues to Improve.

Milledgeville, Ga., July 23.—(Special.) Chairman R. E. Davidson arrived tonight by auto from his home in Greene county and the state farm probe will begin early Saturday, shortly after the arrival time of the Georgia train from Macon with Governor Harris and Prison Commissioners E. L. Rainey and T. E. Patterson.

The plan for the investigation is not given out, but it is certain that besides inquiring into details of the assault upon Leo M. Frank, the charges made by Joe Johnson will be taken up, item by item.

Frank is continually improving. He had a nice, comfortable day. At 7 o'clock his physicians made an examination of his wound. They invited to go in with them Dr. A. W. Findley, of Cave Springs, representative from Floyd county, who was at the prison at the time, being in Milledgeville as a member of the legislative committee visiting the state sanitarium today.

Dr. Findley stays the wound is beginning to heal from either end, but in the middle it looks bad; a good deal of irritation and pus present; that Frank has a cough, which starts up whenever he talks. For that reason he did not ask the patient many questions.

In response to how he felt, Frank said very well. Dr. Findley stated that if everybody could see what he saw it would forever put an end to the rumor that Frank was not seriously cut—that the wound was little more than half the circle of his neck and very deep.

Fort Worth Bank Closes.

Fort Worth, Texas, July 23.—The Fort Worth Savings Bank and Trust company, capitalized at $210,000, closed its doors today. W. D. Paddock, of Fort Worth, was appointed receiver. It was stated that the bank held deposits of approximately $400,000.

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Bills Introduced and Passed in Both Houses Of Legislature Friday

House Bills Passed in Senate.

The following house bills were passed by the senate Friday:

By Johnson of Appling—To create a board of commissioners for Appling county.

By Arnold of Clay—To make certain provisions as to the city court of Fort Gaines.

By Lowndes Delegation—To repeal an amendment to an act creating a board of commissioners of Lowndes and Habersham counties.

By Smith of Toombs—To amend an act fixing the terms of superior court of Toombs county.

By Elders of Tattnall—To provide two terms a year for Tattnall superior court.

By Lunsford of Lee—To amend an act establishing city of Leesburg.

By Elders of Tattnall—To create a road law for county of Tattnall.

By Green of Clayton—To repeal an act creating a board of commissioners for Clayton county.

By Lanier of Bulloch—To amend an act creating Statesboro.

By Dickerson of Clinch—To abolish the office of Clinch county treasurer.

By Davis of Douglas—To fix the salary of the treasurer of Douglas county.

Bills Introduced in Senate.

By Senator Ward of the Fifth—To amend the code in regard to attorneys' feets in notes.

By Senator Adams of the Thirty-third—To create a warehouse department for Georgia.

By Senator Pickett of the Forty-first—To abolish the "fellow servant rule" as to express, telephone, telegraph, manufacturing, mining and construction companies and corporations.

By Senator Lawrence of the First—To prevent the carrying of cases directly to the supreme court or court of appeals from municipal courts.

By Senator Goolsby of the Twenty-eighth—To regulate the weighing and grading of cotton; to regulate the warehouse business; to provide a penalty for false weighing and grading; to provide a penalty for attending or changing receipts.

House Bills Read in Senate.

The following house bills were read the first time in the senate:

House bill to provide for a new method of handling Wilkes county's funds.

House bill to amend an act chartering city of Alma.

House bill to create a board of commissioners of roads and revenues of Candler county.

House bill to amend the charter of Millen.

House bill to amend an act creating a board of Rockdale county commissioners.

House bill to createe a new charter for Vienna.

House bill to amend act creating Floyd city court, increasing the judge's salary to $2,500.

House bill to make it lawful for any railroad company or other corporation, upon the death of any employee leaving wife and child, to pay whatever wages due without appointing an administrator.

House bill to amend an act establishing Temple public schools.

House bill to incorporate town of Barnett Shoals.

House bill to make owners of live stock on open ranges of this state confine themselves to one mark and brand.

House bill to amend an act amending charter of Athens.

Resolution requesting the governor to insure the various agricultural and mechanical schools of Georgia.

New Bills in House.

The following bills were introduced Friday in the house:

By Mr. Foster of Morgan—To provide for examination to determine eligibility of candidates for county school superintendent.

By Mr. Ledbetter of Polk—To fix salary of Polk county treasurer.

By Mr. Ledbetter of Polk—To amend act creating county board of Polk county.

By Mr. Edwards of Haralson—To create county board in Haralson county.

By Mr. Gilliam of Fannin—To incorporate Mineral Bluff school district.

By Mr. Blackburn of Fulton—To pay county clerk of Fulton county $3,000 instead of $2,500 per annum.

By Mr. Marshall of Taylor—To amend town charter of Butler.

By Mr. Nunn of Houston—To amend act creating Houston city court.

By Mr. Allen of Jackson—To enlarge powers of state board of health.

By Mr. Blackburn of Fulton—To create hotel commission.

By Mr. Key of Jasper—To amend act creating Monticello city court.

By Mr. Parker of Ware—To create county board of Ware county.

By Mr. Fowler of Bibb—To amend charter of Macon.

By Mr. Nunn of Houston—To amend Perry city charter.

By Mr. Marshall of Taylor—To create new charter for town of Reynolds.

By Mr. Keen of Echols—To abolish Echols county treasurer.

By Mr. Elders of Tattnall—To provide for prompt payment of public school teachers.

By Ware Delegation—to provide for sale of soft drinks on the Sabbath.

By Mr. Nunn of Houston—To fix time of local elections in town of Perry.

By Mr. Thompson of Madison—To amend town charter of Comer.

By Mr. Parks of Upson—To establish public schools in Thomaston.

By Evans Delegation—To create county board of Evans county.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—To provide for surrender of railway franchises and charters.

By Mr. Blackburn of Fulton—To amend town charter of East Point.

By Mr. Yeomans of Terrell—To amend Dawson city charter.

By Mr. Turner of Brooks—To amend game laws.

By Mr. Yeomans of Terrell—To authorize county school boards to furnish school books and supplies on small rental.

Bills Passed in House.

The following local bills were passed Friday by the house:

To fix date for primary elections in Ben Hill county.

To amend city charter of Jeffersonville.

To incorporate town of Oakwood, in Hall county.

To authorize city of Covington to operate ice plant.

To amend charter of East Lake, in DeKalb county.

To amend town charter of Preston.

To abolish justice courts in city of Columbus and establish in lieu thereof a municipal court.

Ask Legislative Aid To Establish Farms For Fulton "Drunks"

Legislative action will be invoked in the movement to establish farms for habitual drunkards and drug fiends. A step in this direction was made last night when Dr. J. Spratling, former head of the state hospital for inebriates in Kansas, delivered a lecture to those interested in the project in the office of E. A. Scoggins, adult probation officer for Fulton county.

Dr. Spratling is now a practitioner in Atlanta. He formerly was house surgeon in the famous Matteawan asylum for the insane, and was later connected with a similar institution in Elmira, N. Y. He will be one of the active leaders in the movement to establish inebriate farms for Fulton county.

A committee composed of J. J. Spalding, Lowry Arnold and Judge Charles W. Smith and other Atlantans will urge legislative action.

THEY'RE GOING CRAZY DOWN IN CENTRAL CITY

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Macon seems to be in the throes of an insanity epidemic, already sixteen persons having been adjudged insane here since the first of July and committed to the state sanitarium. This is twice as many as were sent to Milledgeville during this month a year ago.

Physicians state that the increase is due to the new Harrison narcotic law, which makes it practically impossible for dope fiends to secure narcotics.

An effort has been made to establish a hospital in Macon for dopers, but the proposition has been turned down by council.

AFFECTING SCENES MARK DEBATE OVER PENSIONS

House Unanimously Agrees on Increase on Sliding Scale.

The confederate veterans of Georgia won a victory yesterday in the house of representatives when a bill to increase their pensions was passed.

There was no fight on the bill, but a few members of the house, thinking of the financial condition of the state, were inclined to go a little slow in the expenditures.

But the veterans won and the discussion of the bill was one of the most affecting scenes ever witnessed in the house. Many of the old veterans, who are members, wept when they heard their cause championed by their comrades and by the sons of veterans.

A striking feature of the debate was the speech by Mr. Wohlwender, of Muscogee, who is not a southerner by birth. His speech was one of the strongest appeals made for an increase of the pensions.

The annual pension for a veteran is now $60 a year. The bill as passed made the pensions as follows:

Scale of Increase.

For the year 1917, $70; for 1918, $80; for 1919, $90; for each year thereafter, $100.

This scale was agreed upon under an amendment offered by Mr. Elders, of Tattnall.

The firset speech was made by Mr. Dart, of Glynn, a veteran, who spoke of the days of the war and of how the men of the south went out to fight for their country. As he spoke his voice was frequently broken as he tried to keep back the tears.

Mr. Fullbright, of Burke, said he was not opposed to helping the veterans, but he believed the raise in pensions should cover a period of five years at $5 a year.

Mr. Ayer, of Bibb, spoke for the increase and he appealed to the members of the house to stand by the boys who wore the gray.

Mr. Wohlwender's Speech.

Mr. Fullbright, of Muscogee, spoke next, and he said that he was not of the south by birth, but he had married a southern woman, and he would rather see every other department of the state cut down or left out than to see the old veterans denied a single dollar they wanted and so much needed.

Mr. Shuptrine, of Chatham, and Mr. Foster, of Morgan, spoke for the bill. Mr. Foster is a veteran, and he made a special plea to the sons of confederate veterans to support the measure. When he concluded the members applauded.

Before the bill was finally passed it was amended by Mr. Perkins, of Habersham, so as to provide an additional pension of $100 for veterans who are totally blind. The vote on the passage was unanimous.

TO GIVE NEEDED RELIEF TO STATE SANITARIUM

Legislative Committee Plans Psychopathic Building and Other Improvements.

Milledgeville, Ga., July 23.—(Special.) The regular committee from the legislature to visit the state sanitarium came last night and spent the entire day in looking over the institution. The committee numbered sixteen, much smaller than usual. They divided into groups and, ushered by members of the staff of the sanitarium, inspected every part of the institution. Tonight they visited the negro building and observed the crowded condition existing there.

Members of the committee have expressed no criticism of the management. On the contrary, they are outspoken in favorable comment of the financial system in vogue, the neatness of the premises and splendid direction of the large hospital, with its difficult and various problems.

The board of trustees was in session also, giving most of its time today assisting the committee. The report of the committee will have as its basis the recommendations in the report of the board of trustees made in June to the governor. It will recommend a new building for negro patients, a psychopathic hospital for the treatment of those patients who can be cured, to separate them from the chronic and those who need only custodian care; a dormitory home for the nurses, funds to finish buildings for male whites, increased appropriations for maintenance and the passage of some laws relative to committing patients.

CAPITOL GOSSIP

By Ned McIntosh

Ask $16,000 Appropriation.

The Wheatley bill, asking for a special appropriation of $16,000 to replace the burned academic building of the third district agricultural school, at Americus, which comes up for consideration before the senate under the head of unfinished business Monday morning, is a measure of extreme and immediate importance to a large section of south Georgia.

Proceeding upon the assumption that the state would not hesitate to replace this educational building immediately, the trustees of the third district school have advertised for students and are already expecting about 150 students for the coming session. Unless the money for this building is forthcoming at once, however, says Crawford Wheatley, of Sumter, author of the bill, there will be but one thing the trustees can do and that is to announce that there will be no session of the school this year and close up the institution until the new building is available. The dormitories, barns, cattle, farm and everything needed for the school is ready for service, except a building to teach in. The importance of this building is readily seen.

Already the appropriation of the money has been passed by the house and the bill has been approved by the senate committee. The bill came up in the senate Friday morning and was argued, but no action was reached before adjournment. It will be considered again Monday morning.

Governor's Staff.

Governor Harris on Friday announced the appointment of a portion of his staff. Other appointments will be announced later.

Friday's appointments were as follows:

To be adjutant general and chief-of-staff, Brigadier General J. Van Holt Nash, of Atlanta.

To be colonel and chief of aids, Asa G. Candler, of Atlanta.

To be lieutenant colonel and military secretary, Frederick R. Jones, of Macon.

To be lieutenant colonels and aides-de-camp: George M. Hope, of Atlanta; Henry F. West, of Atlanta; Ben J. Fowler, of Macon; John D. Walker, of Sparta; John W. Murrell, of Atlanta; Charles P. Rowland, of Savannah; John C. Woodward, of College Park; Steadman V. Sanford, of Athens; Robert E. L. Spence, of Albany; William M. Camp, of Atlanta; J. R. Nunnally, of Monroe; Claude C. Smith, of Atlanta; Cliff T. Williamson, of Macon; Dennis Fleming, of Albany; Oscar Palmour, of Atlanta; William S. Coburn, of Atlanta; Ozy R. Horton, of Milledgeville.

The governor states that his staff was only partially completed, the remaining members to be appointed after the legislature acts on measures now pending before it affecting the staff.

Leaves for Milledgeville.

Governor Harris and members of the prison commission left last night for Milledgeville, where they will today conduct a probe into the recent attempt of William Green, a life-time convict for murder, upon the life of Leo M. Frank, also serving a life term at the state penitentiary for the murder of Mary Phagan.

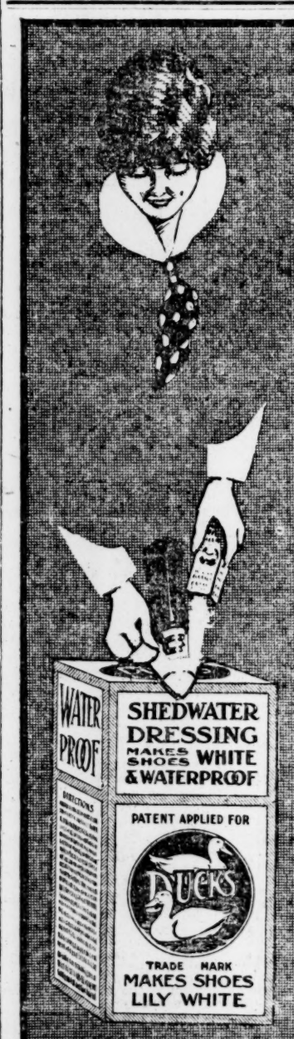
Governor Harris, besides taking part in the investigation of the Frank incident, will also make a general inspection of the state farm and reformatory properties there.

Senator Boykin a Fluent Orator.

Perhaps the most effective speaker in the upper house of the legislature is Senator Boykin, of the seventeeth. Whenever a senator has a bill before the senate and wishes to put a pyrotechnic finish on his argument for the measure, he sneaks over to Senator Boykin's desk and nudges him. In a few minutes the silver-tongued senator will be running the gamut of human emotions in his forceful and eloquent way. He made one of his best speeches Friday advocating Senator John D. Walker's school teachers' pay bill.

Andrews in the Camera Eye.

Thursday the whole legislature was invited to walk out of the capitol for the moving picture man, who wished to snap the senators in action for the Georgia film being promoted by the chamber of commerce. Representative Andrews was so busy on one of his bills that he forgot about the camera man until all the other solons had had their beauty struck. Suddenly remembering the request, and not wishing to be absent from a picture that represented the legislature of the state, Representative Andrews rushed out on the capitol steps. "Where is the movie man?" he shouted, turning around and around in order to discover the camera. When he had circled about in confusion several times some laughing legislator informed him that the movie man was within ten feet of Colonel Andrews, whose picture had been taken while the subject was in rather a flustrated pose. All the fellow representatives of the Fulton member are anxiously awaiting an opportunity to see the moving picture of Andrews in action.



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HOUSE RECONSIDERS STATE AUDITOR BILL

Places Measure at Foot of Calendar—Books and Supplies for School Children.

When the house convened yesterday morning Mr. Bulloch, of Campbell, moved a reconsideration of the state auditor bill and the motion was adopted. This places the bill at the heel of the calendar.

Among the important new bills introduced was one by Messrs. Yeomans of Terrell, Dorris of Crisp, Barber of Grady, Webb of Lowndes, and Dorris of Douglas, which provides for the furnishing of school books and supplies to the public school children. The feature of the bill is as follows:

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Georgia, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, that from and after the passage of this act any county board of education or any local board of education may, in its discretion, furnish school books and school supplies to the pupils attending the public schools of said county or special local system, and for that purpose may use such part of the public school funds or any other funds coming into its hands as may be necessary for the purchase of such school books as are adopted and such school supplies as may be necessary, which said boards of education are authorized to furnish to the pupils, free or sell to them, at a cost no greater than the wholesale price of same."

Other New Bills.

Mr. Elders, of Tattnall, and Mr. Hutcheson, of Turner, offered a bill which provides that the governor may draw warrants each month for the payment of the salaries of the teachers in the public schools.

A bill was introduced by Messrs. Parker and Cooper, of Ware, to allow the sale of soft drinks, ice cream and cigars on the Sabbath.

Mr. Blackburn, of Fulton, introduced a bill creating a hotel commission to look after the hotels and lodging houses that pay taxes to the state.

Another local bill by Mr. Blackburn increases the salary of the clerk of the Fulton county commissioners from $2,500 to $3,000 a year.

Among the local bills passed was one which abolishes the justices of the peace in the city of Columbus and creates a municipal court.

Ship Exemption Bill Loses.

A bill by Mr. Shuptrine to exempt from taxation ships and vessels engaged exclusively in foreign commerce was defeated, receiving 116 votes, with 34 against. Calling for a constitutional amendment, 126 votes were required for its passage.

Mr. Shuptrine explained that at present there was not a single ship of Georgia registry, and that the bill was designed to allow such registration, so that cotton and naval stores of the state might be quickly shipped. He said that if the bill was passed, Georgia would not lose a dollar. He gave notice of reconsideration.

A resolution by Mr. Cooper, of Ware, was adopted which calls for a special committee to ascertain if the hall of the house of representatives cannot be enlarged so as to accommodate the rapidly increasing membership. The committee is as follows: Mr. Cooper of Ware, Mr. Carithers of Barrow, and Mr. Andrews of Fulton.

The house adjourned until 11 o'clock Monday morning.

BIBLE CLASS TO HEAR SENATOR WALKER SPEAK

Senator John D. Walker, of Sparta, will address the Fellowship Bible class of St. John's Methodist church Sunday morning at 9:30, in the auditorium of the church.

The Fellowship Bible class is a remarkable class. It was organized the first of the year with seventeen members, and it now has an enrollment of ninety. Many of the best known citizens on the south side and in the vicinity of St. John church are numbered among its members.

The subject of Senator Walker's address will be, "The Dedication of Solomon's Temple." The public is cordially invited.

At First Methodist.

Dr. H. M. DuBose, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church, south, corner Peachtree and Porter place, will occupy the pulpit of his church on next Sunday, morning and evening. He will take for his morning subject: "The One Foundation." His evening subject will be: "Wanted—A Tenant." The evening service will be held upon the lawn of the church.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH WIRES TO BE USED FOR LONG DISTANCE

The Postal company yesterday inaugurated a long distance telephone-telegraph system, connecting a number of important southern cities.

Telephonic communication was established over the Postal's system Friday with Atlanta, Augusta, Charlotte, Birmingham, Nashville and Memphis. Lines are being extended to Aiken, S. C., Camden, S. C., Gainesville, Ga., Chattanooga, Decatur, Ala., Greensboro, N. C., Nashville, Raleigh, N. C., Rome, Ga., Spartanburg, S. C., and Lynchburg, Va.

The Postal telephone system proposes to lower present rates. The five-minute-conversation charge from Atlanta to Augusta is 70 cents, with a charge of 10 cents for each additional minute; to Charlotte, $1.25, 25 cents for each additional minute; Birmingham, 80 cents, 15 cents for each additional minute; Nashville, $1.45, 30 cents for each additional minute, and Memphis, $2, 40 cents for each additional minute.

The same system of carrying on telegraphic and telephonic communication over the same wires is operated by the Postal in vicinity of New Orleans and along the Pacific coast. It has proved a marked success. A reporter for The Contsitution, who talked over the Postal wires in the Postal headquarters Thursday afternoon, got in distinct connection with Charlotte and Augusta. The voices came plainly over the wires, with no buzzing or any indication of the telegraph traffic going over them.

Telephonic communication can be obtained only at the Postal offices. Recipients of long-distance calls are notified by service message sent through the telegraph department.

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Burning Ship Makes Port.

Durban, Africa, July 23.—(Via London.)—The Peninsular and Oriental line steamship Bonalla, on which fire broke out on her way through the Indian ocean from London for Australia with 800 emigrants on board, arrived here today with smoke still issuing from her hold.

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Sports

Valdosta Wins Flag Pennant by Forfeit

Edited By Dick Jemison

Errors Give Chicks Game; McDonald's Homer Gives Locals Their Two Tallies

By Herbert Caldwell.

Memphis, Tenn., July 23.—(Special.)—While the Crackers were looking for a place to light in Russwork park, the Chicks were doing some aggressive baseballing and before the Crackers located a firm foundation the Chicks had turned out enough runs to ultimately win a ball game. Score, 4 to 3.

Howard Merritt, of Memphis, and Herb Kelly, of Atlanta, two southsiders, enacted the pitching roles, and as Howard was rendered considerable more assistance than was the Atlanta left-thrower, Howard was crowned the victor.

Good, bad, indifferent and brilliant baseball was set before the fans, and out of the diamond goulash came the Memphis victory, due to the brilliancy shown by the Chick infield in the latter innings.

The Crackers made a hectic effort to recover lost ground in the last three frames, when their efforts were confronted with an impregnable inner works presented by Cruthers, Baldwin and Mitchell.

Errors Costly.

The Cracker infield absolutely refused to associate with the little round ball in the first two innings, and after they had gotten througa heaving the missile around they had thrown a victory into the laps of the Chicks.

Allison ran a score for the homelings in the opener. Pete hit a bouncer to McDonald at third, and the Cracker baseman, in his anxiety to beat "Pete the speeder," pulled Kauffman off the cushion. Cruthers dropped a sacrifice bunt at the feet of McDonald, and when Allison had quit running and sliding he was holding to third base with a hand. Stewart then grounded to Williams and Allison counted on the out. Lord lifted to center and ended the round.

The Crackers turned their backs to Kelly in the second and went on an aerial expedition. When they got all feet on the ground again, the Chicks had scored three times. Schlei singled to left for an opener. Eibel pushed Schlei to second by drawing a pass. Baldwin attempted a sacrifice bunt toward third, which Kelly tried to field. Baldwin had the roller beaten, but Kelly heaved anyhow and heaved over Kauffman's head. Schlei scored on Kelly's heave. Manning ran down the ball and in an effort to head off Eibel at third threw the ball away again and Eibel scored. During all this heaving Baldwin reached third. Mitchell sent a liner to center and Baldwin marked up another Chick tally. Howard Merritt helped Kelly out by striking out. Allison sent a liner into Williams' hands and Mitchell was doubled off first.

Crackers Score Two.

The Crackers pecked at Merritt without doing any damage until the seventh, when a pair of boots, one by Mitchell and one by Cruthers, aided the aliens in counting twice. Mitchell booted Rumler's grounder for a starter. Bisland grounded to Baldwin, who shut off Rumler at second, but Cruthers, in a hurry to complete a twin killing, threw over Eibel's head and Bisland moved on the keystone stop. Kelly struck out Howard. Merritt took on a new supply of the "weed" and then settled to pitch to McDonald. Mac rapped the first ball thrown into the left bleachers and loped home behind Bisland. Williams hit a hot grounder to Baldwin, who headed off Williams at first.

Lee opened the eighth for Atlanta with a single and stole second. Moran hit a long fly to Stewart and Lee, trying to move up on the out, perished at third, Stewart to Baldwin.

In the ninth Cruthers threw Kauffman out on what looked like a sure hit over second. Rumler went out, Baldwin to Eibel, and then Cruthers made another beautiful stop of Bisland's grounder and the frolic was over.

Today's game will be called in detail at Dick Jemison's baseball parlors, starting at 4 o'clock. Perry will face Keeley.

The Box Score.

MEMPHIS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Allison, cf.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Cruthers, 2b.	3	0	1	2	7	1
Stewart, rf.	4	0	1	1	1	0
Lord, lf.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Schlei, c.	3	0	1	2	3	1
Eibel, 1b.	3	1	2	3	1	0
Baldwin, 3b.	3	0	0	14	0	0
Mitchell, ss.	3	1	1	3	6	0
Merritt, p.	3	0	1	0	1	2
Totals.	29	4	9	27	16	3

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
McDonald, 3b.	4	1	1	1	2	0
Williams, 2b.	4	0	1	0	2	1
Lee, lf.	4	0	1	3	4	0
Moran, cf.	4	0	0	3	0	0
Manning, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Kauffman, 1b.	4	0	1	0	1	1
Rumler, c.	4	0	0	11	0	0
Bisland, ss.	4	0	1	3	1	0
Kelly, p.	4	1	0	2	3	0
Totals.	35	2	5	24	12	3

Score by innings:

	R.
Memphis.	130 000 00x—4
Atlanta.	000 000 200—2

Summary—Two-base hit, Manning; home run, McDonald; sacrifice hit, Cruthers; stolen base, Lee; double plays, Baldwin to Cruthers to Eibel, Stewart to Baldwin, Williams to Kauffman, Williams to Bisland to Kauffman; bases on balls, off Kelly 3; struck out, by Merritt 3, by Kelly 2. Time, 1:30. Umpires, Rudderham and Chestnutt.

ANOTHER DRAWN GAME IN SALLY

Macon and Columbus Clubs Play Nine Innings to an 8-to-8 Tie—Herndon's Hitting Features.

Macon, Ga., July 23.—Darkness ended a freakish game here today between Macon and Columbus, with the score 8 to 8. Fielding ranged from brilliant to ridiculous, three beautiful catches being made and several pop flies being dropped. The score was tied up several times by the Foxmen, who finaly took the lead, only to be tied up by Macon in the ninth, when Voss filled the bases with none out.

Wildness got Voss in trouble several times. Both sides hit at opportune moments, the locals especially.

Fix hit a home run over the right-field fence with one on in the seventh. Herndon got a clean hit each of the first four times at bat.

The Box Score.

COLUMBUS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Herndon, 3b.	5	2	4	1	4	1
Potts, 2b.	5	2	2	0	1	0
McDuff, ss.	4	0	0	3	4	2
Bowden, rf.	2	1	2	0	0	0
Folmer, cf.	5	0	1	2	0	0
Thompson, lf.	5	1	2	1	0	0
Krebs, c.	5	0	2	7	2	0
Fox, 1b.	5	0	1	14	0	1
Voss, p.	4	1	1	0	2	1
Redding, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.	40	8	15x26	13	5	

x-Mathews out bunting last strike.

MACON—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Neild, ss.	5	2	1	2	2	0
Mathews, cf.	4	1	0	3	0	1
Munn, 1b.	5	1	2	10	1	0
Chancey, lf.	3	2	2	0	1	0
Basham, c.	5	2	2	7	0	0
Moore, 3b.	2	1	0	0	1	1
May, rf.	5	0	1	2	1	0
Lokey, 2b.	4	0	0	2	1	0
Foster, p.	3	0	0	1	3	0
Martin, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.	37	8	8	27	11	3

Score by innings:

	R.
Columbus	002 021 300—8
Macon	112 020 101—8

Summary—Sacrifice hit, McDuff, Bowden, Mathews; two-base hits, Krebs, Thompson, Chancey; home run, Fox; stolen bases, Moore, May; double plays, Lokey to Neild to Munn; base on balls, off Foster 1, off Voss 5, off Martin 1; struck out, by Foster 5, by Voss 7, by Martin 1; passed balls, Krebs 1; wild pitches, Voss 1; innings pitched by Foster 1, 14 hits 8 runs, by Voss 8 1-3, 8 hits 7 runs. Time, 2:15. Umpires, Vitter and Ryan.

Standing of the Clubs

Southern League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
N. O.	56	39	.589
Memphis.	64	41	.568
B'ham.	51	43	.548
Nashville.	51	46	.631
Atlanta.	45	47	.489
Mobile.	45	48	.484
Chatta.	38	55	.409
L. R.	33	58	.363

American League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Boston.	55	29	.655
Chicago.	56	33	.629
Detroit.	53	32	.624
Wash'n.	42	43	.494
New York.	42	44	.488
St. Louis.	33	52	.388
Cleveland.	30	52	.366
Phila.	30	54	.357

National League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Phila.	45	36	.556
Brooklyn.	45	39	.536
Chicago.	43	41	.512
Pittsburg.	42	41	.506
St. Louis.	43	45	.489
Boston.	41	44	.482
New York.	38	41	.481
Cincin.	35	45	.437

Federal League.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago.	50	37	.575
Kan. City.	48	36	.571
Pittsburg.	45	38	.542
St. Louis.	46	39	.541
Newark.	42	43	.494
Brooklyn.	42	43	.467
Buffalo.	40	51	.440
Baltimore	31	54	.365

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Southern League.

Atlanta in Memphis; N. O. in Chattanooga. Mobile in L. R.; Birmingham in Nashville.

American League.

Washing'n in Detroit; Phil'a in Cleveland. N. Y. in Chicago; Boston in St. Louis.

National League.

Pittsburg in N. Y.; Cincinnati in Phila. Chicago in Boston; St. Louis in Brooklyn.

Federal League.

Brook'n in St. Louis; Baltimore in Chicago. Buff'o in Kan. City; Newark in Pittsburg.

LITTLE BOB WINS OVER PERRY ADAIR

And His Father Eliminates "Rube" Bush in Birmingham Tourney—Now in the Semi-Finals.

Birmingham, Ala., July 23.—(Special.) The Jones family, of Atlanta, jumped into the limelight in the Roebuck Spring invitation tournament here today by eliminating in the afternoon round of match play two of the strongest contestants for the big trophy.

"Little Bob" Jones eliminated Perry Adair in the afternoon round, but only after the hardest kind of a battle, the final score being 2 up and 1 to play. In the first round of match play in the morning he easily defeated David Roberts, Jr., of Birmingham, 4 up and 3 to play.

R. P. Jones, the youngster's father, accomplished an equally difficult feat in the afternoon round as his son did, by putting out Reuben G. Bush, of New Orleans, whom the galleries were picking to win the tournament. Mr. Jones won his match 3 up and 2 to play.

This puts the two Jones entries in the finals. In the morning round Saturday Jones, senior, meets William Badham, of Birmingham, and Jones, junior, meets Scott Probasco, of Chattanooga, the left-handed wizard.

In view of the interest in the matches to their nature are wishing that the two Jones are victors in the morning round so that father and son can play it off in the afternoon.

MACKLE TOURNAMENT WILL BEGIN TODAY

Capital City Country Club Golfers to Play Qualifying Round.

The golfers of the Capital City Country club will qualify today for play for the F. E. Mackle trophy. Players will qualify according to their gross scores, but club handicaps will apply in the match play rounds.

As many flights as are fill will be played. The first round of match play must be played by Wednesday, the second by Saturday, and the semi-finals by the following Wednesday and the finals by the following Saturday.

With the course in its present splendid condition and the ideal golfing weather that is prevailing, it is believed that a record entry list will be shown.

CARLETON SMITH IN COTTON STATES FINALS TODAY

Birmingham, Ala., July 23.—(Special.)—Carleton Smith, of Atlanta, defeated Allan Brooks, of Birmingham, in the ten semi-finals of the Cotton States Golf Tournament here today, and will meet Bartlett, of Birmingham, for the south's championship tomorrow.

EVERS AND QUIGLEY SETTLE DISPUTE

Boston, July 23.—The trouble between Umpire Quigley and Captain Evers, of the Boston Braves, which developed yesterday when the umpire is said to have punched Evers, claiming that the captain stepped on his foot, apparently was smoothed over today after President Tener, of the National league, had made a personal investigation of the incident. Before today's game started Quigley and Evers shook hands, settling the quarrel.

According to James Gaffney, owner of the Braves, Tener is inclined to let charges of incompetency Gaffney made against the umpire drop.

VETERAN MERRITT IS GIVEN RELEASE

Little Rock, Ark., July 23.—George Merritt, pitcher and utility player of the local team, has been released outright, because of an injured arm.

Flag League Pennant Given To Valdosta by Forfeit; Brunswick Players Strike

President Dick Jemison, of the F. L. A. G. league, last night awarded the post-season series and the pennant to the Valdosta club, following the refusal of the Brunswick players to play the game scheduled for Brunswick Friday.

Umpires White and Donahue declared the game Friday forfeited to the Valdosta team when the Brunswick players failed to appear at the park in uniform, Manager Reynolds being the only player on the team who was at the grounds ready to play.

The Brunswick players refusal to play was due to their demand that their back salaries be paid not being granted, nor absolute guarantee being forthcoming by the officers of the club that they would receive this money.

The officers of the club stated to league headquarters here last night that they had paid the players until July 1, and that they had not guaranteed their salaries since that date, informing them that if they wanted to play in the post-season series, they would have to do so by carrying the team at their own expense in the interim. Some of the players left immediately, but others stuck it out.

Shortly before game time Friday, a delegation from the players approached President Hopkins, of the Brunswick club, insisting that he guarantee their back salaries. When he refused they refused to play and the game was forfeited.

The Brunswick club is due the players about $350. This amount, the club believed, would be paid the players out of the Brunswick club's share from the post-season series, which they were going to turn over to the players in addition to the players' percentage of the receipts.

Brunswick fans believe that had the players finished the series, that they would have received every cent coming to them in addition to their share of the post-season games.

In the games played in the series, Valdosta won two and Brunswick one, the other two games necessary for Valdosta to win the pennant being declared forfeited to the Valdosta club by the league president.

CHICK EVANS MEETS STANDISH IN FINALS

Cleveland, Ohio, July 23.—History repeated itself today when "Chick" Evans defeated Ned Sawyer two and one in the semi-finals of the Western Amateur Golf championship. It was the same score by which Evans won from Sawyer in the semi-finals last year. Both are Chicago players.

Tomorrow the same men who met in Grand Rapids will meet. Jimmy Standish, Jr., of Detroit, will be Evans' opponent. He won today over H. P. Bingham, of Mayfield, 7 and 6.

The biggest gallery that ever saw a golf match in Cleveland followed Evans and Sawyer in their spectacular match. In but two stages of the game, from the first hole in the morning to the second one, and at the very last did Evans have a lead. At all other times the score favored Sawyer or was even.

Sawyer was leading four up at the tenth hole in the morning round. Evans cut it down to even on the seventeenth, but Sawyer took the eighteenth and at the lunch hour was one ahead. He had a good lead in the afternoon, but weakened near the finish.

Those who have followed "Chick's" previous events say he never played better than today.

It was a hard match to lose, as Sawyer has been making a hard fight for the title year after year, and he never played a better game than he did today.

FEDS PLANNING RAID ON ORGANIZED BASEBALL

Chicago, July 23.—Federal league magnates met here today and discussed plans for another raid on organized baseball.

According to President James Gilmore, it was decided to wait for a week or two, in the hope that Judge Landis' decision in the baseball suit would be handed down. Gilmore said the Federals had many stars of organized baseball in view and expected to get them when they bid for them.

Persons who claimed to know those on whom the Federal magnates have designs mentioned Vic Saier, Ty Cobb, Eddie Collins, "Home Run" Baker and Grover Alexander.

Those who attended the meeting were Ed Gwynner and C. B. Comstock, Pittsburg; Phil Ball and Otto Stifel, St. Louis; W. E. Robertson, Buffalo; D. J. Haff, Kansas City; P. T. Powers and Harry Sinclair, Newark; George S. Ward, Brooklyn; Charles Weeghman, Chicago; Henry Goodman, Baltimore.

LANGER SHATTERS SWIMMING MARKS

San Francisco, July 23.—Ludwig (Luddy) Langer, of Los Angeles, shattered two American amateur swimming records—the mile and half-mile tidal water marks—over a 110-yard course at the Panama-Pacific exposition today. He covered the mile in 24 minutes 59 2-5 seconds.

Langer's time at the half mile mark was 12 minutes and 6 seconds, lowering the American record he made last Wednesday of 12:08 2-5.

The broken mile record of 25 minutes 40 2-5 seconds was made by J. H. Reilly at New York in 1911.

The champion's time of 18 minutes 33 1-5 seconds at the three-quarter mile mark and his time at 1,540 yards of 21 minutes 49 2-5 seconds are said also to be new records.

Winder 11, Lavonia 3.

Winder, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Winder defeated the crack team of Lavonia today by the score of 11 to 3. The features of the game was three double plays by Winder team and the heavy hitting of Queen, for the visitors.

Lavonia	3	8	4
Winder	11	13	4

Batteries—Queen and McCall; Lyle and Doster.

Dundee Bests Rivers.

New York, July 23.—Johnny Dundee outfought Joe Rivers in their ten-round bout in Brooklyn tonight. Dundee had the better of every round excepting the tenth, which was even. In the fourth round Dundee almost knocked Rivers out with a right to the jaw.

AMATEUR GAMES

Sunday School League.

Jackson Hill v. Agora Feds at Piedmont.
North Avenue v. West End at Piedmont.

Federal League.

Whittier v. Gate City at Gate City.
Atlanta Cubs v. W. A. A. C. at Maddox park.
Lakeview v. Scottdale at Scottdale.

City League.

Texas v. Postoffice at Inman Yards.
Atlanta National v. Bagwell Business at Marist.
Southern R. F. T. v. Southern R. I. Y. at Hill's park.

Tennis at College Park.

The College Park Tennis club announces the opening of its second annual tournament on August 7, 1915. Entrance fee $1 for singles, 50 cents for doubles. Free for all players of College Park, East Point, Hapeville and southern Fulton. Call or see L. M. Schoeller at Schoeller's Pharmacy, College Park, Ga. Phone East Point 141.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

White Sox 3 Yanks 2.

Chicago, July 23.—Chicago made it three straight from New York today by winning, 3 to 2, in a ninth-inning finish. John Collins' single, his steal of second, his taking third on a short passed ball and scoring on a short sacrifice fly gave Chicago the game. Cicotte pitched a masterly game until the eighth.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
New York.	000 000 011—2	5	0
Chicago.	011 000 001—3	7	1

Batteries—Warhop, Donovan and Sweeney; Cicotte and Mayer.

Tigers 2, Senators 1.

Detroit, July 23.—Coveleskie outpitched Gallia and Ayres today and won from Washington, 2 to 1. Wild throws by McBride and Neff and Stanage's single gave Detroit its two runs in the fifth inning. A base on balls, Foster's single and a double steal, in which Moeller reached the plate, produced the visitors' tally.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Washington.	000 001 000—1	3	2
Detroit.	000 020 00x—2	7	0

Batteries—Gallia, Ayres and Henry; Coveleskie and Stanage.

Indians 11, Athletics 3.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 23.—Cleveland defeated Philadelphia, 11 to 3, today. Bressler and Pepper being wild and ineffective. Careless base-running held Cleveland's score down.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia.	010 002 000—	3	8
Cleveland.	204 103 10x—11	12	2

Batteries—Mitchell and O'Neill; Bressler, Pepepr and Lapp. McAvoyl.

Red Sox 8, Browns 3.

St. Louis, July 23.—Boston today defeated St. Louis, 8 to 3. Lowdermilk and Leverenz were wild and were hit hard. Leonard, who started for Boston, was hit in the knee by Lowdermilk in the fourth and had to retire. Gregg replaced him, but was wild and in turn was replaced by Collins. After the fifth Collins allowed St. Louis one hit.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston.	102 011 210—8	9	1
St. Louis.	002 010 000—3	7	1

Batteries—Leonard, Gregg, Collins and Carrigan; Lowdermilk, Leverenz and Ruel, Severod, Agnew.

Parrott 8, Cuthbert 4.

Cuthbert, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Parrott beat Cuthbert on the local diamond today by the score of 8 to 4. The feature of the game was the pitching of Waller, for Parrott, who struck out fifteen men and gave up but four hits. Batteries—Parrott, Waller and Morgan; Cuthbert, Ammons and Patterson.

Ouimet in Finals.

Newton, Mass., July 23.—Francis Ouimet, national amateur champion, and W. C. Chick, an intercollegiate title holder, reached the finals in the Massachusetts Amateur Golf association tournament today. Ouimet beat Percy Schofield and Chick eliminated S. K. Sterne, of Tatnuck.

The finalists will play 36 holes for the title tomorrow.

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NATIONAL LEAGUE

Pirates Win Two.

New York, July 23.—Pittsburg defeated New York in two games of a double-header today, 6 to 1 and 4 to 3. In the first game Pittsburg bunched four hits on Mathewson in the third inning and four more on Ritter in the fifth, scoring three runs each time. In the second game Tesreau allowed two runs in the first inning and then was almost invincible until the ninth, when, with a one-run lead, he permitted three bunched hits, giving Pittsburg two runs and the game. Catcher Dooin, of New York, was ordered off the field in the second inning of the second game, and two innings later Umpire Klem cleaned the entire Giant bench, chasing fourteen players.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg.	003 030 000—6	10	2
New York.	100 000 000—1	9	1

Batteries—Adams and Schang; Mathewson, Ritter and Dooin.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg.	200 000 002—4	8	1
New York.	020 001 000—3	5	1

Batteries—Mamaux, Cooper and Gibson, Shang; Tesreau and Meyers.

Braves 2, Cubs 1.

Boston, July 23.—Boston beat Chicago, 2 to 1, in an eleven-inning game today. Singles by Magee and Schmidt, a sacrifice by Smith, followed by Maranville's hit, put the winning run in by Vaughn. A wild throw to the plate by Smith allowed Chicago to score her single run.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago.	000 000 100 00—1	6	0
Boston.	000 001 000 01—2	7	3

Batteries—Vaughn, Humphries and Bresnahan; Tyler and Whaling.

Dodgers 9, Cards 7.

Brooklyn, July 23.—Brooklyn beat St. Louis today, 9 to 7, in a free hitting and loosely fielded game. Brooklyn took an early lead when Hyatt lost Cutshaw's fly in the sun in the second inning, and before the Brooklyns were retired six runs crossed the plate. The Cardinals then made a great uphill fight. Snyder gave Brooklyn two more runs in the fifth by hitting Wheat on the head with a thrown ball when the runner was trapped between third and home.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis.	100 130 110—7	7	2
Brooklyn.	060 020 01x—9	13	3

Batteries—Doak, Niehaus and Snyder, Gonzales; Dell, Appleton, Pfeffer and O. Miller.

Reds 3, Phillies 2.

Philadelphia, July 23.—Bad work on the bases by both teams figured largely in Cincinnati's tenth-inning 3 to 2 victory today over Philadelphia.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati.	000 000 020 1—3	9	1
Philadelphia.	000 000 101 0—2	8	1

Batteries—Toney, Benton, Dale and Clark, Von Kolnitz; Chalmers, Baumgartner, Rixey and B. Killifer.

AMATEURS IN DOUBLE-HEADER AT PONCEY

The flag winner in the local Electric Amateur league will be decided when the Southern Bell and the Georgia Power company hook up in the final and deciding games of the season at Ponce de Leon. A double bill will be staged, as it rained when the teams were scheduled to meet last.

Both the Georgia Power team and the Southern Bell are among the fastest teams playing amateur ball in the city and the two games this afternoon are sure to be hard fought affairs from the start.

The first game is scheduled to begin at 2:45, and an admission fee of 25 cents will be charged.

Lafayette 7, Dadeville 2.

Lafayette, Ala., July 23.—(Special.)—Drivers' home run, Wood's two-bagger and Schuessler's pitching for Lafayette were the features of a listless contest between Lafayette and Dadeville. Schuessler gave up three hits and fanned ten batsmen.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Dadeville.	020 000 000—2	2	4
Lafayette.	005 000 02x—7	9	0

Batteries—Scott, Williams and Smith; Schuessler and Walton.

FEDERAL LEAGUE

Brooklyn 6, St. Louis 4.

St. Louis, July 23.—Timely hitting today helped Brooklyn beat St. Louis, 6 to 4. Crandall allowed the visitors ten hits, but Watson, who relieved him in the eighth, held them hitless. Magee hit a home run.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn.	001 101 210—6	10	2
St. Louis.	100 002 010—4	9	4

Batteries—Marion and Simon; Crandall, Watson and Hartley.

Buffalo 7, Kansas City 5.

Kansas City, July 23.—A defeat for Kansas City and a victory for Chicago over Baltimore drove Kansas City from top place in the Federal standing today. Four home runs by Buffalo helped them to their 7 to 5 victory.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo.	301 100 011—7	11	1
Kansas City.	010 000 211—5	11	0

Batteries—Schulz, Bedient and Allen; Johnson, Henning and Brown.

Chicago 4, Baltimore 1.

Chicago, July 23.—Held to three hits by Prendergast, while Chicago pounded Suggs, Baltimore again lost today, 4 to 1.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore.	000 100 000—1	3	0
Chicago.	000 220 00x—4	11	0

Batteries—Suggs, Conley, Leclair and Jacklitsch; Prendergast and Clemons.

Pittsburg 3, Newark 1.

Pittsburg, July 23.—The Newark Federals lost to Pittsburg today, 3 to 1. Laporte's error was responsible for Pittsburg's first two runs, and the third came with Berghammer's base on balls, his steal of second and Wickland's hit. Scheer's triple and an out at first scored Newark's run.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Newark.	000 000 100—1	8	1
Pittsburg.	002 010 00x—3	8	0

Batteries—Kaiserling, Moran and Rariden; Knetzer and Berry.

QUERIES ANSWERED

(Under this head the sporting editor will endeavor to answer all questions pertaining to all branches of sports.)

Man on first. Batter hits to right field crowd, which entitles him to two bases according to ground rule. Fielder throws ball in to second baseman, who misses it. Can man on first score or must he be held on third?

He must stay on third, as ball is dead until it is returned to the pitcher in his box in position to pitch to the next batsman.

G. C. J.

LAYDEN EN ROUTE TO JOIN YANKS

Columbia, S. C., July 23.—Outfielder Eugene Layden, sold by the Columbia South Atlantic league baseball club, was en route today to join the New York Americans. Services for 1916 of Catcher Connolly, Outfielders Nally and Worrell, Pitchers Spadd and Green and Infielder Bernsen, of the Columbia club, were secured by the club in special contracts signed last night, it was announced today.

YANKS BUY MILLER FROM THE GULLS

Mobile, Ala., July 23.—(Special.)—Announcement was made here today of the purchase by the New York American league club of Centerfielder Elmer Miller, of the Mobile Southern league team. The purchase is said to be $4,000. Miller has been playing substantial ball all the season and is batting .300. He came to Mobile in 1913 from the Duluth club of the Northern Michigan league.

Dawson 8, Hawkinsville 2.

Dawson, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Dawson won its fifth straight game from Hawkinsville here today by the score of 8 to 2. Davis was opposed by Gheesling, and the former pitched better ball with his team mates playing air-tight in the pinches. The feature of the game was the hitting of the Thrasher brothers, for Dawson, Larien getting a single, double and triple out of five times up, and Ike getting a single and a home run out of two trips up.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Dawson.	202 200 11x—8	8	2
Hawkinsville.	002 000 000—2	6	4

Batteries—Davis and Harper; Gheesling and Weaver, Reynolds. Umpires, Valden and Cocke.

Lawrenceville 13, Conyers 1.

Lawrenceville, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Lawrenceville experienced little trouble in defeating Conyers Wednesday on the latter's grounds, the final score being 13 to 1. Batteries—Lawrenceville, Nix and Kelley; Conyers, Summers and Evans.

FEDERAL LEAGUE

Vols 6, Barons 3.

Nashville, Tenn., July 23.—Perryman was hit hard in every inning, and Nashville took the opening game of the series with Birmingham by a score of 6 to 3. A part of the proceeds from the game went to the local Woman's Suffrage league, and prizes were offered the players. Dodge singled safely on each of his four appearances at the plate.

The Box Score.

BIRMINGHAM—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Sloan, rf.	5	1	2	1	0	0
Magee, cf.	3	1	3	0	1	0
Coyle, 1b.	3	0	1	9	1	0
Coombs, lf.	3	0	0	2	1	0
Lindsay, 3b.	4	0	1	2	2	0
Ellam, ss.	4	0	1	2	4	0
Clark, 2b.	4	1	1	2	4	0
Hale, c.	4	0	2	4	2	2
Perryman, p.	4	0	1	3	1	0
xMolesworth.	3	0	0	1	1	0
	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.	34	3	11	24	13	2

xBatted for Perryman in ninth.

NASHVILLE—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Kircher, lf.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Stark, ss.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Baker, rf.	3	0	1	2	2	0
Paulet, 1b.	3	0	1	0	2	0
Farmer, cf.	4	1	2	13	0	0
Sheehan, 2b.	4	1	2	3	1	0
Dodge, 3b.	4	2	1	0	3	0
Street, c.	4	1	1	1	1	0
Berger, p.	3	0	0	7	4	0
	3	0	0	0	4	0
Totals.	31	6	12	27	15	0

Score by innings:

	R.
Birmingham.	000 011 100—3
Nashville.	031 001 10x—6

Summary—Two-base hits, Magee, Ellam, Clark, Farmer 2; three-base hit, Magee; double plays, Lindsay to Coyle to Lindsay, Lindsay to Clark to Coyle, Berger to Street to Paulet; left on bases, Birmingham 7, Nashville 9; struck out, by Perryman 3, by Berger 6; bases on balls, off Berger 2; wild pitch, Perryman; hit by pitcher, Stark, Sheehan; sacrifice hits, Coyle, Baker; stolen bases, Dodge 2, Sheehan, Street, Sloan, Coyle. Time, 2:05. Umpires, O'Toole and Kerin.

Travelers 7, Gulls 0.

Little Rock, Ark., July 23.—Little Rock pounded Holmquist hard today and defeated Mobile, 7 to 0. Couchman held the visitors to four scattered hits.

The Box Score.

MOBILE—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Northern, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Miller, cf.	4	0	1	2	1	0
Flick, 2b.	4	0	1	2	1	0
Burke, lf.	4	0	1	2	4	0
Baumgardner, 3b	3	0	1	1	0	0
Calhoun, 1b.	3	0	1	9	2	0
Dobard, ss.	3	0	0	1	4	0
Schmidt, c.	2	0	0	15	0	0
Holmquist, p.	3	0	0	1	4	0
	3	0	0	1	1	0
Totals.	29	0	4	24	16	0

LITTLE ROCK—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Jantzen, cf.	3	1	0	2	0	0
Starr, 2b.	4	1	2	1	2	0
Messenger, rf.	2	1	1	1	0	0
Baker, 3b.	3	2	2	0	1	0
Howard, lf.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Covington, 1b.	4	0	1	11	0	0
Downey, ss.	3	1	1	3	3	0
Gibson, c.	3	1	1	9	1	0
Couchman, p.	2	0	0	0	1	0
Totals.	28	7	9	27	9	0

Score by innings:

	R.
Mobile.	000 000 000—0
Little Rock.	400 200 01x—7

Summary—Two-base hits, Messenger, Gibson; three-base hits, Starr, Burke, Howard; stolen bases, Baker 2, Howard 2; sacrifice hit, Messenger; sacrifice fly, Couchman; struck out, by Couchman 4; bases on balls, off Couchman 1, off Holmquist 3; left on bases, Mobile 3, Little Rock 2. Time, 1:20. Umpires, Pfenniger and Williams.

OTHER RESULTS

Carolina League.

Win.-S. 4, Asheville 0; Char'e 4, Green'

HONEST MESSENGER GIVEN REWARD OF $5 FOR RETURN OF COAT

A messenger boy received a reward of $5 for the return to the Winecoff hotel Friday of a coat he had picked up on Peachtree street, which had blown from the window of the room occupied by J. E. Smith, warden of the state prison farm at Milledgeville. There was $75 in a pocket of the coat.

A gust of wind had blown Warden Smith's coat out of the window and the coat landed on Peachtree, near the intersection of North Broad, after being blown over the tops of several buildings.

The warden was in Atlanta on business with the legislature and for the state prison farm. He returned Friday to Milledgeville.

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ATLANTA BATTERY BOYS PUT IN STRENUOUS DAYS

Find That Practice on Government Target Range Is Hard Work.

By J. Walter LeCraw.

Anniston, Ala., July 23.—(Special.)—The boys of the Atlanta artillery, Battery B, who are encamped here at Camp John T. Morgan, declared almost unanimously tonight as they limped toward their tents with tired bodies and aching limbs that the past two days have been the hardest and most strenuous they have ever spent.

Each day they have driven the cannon over rough country roads to the government target range, eight miles distant from the camp, going through extensive maneuvers and skirmishes to obtain the best possition for attack on an imaginary enemy whose position was described to them, and then when the guns were planted for action firing round after round at the targets pointed out to them over two miles distant.

Captain William M. Michel, of the Third United States field artillery, who is commanding officer of Camp John T. Morgan, and Lieutenant B. M. Bailey, United States artillery instructor-inspector, had general charge of the work for instruction purposes. To a large extent, however, they left the actual command, both of the maneuvers and the firing, to Captain A. J. McBride, Jr., and Lieutenants Mangum, Wilson, Tidwell and Tigne, of the Atlanta battery.

In one branch of the work—field telephone and signal communication—the Atlanta battery failed to "deliver the goods," according to the commanding officers, and a corps of men from Battery C, Third United States field artillery, had to supply the communication service in order for the firing to proceed. However, in every other branch of the work, and especially in the firing of the guns and moving them over rough roads, the Atlanta boys did excellently, and were praised by the army officers. The maneuvers and target work will continue tomorrow, and extensive practice will be held in the field communication work, so that the Atlanta battery may become efficient in this as well as in the other branches of field artillery action.

Although sore and almost worn out by the heavy work they have gone through, to which they were totally unaccustomed, the Atlanta boys have held up remarkably well. By the end of the ten days' camp it is believed that they will be hardened almost enough to become "regulars," and, in fact, two of the Atlanta boys have already expressed the intention of enlisting in the army artillery as soon as the camp is over.

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JOKE ON JOE POTTLE; STILL IS FOUND ON SOLICITOR'S FARM

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—United States district court officers are chuckling over a good joke they have on Solicitor Joe Pottle, of te Ocmulgee circuit, and Mr. Pottle is grinning a bit over it himself. The joke lies in the fact that revenue officers located a moonshine still on the solicitor's farm.

Onnie Butts and Oscar Herindinge, two young white men, alleged operators of the distillery, were arrested and today Butts entered a plea of guilty. Herindinge denied any connection with the operation of the plant.

Solicitor Pottle was surprised when he learned that moonshiners had "squatted" on his farm.

Thomas J. Averett, a white man, was also before the United States commissioner here today charged with operating an illicit distillery. A "still" of the most primitive kind was found on his place. He was bound over to the grand jury.

AGED BIBB NEGRO IS BADLY BEATEN BY NIGHT RIDERS

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Night riders appear to be abroad in Bibb county, the sheriff's office having been asked today to investigate the whipping of George Brown, an aged negro, by four masked white men last night on W. H. Manfield's farm below the city.

The party went to Brown's house, took him out in the yard and beat him so badly that he is now in the Macon hospital in a critical condition. Brown was found lying in the yard this morning by Mr. Mansfield.

The men all wore masks and their identity is unknown, though Mr. Mansfield has offered a reward for a clue to their identity. It is thought they are men who have been fishing on the Mansfield farm recently, after orders have been given not to do so.

SAY BANKRUPT DEEDED 450-ACRE FARM TO WIFE

Macon, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Charging that J. A. Harper, a former Macon merchant, who was adjudicated a bankrupt some time ago, transferred a 450-acre farm to his wife when he knew he was insolvent, with a view to defrauding his creditors, A. O. B. Sparks, trustee of the bankrupt estate, today filed a petition in the United States district court asking that the deed be cancelled. It is claimed the deed was without fair consideration, and was received by Mrs. Harper with the knowledge of the insolvency of the grantor.

STATESBORO IS HOST TO COLUMBUS AUTOISTS

Statesboro, Ga., July 23.—(Special.) The keys of Statesboro were turned over to the Columbus automobilists tonight.

The first eight or ten cars reached here at 8 o'clock, being met several miles out by a committee of citizens. They were escorted to the Jaeckel hotel, where they were banqueted by the Statesboro Board of Trade. It is understood that one hundred and one left Dublin, but four cars dropped out before reaching here. During the banquet music was furnished. The dining room was decorated and the visitors were shown every attention. Impromptu speeches were made by citizens and visitors.

CHATFIELD NAMED PRESIDING ELDER

Camilla, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Rev. J. P. Chatfield, pastor of the Methodist church, of this city, has been appointed presiding elder of the Columbus district, to succeed the late Dr. A. M. Williams. Mr. Chatfield has been pastor here for four years.

GARDNER NAMED CLERK MACON COUNTY COURT

Oglethorpe, Ga., July 23.—(Special.) In a special election held today to elect a clerk of the court to fill the unexpired term of C. A. Powell, deceased, W. H. Gardner was elected by five majority as clerk of Macon county court.

HIGHWAY BOOSTERS CALLED TO MEETING AT DUBLIN MONDAY

Dublin, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Committees from all the counties along the "Right Route" of the Dixie highway, appointed at the recent meeting in Swainsboro, are called to meet in Dublin next Monday morning at 10 o'clock. The meeting will be held in the chamber of commerce rooms and all interested citizens are invited to be present.

It had been planned to hold the meeting on July 23, when the Columbus-Savannah Dixie Overland Highway party comes through Dublin. But this will not stop long enough to do this on its outward trip.

However, the party will stop on the return trip Monday, July 26, arriving here about 1 o'clock and spending the afternoon in Dublin. Hence this call for the meeting of the boosters of the Dixie highway in the morning of the 26th.

In the afternoon, on the 26th, Dublin will entertain the committeemen of the "Right Route" Dixie highway proposition, and the Dixie-ovefland party from Columbus. The route of the proposed Dixie Overland highway traverses all the counties at present interested in the "Right Route," except Twiggs and Bibb.

This joint afternoon session should prove to be "some" good roads meeting.

JUDGE RAISES BOND OF MISS GRIFFIN; FELONY IS CHARGED

The bond of $1,000 required of Miss Stella Griffin, the former trained nurse and stenographer held on "criminal conspiracy" charges, was raised to $2,000 yesterday morning when Judge Eugene D. Thomas, of the municipal division, postponed her case until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

The postponement was decided upon when felony charges were brought against Miss Griffin and her alleged co-conspirators, all of whose bonds were raised by Judge Thomas. Judge R. R. Jackson, counsel for the accused girl, was required to give bond of $1,000 instead of the original bond of $500; C. E. Garrett's bond was raised to $2,000; R. C. Palmer's $2,000, and T. E. Polhill $1,000.

Polhill and Miss Griffin remain in jail, having been there since last Monday afternoon when they were imprisoned on warrants issued during course of trial of the charges the girl had pressed against George Rauch. It was at Rauch's instigation that Colonel T. B. Felder swore warrants charging criminal conspiracy against the girl and her four associates. Miss Griffin claimed that Rauch had given her a $1,200 check for "heart balm" and had forcibly took it away from her.

The trial was set for Friday morning at 10 o'clock. When Colonel Felder appeared before Judge Thomas, however, announcing that he wanted the charge to embrace felony so that he could press additional charges of blackmail and others if he saw fit, Judge Jackson pleaded for time to reconsider his case.

CORONER SEEKING TO IDENTIFY MAN KILLED BY TRAIN

An all-day search by the coroner and attaches of the H. M. Patterson undertaking establishment, North Forsyth street, for the relatives of an unidentified man, found dead Friday morning at the western end of the Inman Yards, and believed to be killed by a freight train, proved unavailing up to a late hour last night.

The initials "R. E. V." on his collar form the only clue to his identity, and a search of the city directory gives no name of these initials.

The man wore a suit of black clothes. He had gray eyes, black hair and heavy eyelashes and a gold upper front tooth. He was about 5 feet 11 inches tall. Over his suit he wore blue overalls.

Had to Hunt Clothes Before They Arrested Women, Say Officers

In a raid on an apartment house at No. 49 Washington street, Friday, when two women and one man were arrested by call officers, the arresting officers declared that they had to scout around to get clothing for the women, who, they declared, were too scantily clad, before they could arrest them.

They were carried to police barracks, where they gave the names of Mrs. Lillian Peters, of Columbia, S. C., and Miss Ruth Walton, of the same address, and J. G. Lovett, of 49 Washington.

Their cases were set for Saturday morning at 8:30 o'clock, when they will face Recorder Johnson on charges of disorderly conduct.

JACK MILLER GIVEN RESPITE BY GOVERNOR

Quitman, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Jack Miller, sentenced to be hanged here today, has been respited until August 27 by Governor Harris. No reason was given for the respite in the governor's telegram to Sheriff Wade.

OPPORTUNITY

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GINNERS OF GEORGIA FORM ORGANIZATION

Veigh Cockrum Outlines Advantages to Be Derived From Co-operation.

About threescore of ginners from all sections of Georgia convened Friday at the convention hall of the Hotel Ansley to organize the Georgia Ginners' association, which will be affiliated with the Ginners' association, an organization comprising eleven states, with Veigh Cockrum as president.

A. Whittaker, of Conyers, Ga., was nominated for president, but it is probable that he will be ruled out this morning at the formal election, since he is not a member of the new organization. Members of the association last night were of the belief that J. T. Harrod, of Dot, Ga., would be chosen president for the ensuing year. The convention will adjourn today at noon following the election.

J. A. Lancaster, who is here from the general offices of the association at Memphis, Tenn., has been designated as district manager for the general association, with headquarters in Atlanta. His district will comprise Georgia, Florida and the Carolinas.

President Cockrum outlined some of the plans and purposes of the organization, pointing out the co-operative method by which cotton bagging is purchased for the members at a closer quotation than is offered by other concerns, the insurance features of the association and the periodical reports of the cotton situation as furnished by the association.

Mr. Cockrum stated that the insurance department of the association would meet in Memphis probably on August 17-19 inclusive to outline further plans for the insurance department of the association. In the past the members whose gins burned down have been reimbursed to the amount of three-fourths of their loss by donations from other members. This plan will be amended at the meeting next month.

Letters have been received in Atlanta from J. A. Taylor, of Memphis, attacking Mr. Cockrum and his organization. Mr. Taylor is president of the National Ginners' association. Mr. Cockrum announced that the Taylor organization was in no way connected with the Ginners' association, of which he is president.

WEEKLY REVIEW WOOLEN MARKET

Boston, July 23.—There has been a brisker tone in the wool market and fully an average volume of business has been transacted, with prices ruling very firm all around. The sales again included a considerable proportion of fine foreign wools at full recent rates.

London has shown little change in the last week. Australia has been irregular.

Kentucky and similar: One-half blood, unwashed, 35; three-eights blood, unwashed, 28½@29½.

Scoured basis: Texas, fine, 12 months, 68@70; fine, 8 months, 60@63.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, July 23.—The strength of both lard and cotton today inspired a covering movement in cotton seed oil which advanced prices 4 to 9 points over last night. Refineries also bought a little and August was taken by commission houses near the close. Sales, 6,000 barrels.

Range New York futures Friday:

	Opening.	Closing.
Spots		6.03@6.20
July	5.99@6.00	6.03@6.15
August	6.05@6.06	6.13@6.15
September	6.05@6.07	6.19@6.12
October	6.07@6.08	6.09@6.10
November	5.98@6.05	6.04@6.08
December	6.08@6.10	6.10@6.12
January	6.13@6.14	6.16@6.19
February	6.18@6.21	6.20@6.25

Metals.

New York, July 23.—Lead offered, $5.55; speiter, not quoted.

At London—Lead, £24 10s; spelter, £96.

Copper, easy; electrolytic, $10.00@19.50.

Iron quiet and unchanged. Tin, easy, $36.25@39.75.

At London—Spot copper, £74 10s; futures, £75 15s 6d; electrolytic, £89 10s.

Spot tin, £162 10s; futures, £160 5s. Antimony, £125.

Will Speak on Way Bill.

Dr. H. H. Proctor will fill the pulpit at both services at the First Congregational church, colored, Sunday. At 11 a. m. he will speak on "An Evaluation of Faith as an Element in Success." At 8 p. m. he will speak on the topic, "Shall We Go Back to Moses, or Stand With Jesus in the Observance of the Sabbath? An Examination and Refutation of the Claims of the Sabbatarians." In his prelude he will speak on "The Attitude of the Best White People of the Community Toward the Way Bill."

Gold Output of Alaska.

Washington, July 23.—Alaska's gold production in 1914 was valued at $19,764,250, an increase of $140,000 over the previous year, figures made public today by the geological survey showed. Production of copper amounted to 21,450,628 pounds, against 21,659,958 in 1913. The total mineral output was $19,118,080 compared with $19,476,356 in 1913.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

(Corrected by the Fidelity Fruit and Produce Company.)

Cantaloupes, crate .75c@1.00
Oranges, California $4.00@4.50
Apples, June, bushel .65@90c
Peaches, crate .50c@1.00
Watermelons, each .3@20c
Pineapples $1.25@1.75
Lemons $2.75@3.25
Onions, crate $1.00@1.25
Potatoes, new, barrel $1.50@2.00
Tomatoes, fancy .75c@1.00
Egg plant $1.00
Beans, green, drum .25@40c
Squash, drum .25@35c
Okra, drum .75c@1.00
Peppers, crate $1.00
Lettuce, crate $1.25
Corn, dozen .10@12½c

POULTRY AND EGGS.

Hens, alive, pound 12@13c
Fries, alive, pound 16@18c
Ducks, pound 11@12c
Hens, dressed, pound 15@16c
Fries, dressed, pound 20@22c
Roosters, each 25@30c
Guineas, each 25@30c
Eggs, loss off 14@15c

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.

(By W. H. White, Jr., of the White Provision Co.)

Good to choice steers, 800 to 900 pounds, $6.50 to $6.75.

Good steers, 700 to 800 pounds, $6.25 to $6.50.

Medium to good steers, 700 to 800 pounds, $6.00 to $6.25.

Good to choice beef cows, 800 to 900 pounds, $5.50 to $6.00.

Medium to good cows, 700 to 750 pounds, $4.50 to $5.00.

Good to choice heifers, 650 to 750 pounds, $4.50 to $5.00.

The above represents the ruling price of good quality beef cattle. Inferior grades and dairy types selling lower.

Medium to good steers, 800 to 900 pounds, $6.25 to $6.75.

Medium to good cows, 700 to 800 pounds, $4.00 to $4.50.

Mixed common, $3.50 to $4.00.

Good fat oxen, $4.00 to $6.00.

Medium fat oxen, $4.00 to $4.50.

Good butcher bulls, $3.50 to $4.50.

Prime hogs, 160 to 200 pounds, $7.50 to $7.85.

Good butcher hogs, 140 to 160 pounds, $7.40 to $7.60.

Good butcher pigs, 100 to 140 pounds, $7.00 to $7.25.

Light pigs, 80 to 100 pounds, $6.80 to $7.00.

Heavy rough hogs, 200 to 300 pounds, $6.50 to $6.75.

Above quotations apply to cornfed hogs. Meat and peanut fattened 1½ to 2c under.

Receipts of cattle light. Market steady on all best grades; weak and lower on inferior kinds.

Hogs unchanged to a shade lower.

FLOUR, HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

(Corrected by W. S. Duncan Co.)

Flour, Sacked, Per Barrel—Victory (in 48-pound towel bags), $7.25; Victory (our finest patent), $7.10; Nell Rose (self-rising), $6.85; Nell Rose (self-rising, 12-pound sacks), $7.00; Gloria (self-rising), $7.00; Sure Biscuit (self-rising), $6.85; White Lily (self-rising), $6.85; White Lily (self-rising, 12-pound sacks), $7.00; Puritan (highest patent), $6.75; Home Queen (highest patent), $6.75; White Cloud (high patent), $6.60; White Daisy (high patent), $6.60; Ocean Spray (good patent), $6.35; Southern Star (good patent), $6.35; Sun Rise (good patent), $6.35.

Meal, Sacked, Per Bushel—Meal, plain, 144-pound sacks, $1.02; 96-pound sacks, $1.03; 48-pound sacks, $1.05; 24-pound sacks, $1.07.

Grain, Sacked, Per Bushel—Corn, No. 2 white R. C. milling, $1.04; corn, No. 2 white, $1.03; corn, mixed, $1.02; oats, fancy white clipped, 67 cents; oats, No. 2 white clipped, 66 cents; oats, No. 2 white, 65 cents; red rust proof oats, 160-pound sacks, 62 cents.

Seeds, Sacked, Per Bushel—Orange cane seed, $1.06; seed barley, $1.20.

Hay, Etc.—Alfalfa hay No. 1, $1.20; timothy No. 1, small bales, $1.40; clover mixed hay, small bales, $1.25; straw, 65 cents; C. S. meal, Harper's Prime, $28.00; C. S. hulls, square sacks, $8.75.

Chicken Feed, Per Cwt.—Aunt Patsy bales, 4 25-lb. sacks, $2.40; Aunt Patsy mash, 100-lb. sacks, $2.40; Purina Chowder, 100-lb. sacks, $2.50; Purina pigeon feed, 100-lb. sacks, $2.60; Purina scratch, 12-pkg. bales, $2.50; Purina scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.45; Victory baby chick, 100-lb. sacks, $2.40; Victory scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.30; Daisy scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.15; beef scraps, per 100-lb sacks, $3.35; beef scraps, per 50-lb. sacks, $1.85; oyster shell, per 100-lb. sacks, 75c.

Ground Feed, Per Cwt.—Arab horse feed, $1.80; Re-Peter horse feed, $1.80; King Corn horse feed, $1.75; A. B. C. horse, $1.55; June Pasture dairy feed, $1.55; alfalfa meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.55; beet pulp, 100-lb. sacks, $1.70.

Shorts, Bran and Mill Feed—Fancy mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.95; P. W. mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.85; brown shorts, 100-lb. sacks, $1.80; germ meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.65; bran P. W., 100-lb. sacks, $1.40; bran P. W., 75-lb. sacks, $1.40.

Salt—Salt brick (med.), per case, $5.10; salt brick (plain), per case, $2.35; salt, Ozone, 20-pkgs., per case, $1.00; salt, Ozone, 25 pkgs., per case, 85c; salt, Red Rock, per cwt., $1.10; salt, Chipewa, 100-lb. sacks, 55c; salt, Chippewa, 50-lb. sacks, 32c; salt, Chippewa, 25-lb. sacks, 19c; salt, V. P., 100-lb. sacks, 55c; salt, V. P., 50-lb. sacks, 32c; salt, V. P., 25-lb. sacks, 19c.

GROCERIES.

(Corrected by Oglesby Grocery Company.)

Candy—Stick, 7½; mixed, 7½; chocolate, 12½.

Canned Goods—Pork and beans, 1s, 2s and 3s, $1.00 to $4.20. Corn, $1.75 to $2.40. Peas, $1.90 to $4.20. String beans, 1s, 2s and 3s, $1.90 to $4.50. Salmon, red Argo, $7.00; Chums, $3.75; pink, $4.25. Veal loaf, one-half, $2.80. Asparagus tips, $4.50 to $5.00. Tuna fish, 1s, $6.50; ½s, $5.00. Condensed milk, $3.85 to $6.60. Evaporated milk, $2.75 to $3.25. Oysters, Alligator, $1.60; Pearls, $1.00.

Salt—100-lb. bags, 56c; ice cream, $1.00; Granocrystal, 80c; No. 3 barrels, $3.25.

Arm and Hammer Soda, $3.05; keg soda, 2c; Royal Baking Powder, 1-pound, $4.80; ½-pound, $3.00; Horsfords, $4.50; Good Luck, $2.75; Success, $1.80; Rough Rider, $1.80.

Beans—Lima, 7; pink, 6½; navy, 6½.

Jelly—30-lb. pails, $1.35; 2-oz., $2.70.

Spaghetti—$1.80.

Leather—Diamond oak, 43c.

Pepper—Grain, 20c; ground, 20c.

Flour—Elegant, $7.75; Diamond, $7.00; Best Self-Rising, $6.85; Monogram, $6.50; Carnation, $6.35; Golden Grain, $6.15; Pancake, per case, $3.00.

Lard and Compound—Cottolene, $7.20; Snow Drift, cases, $6.50; Scoco, 7½; Flake White, 7½.

Sour Gherkins—Per crate, $1.80; kegs, $6.50@8.00; sweet mixed, kegs, $12.50. Olives, 90c to $4.50 per dozen.

Sugar—Granulated, 6¾; powdered, 7½; cubes, 7; Domino, 9½.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, July 23.—The strength of both lard and cotton today inspired a covering movement in cotton seed oil which advanced prices 4 to 9 points over last night. Refineries also bought a little and August was taken by commission houses near the close. Sales, 6,000 barrels.

Range New York futures Friday:

	Opening.	Closing.
Spots		6.03@6.20
July	5.99@6.00	6.03@6.15
August	6.05@6.06	6.13@6.15
September	6.05@6.07	6.19@6.12
October	6.07@6.08	6.09@6.10
November	5.98@6.05	6.04@6.08
December	6.08@6.10	6.10@6.12
January	6.13@6.14	6.16@6.19
February	6.18@6.21	6.20@6.25

Metals.

New York, July 23.—Lead offered, $5.55; speiter, not quoted.

At London—Lead, £24 10s; spelter, £96.

Copper, easy; electrolytic, $10.00@19.50.

Iron quiet and unchanged. Tin, easy, $36.25@39.75.

At London—Spot copper, £74 10s; futures, £75 15s 6d; electrolytic, £89 10s.

Spot tin, £162 10s; futures, £160 5s. Antimony, £125.

Will Speak on Way Bill.

Dr. H. H. Proctor will fill the pulpit at both services at the First Congregational church, colored, Sunday. At 11 a. m. he will speak on "An Evaluation of Faith as an Element in Success." At 8 p. m. he will speak on the topic, "Shall We Go Back to Moses, or Stand With Jesus in the Observance of the Sabbath? An Examination and Refutation of the Claims of the Sabbatarians." In his prelude he will speak on "The Attitude of the Best White People of the Community Toward the Way Bill."

Gold Output of Alaska.

Washington, July 23.—Alaska's gold production in 1914 was valued at $19,764,250, an increase of $140,000 over the previous year, figures made public today by the geological survey showed. Production of copper amounted to 21,450,628 pounds, against 21,659,958 in 1913. The total mineral output was $19,118,080 compared with $19,476,356 in 1913.

GRAIN ADVANCES; PROVISIONS VARY

Black Rust in South Dakota Boosts Wheat--Oats Make High Record for Past Two Months.

Chicago, July 23.—Reports that black rust had begun attacking the stems of wheat in South Dakota led to a quick upturn today in the market here. Quotations at the close were strong, 3-4 to 1 3-4 above last night. Corn gained 5-8 to 1 1-4 net and oats 3-8 to 1 5-8. In provisions, the outcome ranged from 7 1-2 decline to an advance of 5 cents.

Corn manifested unvarying strength from the start.

Oats mounted to the highest level since May.

Higher prices for hogs and grain steadied provisions.

Chicago Quotations.

The following were the ruling prices in the exchange today:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
WHEAT—					
July	1.09¾	1.12	1.09¾	1.10¾	1.10
Sept.	1.05¼	1.07½	1.05¼	1.06¾	1.08¾
Dec.	1.07¾	1.09¾	1.07¼	1.09¼	1.07½
CORN—					
July	.80⅝	.80⅝	.79⅞	.80⅜	.79½
Sept.	.74⅞	.75⅝	.75⅛	.75⅜	.74⅝
Dec.	.64	.64⅝	.63⅝	.64½	.63⅝
OATS—					
July	.49⅝	.51⅜	.49⅝	.51½	.48¾
Sept.	.37½	.37⅝	.37½	.37⅝	.37½
Dec.	.39⅛	.39½	.39	.39⅝	.39
PORK—					
July				14.22	14.30
Sept.	14.55	14.60	14.45	14.47	14.55
Oct.	14.67	14.72	14.60	14.65	14.65
LARD—					
July				8.07	8.00
Sept.	8.12	8.17	8.12	8.17	8.12
Oct.	8.22	8.27	8.22	8.27	8.22
RIBS—					
July				9.90	9.82
Sept.	9.90	10.00	9.90	10.00	9.92
Oct.	9.92	9.95	9.92	9.95	9.92

Receipts in Chicago.

Articles.	Friday.
Wheat, cars	216
Corn, cars	108
Oats, cars	116
Hogs, head	10,000

Primary Movement Friday.

Receipts—Wheat, 943,000, against 374,000 last week and 2,456,000 last year.

Corn, 445,000, against 491,000 last week, and 443,000 last year.

Oats, 471,000, against 485,000 last week, and 703,000 last year.

Shipments—Wheat, 284,000, against 299,000 last week, and 1,270,000 last year.

Corn, 328,000, against 562,000 last week and 361,000 last year.

Oats, 549,000, against 640,000 last week and 523,000 last year.

Grain.

Chicago, July 23.—Wheat, No. 2 red, new, $1.11@1.11½; No. 2 hard, new, $1.11¾@1.14.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, 81@81½.

Rye—No. 2 new, $1.02.

Barley, 74@78.

Timothy, $5.00@6.50.

Clover, $8.50@13.25.

St. Louis, July 23.—Wheat, No. 2 red, $1.13@1.14; No. 2 hard, nominal; July, $1.08; September, $1.03¾@1.04.

Corn—No. 2, 81; No. 2 white, 81½; July, 80; September, 73⅞@74.

Oats—No. 2 nominal; No. 2 white, 57; July, 48; September, 35¾.

Kansas City, July 23.—Wheat, No. 2 hard, $1.32@1.42; No. 2 red, $1.17@1.25.

Corn—No. 2 mixed, 79; No. 2 white, 78½; No. 2 yellow, 78½@79.

Oats—No. 2 white, 52@52½; No. 2 mixed, 46½@47.

Country Produce.

New York, July 23.—Butter steady to firm; receipts, 11,769; creamery extras, 92 score, 26½; higher scoring, 27@27½; firsts, 24½@26; seconds, 23@24.

Eggs weak; receipts, 10,449; fresh gathered extras, 24@25; extra firsts, 21½@22½; firsts, 19½@21; seconds, 17½@19.

Cheese weak; receipts, 4,632; state, whole milk, flats and twins specials, colored, 14½@14¾; do. white, 14¼@14½; colored, average fancy, 14@14¼; do. white, 14.

Dressed poultry irregular, western roasting chickens, frozen, 18@22; fresh fowls, iced, 13½@17; turkeys, 16@16.

Chicago, July 23.—Butter unchanged.

Eggs unchanged; receipts, 9,689.

Potatoes higher; receipts, 25; barreled, $1.50@1.55; poultry, alive, lower; fowls, 12½.

St. Louis, July 23.—Poultry, butter and eggs unchanged.

Kansas City, July 23.—Butter, eggs and poultry unchanged.

Live Stock.

Chicago, July 23.—Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; steady. Bulk, $6.70@7.85; light, $7.40@7.85; mixed, $6.75@7.75; heavy, $6.40@7.35; rough, $6.40@6.55; pigs, $6.75@7.60.

Cattle—Receipts, 1,000, steady. Native beef cattle, $6.40@10.35; western steers, $7.00@8.20; cows and heifers, $3.25@9.20; calves, $7.00@10.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000, firm. Sheep, $5.75@6.75; lambs, $8.00@8.20.

St. Louis, July 23.—Hogs—Receipts, 4,200, higher. Pigs and lights, $7.35@7.85; mixed and butchers, $7.40@7.80; good heavy, $7.40@7.60.

Cattle—Receipts, 7,000, steady. Native beef steers, $7.50@10.35; yearlings, steers and heifers, $8.00@9.65; cows, $6.00@8.15; Wockers, $6.00@8.25; Texas and Indian steers, $5.25@8.85; cows and heifers, $4.00@6.50; native calves, $6.00@10.75.

Sheep—Repeipts, 1,000, steady. Clipped muttons, $5.00@5.25; lambs, $7.50@8.25; clipped lambs, $7.00@7.50.

Kansas City, July 23.—Hogs—Receipts, 3,500, higher. Bulk, $7.25@7.50; heavy, $7.10@7.35; packers and butchers, $7.30@7.50; light, $7.25@7.55; pigs, $7.00@7.25.

Cattle—Receipts, 600, lower. Prime fed steers, $9.75@10.10. Dressed beef steers, $8.50@9.70; southern steers, $7.75@8.85; cows, $4.50@7.25; heifers, $7.00@9.80; stockers, $6.50@8.75.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,500, higher. Lambs, $7.35@7.75; yearlings, $6.40@7.00; wethers, $6.00@6.75; ewes, $6.50@6.90.

Coffee.

New York, July 23.—Coffee futures opened quiet at unchanged prices today, but eased off under scattering liquidation and trade selling which seemed to be based on talk of freer Brazilian offerings and the accumulated Santos stock. General business was quiet. The market closed at a net decline of 3 to 6 points. Sales, including exchanges, 22,504.

Spot quiet; Rio No. 7, 7½; Santos No. 4, 9¾.

Cost and feright offers were reported about unchanged, but there were further rumors that Brazil has accepted bids at slight concessions.

No change was reported in the rate of Rio exchange on London and milreis prices were unchanged. Brazilian port receipts, 63,000; Jundiahy, 66,000.

Range in New York futures Friday:

	Open.	Close.
January	6.94@7.05	6.91@6.93
February		6.95@6.97
March	7.04@7.06	6.99@7.01
April	7.08 bid	7.04@7.06
May	7.14 bid	7.10@7.12
June	7.20@7.23	7.15@7.16
July	6.95	6.94@6.96
August		6.84@6.86
September	6.80@6.85	6.77@6.78
October	6.83@6.90	6.80@6.82
November		6.84@6.86
December	6.89 bid	6.87@6.88

Sugar.

New York, July 23.—Raw sugar market closed dull; centrifugal offered at 4.77 and molasses sugar at 4.00.

The market moved irregularly in the afternoon and closed steady, 3 points lower to 5 higher; sales, 9,800 tons.

Range New York futures Friday:

	Opening.	Closing.
February		3.10@3.12
March		3

Dwindling Stocks and Foreign Inquiry Causes Cotton Advance

While Rise Was Checked Somewhat by Profit-Taking, Net Gain Was 7 to 9 Points.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan.	9.55	9.63	9.55	9.63	9.62	9.55
Feb.					9.12	9.03
Mar.	9.80	9.86	9.82	9.86	9.86	9.77
April.					9.99	9.87
May.	10.01	10.04	10.01	10.04	10.03	9.98
June.					10.10	10.08
July.	8.82	8.89	8.82	8.87	8.85	8.80
Aug.		8.91	8.81			8.81
Sept.					9.02	9.02
Oct.	9.18	9.29	9.18	9.24	9.23	9.16
Nov.					9.39	9.27
Dec.	9.44	9.51	9.44	9.51	9.51	9.45

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan.	9.39	9.48	9.39	9.42	9.42	9.35
Mar.	9.60	9.69	9.61	9.69	9.64	9.56
May.					9.83	9.80
July.					8.68	8.58
Aug.					8.73	8.66
Sept.					8.95	8.88
Oct.	9.03	9.16	9.01	9.08	9.07	9.00
Nov.					9.20	9.12
Dec.	9.25	9.37	9.26	9.30	9.30	9.22

New York, July 23.—The cotton market was higher today on rather a more optimistic view of export prospects, the continued heavy movement of cotton out of sight, and the failure of weather advices to show any rain in the southwest. The demand was neither general nor aggressive, but offerings were limited, and the close was steady at a net advance of 7 to 9 points.

The market opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 3 points in sympathy with the steady cables. As prices worked higher, on covering and moderate support from Wall street houses, there was a little Liverpool selling and some scattered realizing, but only slight reactions occurred, and there was quite a sharp bulge in the market around midday on reports that local spot people were preparing to ship considerable cotton, possibly 40,000 bales, from here to Russia. October contracts sold up to 9.29, or about 14 to 15 points above last night's closing figures. The advance was then checked by profit taking or selling for a reaction, and prices eased off some 6 or 7 points from the best.

Advices indicating that the discussion over cotton shipments was taking a form that suggested a desire on the part of the allies to avoid any friction with this country, made rather a favorable impression on local sentiment.

A report received here from a prominent traveling expert late in the afternoon said that crop conditions could hardly be better in southeast Alabama and southern Georgia. Exports today 5,452; so far this season 8,270,563. Port receipts 3,149. United States port stocks 789,419.

Cotton spot quiet; middling uplands, 9.25; no sales.

New Orleans Steady.

New Orleans, July 23.—A moderate demand, met by only slender offerings, served to put the price of cotton 13 to 16 points up today. The market stood at the advance throughout the session, but late in the day longs took profits and pared down the rise somewhat, the close being at a net gain of 7 to 8 points. A steady tone was maintained to the end. Bulls claimed the market was oversold, and there were signs at times that shorts were the best buyers.

Not a few shorts appeared anxious to even up for the week-end. Longs were not aggressive traders at any time, apparently being held in check by the fear that forecasts of the coming government report on condition might be bearish.

Weather conditions were considered favorable, on the whole, but bulls made much of the drop in temperatures over the belt. In some quarters efforts to straighten out the cotton export situation were regarded as an important bullish feature.

Spot cotton quiet, unchanged. Sales on the spot, 190; to arrive, 100. Good ordinary, 6.62; strict good ordinary, 7.18; low middling, 7.81; strict low middling, 8.26; middling, 8.63; strict middling, 8.88; good middling, 9.20; strict good middling, 9.57; receipts, 693; stock, 163,851.

COTTON MOVEMENT.

Atlanta—Quiet, 8¾.

Port Movement.

New Orleans—Middling 8.63; receipts 693; exports 504; sales 290; stock 163,851.

Galveston—Middling 8.75; receipts 1,474; exports 3,734; sales 100; stock 118,726.

Mobile—Middling 8.18; receipts 29; stock 14,638.

Savannah—Middling 8.50; receipts 430; sales 450; stock 70,871.

Charleston—Receipts 19; stock 43,635.

Wilmington—Receipts 11; stock 34,367.

Norfolk—Middling 8.38; receipts 283; sales 497; stock 46,646.

Baltimore—Receipts 161; stock 3,097.

Boston—Middling 9.15; stock 14,287.

Philadelphia—Middling 9.50; stock 2,819.

New York—Middling 9.25; exports 1,215; stock 255,873.

Minor ports—Stock 15,425.

Total today—Receipts 3,300; exports 5,453; stock 784,235.

Total for week—Receipts 32,770; exports 42,848.

Total for season—Receipts 10,693,073; exports 8,264,786.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling 8.65; receipts 2,889; shipments 4,497; sales 1,025; stock 59,046.

Memphis—Middling 8.62; receipts 655; shipments 2,579; sales 325; stock 82,765.

Augusta—Middling 8.50; receipts 87; shipments 287; sales 538; stock 68,578.

St. Louis—Middling 8%; receipts 587; shipments 819; stock 18,279.

Cincinnati—Receipts 166; shipments 267; stock 11,671.

Little Rock—Receipts 8.50; receipts 35; stock 9,513.

Dallas—Middling 8.25; sales 150.

Total today—Receipts 4,419; shipments 8,140; stock 255,752.

	1915.	1914.
New Orleans	693	167
Galveston	1,474	222
Mobile	29	....
Savannah	430	329
Charleston	19	....
Wilmington	11	....
Norfolk	283	114
Baltimore	161	350
Boston	....	161
Brunswick	200	....
Total	3,300	1,343

Interior Movement.

	1915.	1914.
Houston	2,889	263
Augusta	87	53
Memphis	655	172
St. Louis	587	40
Cincinnati	166	227
Total	4,364	760

Liverpool Statistics.

Liverpool, July 23.—Weekly cotton statistics:

Total forwarded to mills, 89,000 bales, of which 76,000 were American; stock, 1,574,000, American, 1,309,000; imports, 52,000, American, 38,000; exports, 16,000.

HESTER'S WEEKLY COTTON STATEMENT

Comparisons are to actual dates not to close of corresponding weeks.

Statement of world's visible supply:

Total visible this week	4,964,000
do. last week	5,211,000
do. same date last year	3,416,000
do. same date year before	2,750,000
Of this the total American this week	3,448,000
do. last week	3,639,000
do. last year	1,809,000
do. year before	1,426,000
All other kinds this week	1,515,000
do. last week	1,571,000
do. last year	1,607,000
do. year before	1,324,000
Visible in the United States this week	1,248,000
do. this date last year	2,840,000
Visible in other countries this week	3,716,000
do. this date last year	3,022,000

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, July 23.—(Special.)—Buying on the part of Liverpool in the local market today stimulated short covering as a result of which prices advanced some fourteen points.

Unconfirmed reports of large shipments to be made from the local stock to Russia had some effect in advancing the market, but taken altogether the principal reason for the improvement appears to lie in the market having become oversold for the time being.

Good crop reports and the political situation have been taken advantage of to make sales; until now these factors have momentarily at least lost their force.

JAY, BOND & CO.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.

New York, July 23.—(Special.)—A continued small and narrow market easily moved on moderate trading. Some buying on the opening, due to weather uncertainties, followed by a private bearish report, caused the fluctuations. The close showed a good feeling at the slight improvement. Trading was local and unimportant.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, July 23, 1915:

Stations of ATLANTA, GA. District.	Temper's. Highest.*	Lowest.†	Precipitation. In.-100ths.
ATLANTA, clear	85	64	.00
Columbus, clear	90	69	.00
Gainesville, clear	85	56	.56
Griffin, cloudy	88	65	.00
Macon, clear	89	68	.00
Monticello, clear	90	66	.00
Newnan, clear	87	62	.00
Rome, clear	86	59	.00
Tallapoosa, clear	86	57	.00
Toccoa, clear	86	59	.00
West Point, clear	85	65	.00
Chattanooga, clear	81	64	.00
Greenville, S. C., clear	88	60	.28
Spartanburg, clear	86	62	.14

Texas Rainfall.

Brownsville, 0.01.

Heavy Rainfall.

Georgia—Warrenton, 1.10.
Florida—Jacksonville, 1.20.

CENTRAL STATIONS.	Number of Stations in District.	District Average Temp. Highest.*	Lowest.†	Precipi'n. No. stations re-ceiving 0.10 in. or more.	Av. stations re-ceiving 0.10 in. or more.
Wilmington	10	82	66	1	.20
Charleston	5	84	68	0	.00
Augusta	11	88	64	1	1.10
Savannah	19	90	70	4	.60
ATLANTA	14	86	62	3	.30
Montgomery	14	88	62	0	.00
Mobile	12	88	62	0	.00
Memphis	14	84	58	0	.00
Vicksburg	14	86	60	0	.00
New Orleans	16	86	64	0	.00
Little Rock	18	86	58	0	.00
Houston	50	88	64	0	.00
Oklahoma	21	86	60	0	.00

*Minimum temperatures are for 12-hour period ending at 8 a. m. this date. †Received late; not included in averages. **Highest yesterday. ‡Lowest for 24 hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, except where otherwise indicated.

NOTE—The average highest and lowest temperatures are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received, and the average precipitation from the number of stations reporting 0.10 inch or more. The "State of weather" is that prevailing at the time of the observation.

Remarks.

Scattered showers are reported only from the eastern portion of the belt. Temperatures continue low in all sections.

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Section Director.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, July 23.—Cotton, spot in fair demand; prices easy. Good middling, 5.43; middling, 5.13; low middling, 4.67. Sales, 8,000 bales, including 6,500 American and 1,000 for speculation and export. Receipts, 17,000. Futures closed steady.

Range in Liverpool futures Friday:

	Opening Range.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan.-Feb.	.5.38 -5.37½	5.43½	5.37
Feb.-March		5.48½	5.41½
March-April	.5471/2-5.48	5.52½	5.46½
April-May		5.57	5.50
May-June	.5.54	5.60½	5.53½
July		5.08	5.02
July-Aug.	.5.01½-5.00½	5.08	5.02
Aug.-Sept.	.5.04 -5.05	5.11	5.05
Sept.-Oct.	.5.14½	5.20	5.14
Oct.-Nov.	.5.22½-5.21½	5.27½	5.21
Nov.-Dec.	.5.28	5.33½	5.27
Dec.-Jan.		5.38½	5.32

Sea Island Cotton.

Savannah, Ga., July 23.—Sea Island cotton market dull. Weekly quotations: Fancy Georgia and Florida, 25 to 26; extra choice, 24 to 25; choice, 23 to 24; extra fine, 22 to 23; fine, 21 to 22. Sales, 4.

Dry Goods.

New York, July 23.—Cotton goods steadier and more active today. It was announced that fruit of the loom 4-4 bleached would not be changed in price from 7¾ cents. Yarns steadier and wool markets firmer. Burlap prices have broken.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., July 23.—Turpentine firm at 39½; sales, 343; receipts, 499; shipments, 234; stock, 25,816.

Rosin firm; sales, 1,701; receipts, 1,628; shipments, 1,946; stocks, 58,753.

Quote: A, B, $2.80; C, D, $3.00; E, $3.05; F, $3.10; G, $3.15; H, $3.15@3.20; I, $3.20; K, $3.50@3.60; M, $4.20@4.25; N, $5.00; window glass, $6.00; water white, $6.05.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 23.—Turpentine firm at 39¾; sales, 732; receipts, 782; shipments, 228; stock, 19,178.

Rosin firm; sales, 1,500; receipts, 2,258; shipments, 1,200; stock, 75,180.

Quote: A, B, $2.85; C, D, $2.95; E, $3.00; F, $3.00@3.10; G, $3.15; H, $3.15; I, $3.15@3.17½; K, $3.55@3.60; M, $4.15; N, $4.85; window glass, $5.90; water white, $6.00.

London Financial.

London, July 23.—Bar silver, 22⅝d per once. Money, 4@4½ per cent. Discount rates: Short bills, ⅝ per cent; three months, 5@5⅛ per cent.

CHARLES J. METZ,
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
President Audit Company of the South
Hurt Building ATLANTA

ALONZO RICHARDSON & CO.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
EMPIRE BUILDING, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO., Cotton Merchants
HANOVER SQUARE, NEW YORK

Members New York Cotton Exchange, New Orleans Cotton Exchange, New York Produce Exchange; associate members Liverpool Cotton Association. Orders solicited for the purchase and sale of cotton and cotton seed oil for future delivery. Special attention and liberal terms given for consignments of spot cotton for delivery. Correspondence invited.

WALL ST. AWAITS REPLY TO KAISER

Nervousness Was Feature of Friday's Session--Southern Group Railway Stocks Unusually Heavy.

New York, July 23.—So far as actual results were concerned, today's stock market was largely a repetition of yesterday. There was a further downward revision of some of the war specialties, to which Bethlehem Steel common and preferred proved the most notable exceptions, the former repeating its recent-high quotations of 204 and the latter making a new high at 125. Baldwin Locomotive also broke into new ground at 77 1-2.

Railroad stocks were more prominent, but almost wholly at the expense of quoted values. Shares like St. Paul Canadian Pacific, Southern Railway preferred and Texas and Pacific descended to lowest prices in years. All the carriers in the southern and southwestern sections of the country were heavier at declines of 1 to 4 points. Actual new low prices were established by Seaboard Air Line preferred at 30 1-4 and Norfolk and Southern at 17.

The chief factor in connection with the heaviness of the southern stocks was the discouraging cotton outlook resulting from the war, together with unfavorable earnings. Cotton options were mostly higher, however, in response to an urgent demand for the staple from foreign sources.

Dealings were the lightest of any recent session.

International conditions, particularly the impending reply of this government to Germany, furnished the basis for much of the day's hesitation.

Bonds irregular with a renewal of foreign selling. Total sales, par value, aggregated $1,655,000.

United States bonds unchanged on call.

Stocks in New York.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	52¾	51¾	51½	51¾
Amalg. Copper	73¼	71¾	72½	72¾
Am. Can.	57½	55¾	56⅞	56⅝
Am. Cities, pfd.			46	46
Am. Cotton Oil	47	46¾	46¾	46¾
Am. Smelting	78½	77⅝	78¼	78½
Am. Sugar	109¾	109	109	109
Am. Tel. and Tel.	121¼	121¼	121¼	121¼
Am. Tobacco			225	226
Atchison	101	100⅜	101	100⅝
Atlantic Coast Line	100	99¼	100	99⅞
B. and O.	79⅜	78½	78⅞	78¼
Bethlehem Steel	204	196	201	196
Brooklyn Rd. Tran.	86½	85	85	86¾
Canadian Pacific	140¾	138	139¾	138⅝
Central Leather	43	42¼	42¼	42¼
Chesap'e and Ohio.	39¾	38¾	38⅝	39½
Chi., Mil. and St. Paul	79¾	78	79¼	79¼
Chi., R. I. and Pac.	12⅝	10½	11½	12⅜
Consolidated Gas	127½	127½	127½	127
Corn Products	15	14⅞	14⅞	14⅜
Erie	25¾	25⅛	25¼	25⅝
General Motors	183	180	181¾	185
Great Northern, pfd.	116⅜	116	116¼	116½
Illinois Central	101¼	101	101	101
Interborough - Met., pfd.			71	73
Kan. City Southern.	23	23	23	23
L. and N.	108	106	106	108
Liggett and Myers.			223	223
Lorillard Co.			170	170
Maxwell Motor Co.	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼
Mo., Kan. and Texas	5½	5⅛	5⅛	5½
Missouri Pacific	3¼	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Mex. Petroleum	74⅞	69¼	72⅝	72
National Lead	63⅝	62	63⅜	62¾
N. Y. Central	86	85⅝	86	86
N. Y., N. H. and H.	57⅜	57⅜	57½	57¾
Northern Pacific	104	104	104	104
Pennsylvania	106⅝	104¾	104	104⅛
Reading	147	146⅛	147	146⅝
Rep. Iron and Steel.	36½	35¾	35⅞	35½
do. pfd.	92	93	93	93¾
Seaboard Air Line.	12¾	11½	11¾	12⅜
do. pfd.	32	30½	30½	32
Sloss-Shef. Steel and Iron	39½	38¾	38½	39
Studebaker Corp.	82⅜	81¼	82¼	82
Southern Pacific	84⅜	83¾	84½	84⅛
Southern Railway	13⅝	12½	12¾	13⅜
do. pfd.	46	42	43½	45
Tenn. Copper	37	36¾	36⅞	37¼
Texas Co.	131¾	131¼	131¼	131½
Texas and Pacific	12½	8½	8⅞	12⅛
Union Pacific	120½	126¼	126⅝	126⅜
U. S. Rubber	45¾	44¾	45⅛	44½
U. S. Steel	64¼	63¾	64¼	63⅝
do. pfd.	111¾	110¾	111½	111¾
Utah Copper	66¼	65⅝	65⅞	66¼
Va.-Caro. Chem.			31¾	31½
Western Union	69⅝	68¾	69	69
Westingh'e Electric	108	105½	107¼	105½

Bonds in New York.

U. S. 2s, registered	97½
do. coupon	97
U. S. 3s, registered	100¼
do. coupon	100¼
U. S. 4s, registered	109
do. coupon	100½
Panama 3s, coupon	100½
American Agricultural 5s	100
American Cotton Oil 5s	93
American Tel. and Tel. cv. 4½s	100¾
American Tobacco 6s, bid	119½
Atchison gen. 5s	90½
Atlantic Coast Line Consol. 4s, bid	88
Baltimore and Ohio cv. 4½s, bid	85½
Central of Georgia Consol. 5s, bid	99
Central Leather 5s	99⅝
Chesapeake and Ohio cv. 4½s	71½
Chicago, R. I. and Q. joint 4s	96
Chi., Mil. and St. Paul cv. 5s	102
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry. ref. 4s, bid.	61
Erie gen. 4s, bid	63¼
Illinois Central ref. 4s, bid	86½
Liggett and Myers 5s	101½
Lorillard 5s	100¾
Louisville and Nash. un. 6s, bid	91
Missouri, Kan. and Texas 1st 4s	76¼
New York Central deb. 6s	103
N. Y., N. H. and Hart. cv. 6s, bid	108¾
Norfolk and Western cv. 4½s, bid	102¼
Northern Pacific 4s	90⅝
Pennsylvania Consol. 4½s	102⅝
Pennsylvania gen. 4½s	97⅞
Reading gen. 4s	92⅞
Republic Iron and Steel 5s (1940)	92⅜
St. Louis and San Fran. ref. 4s	66⅜
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	63¼
Southern Bell Telephone 5s	97⅜
Southern Pacific cv. 5s	97½
Southern Railway 5s	99
do. pfd.	97⅞
Texas Company cv. 6s	99¾
Texas and Pacific 1st. bid	92
Union Pacific 4s	94
U. S. Steel 5s	101½
Virginia, Car. Chemical 5s	95⅛

New York Financial.

New York, July 23.—Mercantile paper, 3@3½.

Sterling, 60-day bills, $4.7190; demand, $4.7640; cables, $4.77.

Francs, demand, 5641½; cables, 5631½. Marks, demand, 81⅞; cables, 82. Lires, demand, 622; cables, 621. Rubles, demand, 32½; cables, 32¾.

Bar silver, 47⅛.

Mexican dollars, 36½.

Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, irregular.

Call money, steady. High, 1¾; low, 1½; ruling rate, 1¾; last loan, 1¾; closing bid, 1½; offered at 1⅝.

Time loans, firmer; 60 days, 2½; 90 days, 2¾; six months, 3¼@3½.

WEEKLY REVIEW COTTON MARKET

New York, July 23.—The cotton market has been comparatively quiet during the past week, with fluctuations irregular. The rally of about 75 points from the recent low level was followed by reactions of some 30 to 35 points and the talk around the ring here has been rather bearish on a favorable view of new crop progress over the greater part of the belt, but short selling has been restricted by the comparatively low prices and the possibility of crop scares, while nervousness over international politics has apparently discouraged general business.

On the decline Liverpool has bought presumably to undue straddles and it is said that there is still a substantial interest of this sort outstanding. Generally speaking, however, scattered accounts are believed to be well evened-up pending a later view of the crop and export developments, particularly in view of droughty conditions in south Texas. Meanwhile spinners' takings continue heavy, while remaining old crop holders show little disposition to force sales and southern advices indicate that plans are being made to assist in gradual marketing. Domestic mills are reported to have been moderate buyers for new crop shipment and some spot demand has been reported from Russia, but forward business has been small and manufacturers are believed to be waiting for the effect of new crop movement.

Recent advices from India report an improvement in the monsoon, suggesting increased activity in Manchester and the discussion of cotton problem in England has taken a form indicating a desire to prevent friction and to satisfy southern growers. According to figures published by the department of agriculture purchases of commercial fertilizers for the corp of 1915 were only 59 per cent of last year's, with the effectiveness of the supply much reduced by the scarcity of potash, while the department also estimates that 92 per cent of the old crop had been sold by producers on June 1 this year, against 97 per cent last season.

DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW BUSINESS SITUATION

New York, July 23.—Dun's will say:

Apart from the development of further labor controversies the general situation maintains its favorable aspects. Recent settlement of the troubles in the building trades in the west has been followed by the adjustment of the local clothing strike, but fresh disturbances have arisen here and elsewhere, notably at oil plants in New Jersey. Differences between employers and wage earners, however, are not yet sufficiently widespread to seriously interfere with the progress of manufacture and distribution, although the unsettled conditions make for increased conservatism in some directions.

It is not the season for the tide of business to rise, but there are indications of a well sustained volume of transactions in various commercial and industrial lines. Not the least significance of these is the steady upward trend of commodity prices. Most products are gaining in value, because of the urgent foreign demands, but in some instances domestic consumtpion is also broadening.

Except for essentially hot weather merchandise, recent high temperatures had the usual effect of retarding the retail movement, yet bank clearings at outside cities this week were again slightly larger than last year's, while with New York included the gain was 8.5 per cent. Returns of railroad earnings do not make the same favorable comparison, but these are gradually increasing.

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

July building is expected to reach the $600,000 mark before the close of the month.

When $53,440 worth of permits were issued Friday, making it one of the largest days of the week, the month's total to date was boosted past the $500,000 mark, reaching a total of $509,745.

A $30,000 application for permit for an apartment house to be built at Lee and Oak streets, West End, filed by George Gordon, will be issued today, and other applications on file, which will be issued in a few days, assure business to the extent of $550,000. Allowing an additional $50,000 of permits for routine business for the remaining eight working days of this month, a conservative valuation of the month's business can be predicted at $600,000.

This will be the largest month's business in some time, and will far exceed last July.

Gude & Co. Are Busy.

Gude & Co., contractors, in the Grant building, report a large volume of business contracted for by them within the last few weeks. Besides a large amount of out-of-town work, for which this well-known firm its contractor, two large local contracts have been taken on by them. The Blackstone apartments, $60,000, and a new apartment house for which permit was taken Friday, $45,000, are some of the large buildings this firm will erect in Atlanta.

North Side Apartment Building.

Besides the apartment houses that are now under course of construction in the Piedmont park section of the north side of the city, and on which work will commence at an early date, another permit for a north side apartment was taken Friday.

Mrs. Aline E. Timmon took a permit for $45,000 to erect a handsome and modern apartment house at the corner of West Peachtree and Seventeenth streets. Gude & Co. have been awarded the contract for the building, which will contain three stories and basement, and be of brick construction. The architect for this apartment house is H. B. Hammond.

Additions to Woodberry School.

Mrs. Sarah Frances Grant took a permit for $5,000 to make additions to the Woodberry school, at 428 Peachtree street, corner of Pine street, and directly across the street from Mrs. Grant's home.

Branch Library Permit.

G. H. Bray, contractor for the branch Carnegie library, which is being built at the corner of East Georgia and Capitol avenues, will take a permit for $15,000 within a few days for this building.

Office Building Renting.

The Southern Cotton Oil company has moved back into their former quarters in the Empire building. The Empire Trust and Safe Deposit company, agents of the Empire building, leased the company eleven offices on the eleventh floor of the building. The term of the lease is for five years, but the consideration is withheld.

PROPERTY TRANSFERS.

Warranty Deeds.

$2,000—Mrs. Georgia Steinheimer to James Wright, lot 27 Gartrell street, 32x103. August 13, 1912.

$900—John S. Owens to Mrs. W. O. Webb, lot south side Stephens street, 401 feet from McDaniel street, 49x110. March 8, 1909.

$6,000—Mrs. Jessie H. Witherspoon to Mrs. Jessie W. Lanier, lot east side Jackson street, 75x145. August 24, 1911.

$500—Victor R. Smith to H. H. Turner, lot east side Cascade place, 225 feet north of Beecher street, 49x205. July, 1915.

$2,250—M. Friedman as estate of J. L. Nash, lot north side Irwin street, 203 feet east of Randolph street, 25x100. July 17, 1915.

$3,000—W. T. Ashford to John T. Thompson, lot 464 Capitol avenue, 45x200. July 19, 1915.

$1,200—T. J. Vickery to B. B. Johnson, lot south side Eubanks avenue, 350 feet north of Bachelor avenue, 100x166. July 21, 1915.

$2,750—W. W. Strong to T. H. Erb, 23 Holderness street, 42x229. July 21, 1915.

$2,100—Mrs. Willa M. Snyder to W. R. Beauprie, 235 Highland avenue, 35x135. July 22, 1915.

$6,000—H. A. Etheridge to E. L. Kendrick and Mrs. Mary K. Houser, 40 East Ninth street, 50x185. July 22, 1915.

$1 and other consideration—T. H. Abbey to Robert F. Ingram, lot south side 15-foot alley, 165 feet south of Greenwood avenue, 36x239. June 5, 1915.

$1 and other consideration—Same to same, lot east side Summit avenue, at northwest corner Banks' lot, 63x200. July 15, 1915.

Loan Deeds.

$15,000—J. Carroll Payne to Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance company, 67 East Alabama street, 24x125. July 17, 1915.

$500 and other considerations—F. A. Quillian to Mrs. Mary M. Delbridge, 464, 464½ and 466 East Fair street, 50x96. June 3, 1915.

$5,300—Mrs. Irene B. Thomas to Georgia Savings Bank and Trust company, lot 1, block 16, Ansley Park, on east side South Palo, 75x140. April 3, 1915.

$600—Joseph Wright to same, lot southwest corner Gartrell and South Jackson street, 32x103. July 21, 1915.

$8,000—McClure Realty and Investment company to Prudential Insurance Company of America, lot southeast corner Euclid avenue and Elizabeth street, 100x125. July 20, 1915.

$500—E. L. Dailey to H. S. Hill, lot on east side Lowndes street, 186 feet south of Shelton street, 50x136 feet. July 21, 1911.

$400—Mrs. Mary P. Randall to Miss Ella S. Yost, lot on northeast corner Buckhead and Bolton road, 164x329 feet. July 15, 1915.

$2,000—John T. Thompson to Mrs. Emilie Rosenfeld, No. 464 Capitol avenue, 45x200 feet. July 17, 1915.

Bond for Title.

$1,200—M. C. Metcalfe to Alexander Bowie, lot on south side West Mitchell street, 520 feet west of Jeptha street, 40x100 feet. May 31, 1913.

Mortgages.

$300—H. T. Bowen to H. F. Bowen, lot at northeast corner of land lot 6, of fourteenth district, 693x339 feet. January 12, 1912.

$400—T. W. Moon to Georgia Savings Bank and Trust company, lot on south side of Fair street, 150 feet west of Berean avenue, 25x100 feet. July 15, 1915.

$600—Joseph Wright to same, lot on southwest corner of Gartrell and South Jackson streets, 32¾x103 feet. July 21, 1915.

Liens.

$40—E. G. Willingham's Sons company v. A. B. Tumlin, No. 37 Bedford place. July 20, 1915.

$233—Same v. A. C. Honea, lot northeast corner Oak and Atwood streets. July 20, 1915.

$68—Same v. E. H. Adams, No. 110 Holderness street. July 20, 1915.

Mortgages.

$825—T. M. Moffet to Merchants and Mechanics' Banking and Loan company, lot north side Ethel street, at northeast corner Clarke street, 100x150 feet. July 17, 1915.

$1,760—Charles A. Smith to Atlanta Savings bank, lot east side Cherokee avenue, 100 feet south of Bryan street, 50x250 feet. July 2, 1915.

Deeds to Secure Debt.

$10—Julia B. Patterson to Nat Kaiser, No. 44 Drewry street, 49x152 feet. July 21, 1915.

$3,210—Mrs. Viola P. Johnson to Atlanta Savings bank, lot east side Spring street, 50 feet north of Third street, 50x195 feet. June 1, 1915.

Administrator's Deed.

$1,200—Estate of R. J. Hilson (by administrator) to James Eberhart, lot west side Elizabeth street, 50x100 feet. November 3, 1912.

Building Permits.

$4,000—B. J. Masseli, 121 South Forsyth street, two-story brick building. Day work.

$1,180—Exposition Mills, Marietta street, elevator. Otis Elevator company, contractors.

$2,600—J. N. Hirsch, Marietta street, elevator. Otis Elevator company, contractor.

$300—E. F. Munn, Broad and Luckie streets, sign. Day work.

$3,000—C. Shelverton, 12 Stokes avenue, one-story frame dwelling. Day work.

$45,000—Mrs. Aline E. Timmons, Peachtree and Seventeenth streets, three-story apartment house. H. B. Hammond, architect. Gude & Co., contractors.

LEGAL NOTICES

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE RUNNING OUT OF WATER CONNECTIONS ON MANSFIELD STREET, BETWEEN MORELAND AVENUE AND EUCLID AVENUE, ACCOUNT PERMANENT PAVEMENT.

An ordinance to extend pipe from water main to curb lines in Mansfield street from Moreland avenue to Euclid avenue.—Whereas by amendment to the charter of the city of Atlanta approved August 19, 1912, the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta were authorized and empowered to extend pipes from water mains to curb line, prior to paving or repaving streets in which such water mains are laid and to assess the cost of such extension against the abutting property owners provided that such extensions should be made only for every fifty (50) feet of frontage, unless the property owner waives this requirement.

Therefore, be it resolved by the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta as follows:

Section 1. That water pipes be extended from the water mains in Mansfield avenue between its intersection with Moreland avenue, and Euclid avenue, from said water mains to the curb line in front of abutting property along said portion of said street at intervals corresponding to one extension for every fifty (50) feet of frontage on either side of said portion of said street.

Said extensions to be constructed of pipe of material and size as follows: Three-quarter (¾) inch galvanized wrought iron, and at an estimated cost of fifty ($50) dollars, said sum to be taken from appropriation to department of waterworks.

Sec. 2. That upon the construction of said several extensions in said portion of said street, a list of the property owners with the amount to be assessed against the abutting property of each owner shall be filed with the mayor and general council and an assessing ordinance passed specifically providing the amount of money to be paid by each lot or lots along said portion of said street.

Sec. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Said ordinance will come up for passage at the meeting of the mayor and general council to be held on Monday, August 2, 1915, at 3 o'clock p. m., at the city hall in the council chamber.

WALTER C. TAYLOR, City Clerk.

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WALTER C. TAYLOR, City Clerk.

LEGAL NOTICES

AN ORDINAN

MONEY TO LOAN

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY is now accepting loans on high-class improved Atlanta property at 6 per cent. Prompt and courteous attention.

CHAS. H. BLACK,
Real Estate Loan Agent,
210-211 Empire Building.
Phone Ivy 111.

MONEY TO LOAN.
PLENTY of money to lend on Atlanta and near-by improved property, 5½ to 8 per cent, straight, also monthly plan, at 6 per cent on 5 years' time, payable $21.66 per month on the thousand, which includes interest, will also lend smaller amounts. Purchase money notes wanted. FOSTER & ROBSON, 11 Edgewood avenue.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS
TO LEND on Atlanta homes or business property, at lowest rates. Money advanced to builders. Write or call
S. W. CARSON
413-14 Empire Building,
Broad and Marietta Streets

WE CAN ACCEPT
SOME good downtown, central, improved loans at a low rate of interest. Also application on high-class property will have immediate attention.
TURMAN & CALHOUN
Second Floor Empire Bldg.

DESIRABLE city and farm loans made promptly.
W. B. SMITH,
708 Fourth Nat'l Bank Bldg.

REAL ESTATE LOANS—The Southern Life and Trust Co. will accept loans on high-class, improved Atlanta property at 6 per cent. Prompt and courteous service by agents. Atlanta Insurance and Loan Corp., 124-126 Hurt bldg. Phone Ivy 8732.

LOANS made promptly on first-class residences and central business property for two banks and an insurance company.
GEORGE L. WORD
Dealer in Mortgages, 205 4th Nat. Bk. Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN.
CONFIDENTIAL LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE AT REASONABLE RATES.
SOUTHERN LOAN CO.,
319-20 TEMPLE COURT.

LOAN AGENTS TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY. Real estate loans, current rate. Purchase money notes bought. See Rex B. Mooney, Cliff C. Hatcher Insurance Agency, 221 Grant bldg. Both phones.

LOANS on central business property and first-class residences for an insurance company desired.
W. CARROLL LATIMER
Attorney-at-Law. 1009-15 4th Nat. Bk. Bldg.

WE HAVE ON HAND $15,000 INDIVIDUAL FUNDS FOR QUICK PLACEMENT AT 7 PER CENT. R. CARLISLE & CO., 501-2 SILVEY BLDG. MAIN 624.

PROMPT loans on improved Atlanta realty —also insurance funds for farm loans. M. I. Stone, 327 Candler bldg. Ivy 3845.

MONEY TO LOAN on Atlanta and suburban real estate, $500, $1,000, $1,500, $2,500 and $5,000. Dunson & Gay, 409 Equitable. Ivy 5678.

WE LOAN on Atlanta real estate and buy purchase money notes. 209 Grant bldg. The Merchants & Mechanics' Banking & Loan Co.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments; confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

I HAVE $30,000 private funds to lend on city property. Mr. Dodd, 32 E. Alabama street. Main 1287.

SEVERAL thousand dollars to lend, 5 per cent 5 years. Horton Bros., 604-5 Temple Court bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

MONEY TO LOAN on first mortgage Atlanta or suburban property. Sol Epstein, 623 Hurt bldg. Call Ivy 4666.

$4,000 AT 8 per cent to lend, 2 years, on farm. D. O. Dougherty, 1015 Third Nat'l Bank building.

HAVE $700 and $5,000 for loans on Atlanta improved property. W. O. Alston, 1203 Third National Bank building.

MONEY TO LOAN on improved Atlanta real estate. Fitzhugh Knox, 1613 Candler building.

MONEY TO LOAN on Atlanta real estate. Otis & Holliday, 209 Peters Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN on Atlanta real estate. W. B. Smith, 708 4th Nat'l Bank Bldg.

MONEY TO LEND on city property. W. O. Alston. 1203 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate. C. C. McGehee, Jr., 622 to 624 Empire bldg.

WANTED—Money

WE have party who wants $10,000 and another who wants $15,000 at 7 per cent on semi-central property worth twice the loan. Please consult us if interested. Thos. J. Wesley, 209 Grant bldg.

WILL borrow straight from owner, $8,000 7 per cent; best collateral; no commission. Address J. E. M., care Constitution.

STOCKS AND BONDS

NOTICE OF BOND SALE.
Bids for purchase of $10,000 of 20-year 5 per cent Auditorium bonds, validated, and registered, will be received at this office until 8 o'clock Monday, August 2, at which time sale of said bonds will be confirmed by the mayor and council of the city of West Point, Ga. For further information, address the undersigned.
L. STRONG,
Clerk and Treasurer City of West Point, Georgia.

FOR SALE—Six per cent first and second mortgage bonds, taken as part payment for constructing the Forrest hotel at Rome, Ga. Write A. M. Walkup Company, Contractors, Richmond, Va., for particulars.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

NEGRO PICTURE SHOW LOCATION

AT 129 DECATUR ST. IS A MOVIE AND I WILL MAKE AN ATTRACTIVE PRICE. A GREAT OPPORTUNITY IS HERE FOR A HUSTLER. EVERYTHING READY BUT THE PICTURES.

FITZHUGH KNOX
1613 CANDLER BLDG. IVY 4446.

BEST OPPORTUNITY FOR YOUNG MAN WITH $600 READY CASH TO TAKE OVER OUR SOUTHERN OFFICE. RIGHT MAN CAN MAKE $200 AND MORE PER MONTH. ADDRESS H-145, CONSTITUTION.

WE solicit your slow and doubtful accounts, including your loss and gain, outlawed and judgment proof accounts, regardless of their age or character. Our system succeeds when others fail. Agents wanted in every city and town in the south. Call or address Mercantile Reporting Company, 616 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISING proposition for sale. For a very reasonable amount will sell Atlanta rights to proposition which will make big money for one year. The proposition now in operation. New contracts to go in force September 1. If interested address C. G. Henry, Newport, Ark.

ESTABLISHED manufacturing concern desires secretary and treasurer. Ready market for products at good profit; $750 cash required, which goes into business. Reasonable salary. Address Mfg., Box 61, Constitution.

HOTEL WANTED—Wanted to lease a fur. hotel from 20 to 50 rooms, in town of 2,000 to 5,000 population. Would buy operating stock. Address Chief Clerk, Hotel Holt, West Point, Miss.

LADY OR GENTLEMAN to invest $100,000 to $150,000. Full particulars to those who give rating. Address Bonafide, Box H-156, Constitution.

SMALL cotton seed oil mill for lease. P. O. Box 1443. Atlanta, Ga.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

WANTED—To buy good second mortgage monthly notes at reasonable discount. L. H. Zurline & Co., 501-2 Silvey bldg. Phone Main 624.

BARTER AND EXCHANGE

GOOD centrally located store and dwelling combined, on car line and paved street, in East Point; leased for $25 per month. Will sell for $2,500 and take good automobile for first payment, balance easy. H-161, Constitution.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

EXCHANGE CAR BARGAINS

LIMOUSINE $350
TERMS.

We have many other good exchange cars at equally attractive prices.

EXCHANGE CAR DEPARTMENT
THE LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA
469 PEACHTREE ST. IVY 1371.

ROADSTERS

STUDEBAKER, "20," FORE DOOR	$250
STUDEBAKER "30," CUT DOWN, ELECTRIC LIGHTS	300
STUDEBAKER "20" CHASSIS; THE VERY THING FOR A CUT DOWN ROADSTER	200
STUDEBAKER "30" CHASSIS	200

TOURING CARS

HUPMOBILE "20," 5-PASSENGER	$250
KING, 4-PASSENGER	250
OVERLAND, 4-PASSENGER	150
REGAL, 5-PASSENGER	150
OVERLAND, 5-PASSENGER	300
E-M-F, 5-PASSENGER	200
MARATHON, 5-PASSENGER	200
BUICK "17," 5-PASSENGER	250
STODDARD-DAYTON, 5-PASSENGER	450
STEVENS-DURYEA, 5-PASSENGER	450
MARMON, 5-PASSENGER	400
MARION, 5-PASSENGER	400
EVERETT, 5-PASSENGER	300
MAXWELL, 5-PASSENGER	300

STUDEBAKER CORPORATION
230 PEACHTREE STREET.

1913 Overland Roadster.
1913 Overland Touring Car.
1914 Overland Roadster Electric. Lights and Starter.
OVERLAND SOUTHERN AUTO CO.
232 Peachtree Street.

AUTOMOBILE BARGAIN
A STEARNS, 5-passenger, chain drive, with new top, electric lights, new tires, motor in fine shape. For particulars apply 77 N. Pryor street.

ONE stripped Buick, 45 H. P., run 14 months, good condition, just painted and four new tires; the biggest bargain in Atlanta at $275 if sold in the next 3 days. Just spent $200 in June on this car for repairs. 186 Rawson st. Main 4579-L.

FOR SALE—Slightly used 5-passenger touring car, 1915 model; good as new; electric starter, lights, etc.; in the $1,000 class today and Friday, last chance, less than half price. Folsom's Garage.

COLE "50," 5-passenger automobile, in good condition; looks good, new tires and full equipment; will exchange for purchase money notes or sell cheap for cash. Ivy 3548-J. 164 Edgewood avenue.

ONE National roadster at a sacrifice if sold at once. Car is in elegant condition. Independence Motor Car Co., Atlanta Exchange, 330 Peachtree st. Ivy 2772.

BY OWNER, 1915 Foard touring car, $370; bought in April, leaving town. Address H-167, care Constitution.

OAKLAND roadster for sale, in first-class condition. Ivy 553.

WANTED.
WANTED—To exchange 9-horsepower Alamo portable gasoline engine; been run one day only, for Ford runabout, good condition. W. T. Campbell, Rockmart, Ga.

A BEAUTIFUL LOT, 100x800, opposite Brookhaven Club, for $2,500 gasoline car in fine condition. Address E-167, care Constitution.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES.
JOHN M. SMITH CO.
Automobile Coach Work
CARS REPAINTED
Tops recovered and repaired, wheels springs and axles repaired.
Bodies built to order or repaired.
120-122-124 Auburn Avenue

LET US PAINT YOUR CAR.
ATLANTA AUTO FINISHING CO.,
761 WHITEHALL ST. WEST 1933.
E. H. HENDERSON. W. B. FOSTER.

RADIATORS REPAIRED
OUT-OF-TOWN orders returned same day received. 237 Edgewood Ave. Ivy 5372.
ATLANTA AUTO REP. CO.

Radiators, Fenders, Tanks
Lamps, Windshields Made and Repaired.
Warlick Sheet Metal Mfg. Co.
248 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.

ODOM BROS. CO.
OPEN all night. Now in our more spacious quarters. Garage and repair work a specialty. 41-43 Ivy St. Main 1622. Atl. 809.

FORD REPAIRS
S. A. MIDDLEBROOKS,
229 Peachtree, rear Buick Co. Ivy 4661.

CENTRAL GARAGE
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
34-38 AUBURN AVE. IVY 7905.
AUTO TANKS, HOODS and all kinds of sheet metal work. 51 and 87 South Forsyth street. Main 2867 or Main 3462.

MOTORCYCLES—BICYCLES

HENDERSON "FOUR" CYLINDER MOTORCYCLE; MOST PERFECT MOTORCYCLE ON EARTH. Territory for good agents; great sellers. Used motors bought and sold. For particulars address A. G. Arapian, manager, 50 Auburn ave., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Second-hand 1914 and 1915 Harley-Davidson motorcycles. Southern Motorcycle Co., 90 Edgewood ave. I. 5791-J.

USED motorcycles, all makes, $35 and up. Retail department, Harley-Davidson Motor Co., Atlanta, Ga. 224 Peachtree St.

BUSINESS CARDS

HAT CLEANING.
OLD HATS MADE NEW — Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention.
ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

MONUMENTS.
MONUMENTS SPEARMAN MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS sell the best monuments. Prices will suit you. Main 2640-J. 405 East Hunter street. Entrance Oakland Cemetery.

NEW RUBBER TIRES.
PUT on your baby's carriage; repaired, repainted and recovered. Robert Mitchell, 227-29 Edgewood avenue. Ivy 3076.

PAINTING AND WALL TINTING.
T. M. CANNON, 164 Walton st. Painting and wall tinting. Satisfaction guaranteed. Main 1932.

ROOF REPAIRING.
IF YOUR Roof leaks, call the Roof Doctor, Barnett. Ivy 7238.
MOONEY REPAIRS all kinds. Roofing a specialty; 12 months' guarantee; reasonable rates. Call Ivy 905.

SHEET METAL WORK.
SHEET METAL WORK, all kinds; refrigerators repaired. Phone Main 2967-3462. 87-89 South Forsyth street.

STOVE REPAIRING.
Stoves and Ranges Repaired
SECOND HAND stoves bought, sold and exchanged.
STANDARD STOVE AND REPAIR CO.
41 Luckie, Ivy 283, Atlanta 892.

SEWING MACHINES.
MACHINES of all kinds sold and repaired, or rented at 133 Whitehall street. Bell phone Main 4767. Quick service.

STOVE, RANGE AND FURNACE REPAIRING.
F. M. BROTHERTON,
THE STOVE DOCTOR
STOVES AND RANGES FOR SALE.
Phone Main 1460. 61 South Pryor St.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES RETAILORED AND REPAIRED.
ROUNTREE'S 77 WHITEHALL STREET.
Phones: Bell, Main 1576; Atlanta 1654.

UMBRELLA REPAIRING.
ATLANTA UMBRELLA CO.
REPAIR DEPARTMENT.
110½ WHITEHALL. CORNER MITCHELL.

WINDOW AND HOUSE CLEANING.
NATIONAL WINDOW CLG. CO. 47 E. Hunter. M. 1175. M. 4579-J.

Read The Constitution Want Ads

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

The arrival and departure of passenger trains, Atlanta.
The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.
Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Effective May 30.	Arrive.	Leave.
Brunswick, Waycross and Thomasville	6:10 am	7:30 am
Brunswick, Waycross and Thomasville	7:10 pm	10:30 pm

Sleeping cars on night trains between Atlanta and Thomasville.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
42	West Pt.	8:15 am	35 New Or.. 6:25 am
18	Colum's.	10:55 am	15 Columbus 6:15 am
38	New Or.	11:50 am	33 Montg'y.. 9:10 am
40	New Or..	2:15 pm	39 New Or.. 2:00 pm
34	Montg'y..	7:10 pm	17 Columbus 4:05 pm
30	Columbus	7:45 pm	37 New Or. 5:20 pm
36	New Or.	11:35 pm	41 West Pt. 5:45 pm

Central of Georgia Railway.
"The Right Way."

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Thomasville	6:25 am	Savannah...	8:00 am
Jacksonville	6:47 am	Albany.....	8:00 am
Savannah...	6:20 am	Macon.....	12:20 pm
Albany.....	6:25 am	Macon.....	4:00 pm
Jacksonville	7:40 am	Jacksonville	8:40 pm
Macon.....	6:25 am	Savannah..	10:20 pm
Macon.....	11:01 am	Valdosta....	8:40 pm
Savannah...	4:20 pm	Jackson'e.	10:20 pm
Macon.....	8:15 pm	Thomas'e.	12:01 am
Albany.....	8:15 pm	Albany.....	12:01 am

City Ticket Office, Fourth National Bank building, Peachtree and Marietta streets. Telephones—Main 490, Standard 167.

Southern Railway.
Premier Carrier of the South.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
49	Asheville.	6:05 am	36 N. Y.... 12:01 am
26	Jackson'e.	6:05 am	20 Colum's. 6:15 am
35	New York.	6:05 am	23 Kan. City 6:15 am
1	Jackson'e	8:10 am	1 Chicago.. 6:20 am
12	Shreveport	8:20 am	21 Richm'd. 6:50 am
17	Tocco...	8:10 am	7 Chatta'a. 7:10 am
20	Heflin....	8:20 am	32 Ft. Valy. 7:15 am
8	Home....	9:45 am	16 Bruns'k.. 7:45 am
27	Ft. Valy	10:40 am	35 N. Y.... 12:00 pm
21	Colum's.	10:50 am	9 Charl'te.. 12:10 pm
7	Macon..	11:10 am	6 Macon.. 12:20 pm
40	Memphis	11:15 am	29 Birm'm. 12:26 pm
6	Cincin'i.	12:06 pm	30 N. Y.... 2:25 pm
29	N. Y....	12:10 pm	15 Rome.... 4:35 pm
30	Birm'm..	2:10 pm	5 Cincin'i.. 4:25 pm
5	Macon...	4:15 pm	18 Tocco... 4:45 pm
39	Charl'te..	4:20 pm	22 Colum's. 5:10 pm
37	N. Y....	5:00 pm	39 Memphis. 5:15 pm
10	Bruns'k..	8:00 pm	28 Ft. Valy. 5:20 pm
11	Richm'd.	8:00 pm	10 Macon... 5:30 pm
31	Ft. Valy.	8:05 pm	26 Heflin... 5:45 pm
16	Chatta'a.	9:35 pm	48 Asheville. 8:40 pm
24	Kan. City	9:55 pm	24 Jackso'e 10:05 pm
19	Colum's.	10:25 pm	2 Jackso'e 10:55 pm
2	Chicago.	10:45 pm	31 Shrevp't 11:30 pm

All Trains Run Daily, Central Time. City Ticket Office, No. 1 Peachtree St.

Union Passenger Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.
Georgia Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
8	Charl'n.	6:10 am	2 Aug. and East.... 7:30 am
3	Wilm'n.	6:10 am	6 Augu'a. 12:25 pm
11	Buckh'd.	7:40 am	4 Augu'a. 3:00 pm
*1	Buckh'd.	9:30 am	8 Augu'a. 3:00 pm
1	Augusta.	1:05 pm	12 Buckh'd. 6:10 pm
6	Augusta.	4:35 pm	114 Buckh'd. 8:00 pm
7	New York and Aug.	8:20 pm	4 Charl'n. 8:45 pm
			4 Wilm'n. 8:46 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective Nov. 22—	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati-Louisville	4:46 pm	12:10 pm
Chicago and Northwest		
Cincinnati and Louisville	7:12 am	9:00 pm
Knoxville via Blue Ridge	7:22 am	9:10 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville	7:12 am	9:50 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville	4:46 pm	12:10 pm
Blue Ridge accommodation	3:50 pm	10:30 am

Seaboard Air Line Railway.
Effective May 30, 1915.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
11	N. Y.....	7:00 am	11 Birm'm.. 8:30 am
11	Norfolk..	7:00 am	30 Monroe.. 7:00 am
11	Washi'n..	7:00 am	6 N. Y..... 8:00 pm
11	Portsm'h.	7:00 am	6 Wash'n.. 8:00 pm
17	Abbe,S.C.	8:50 am	6 Norfolk.. 8:00 pm
9	Birm'm..	2:40 pm	6 Portsm'h.. 8:00 pm
22	Memphis	11:10 am	8 Richm'd. 8:00 pm
22	Birm'm..	11:10 am	28 Birm'm.. 8:45 pm
6	N. Y.....	5:00 pm	5 Birm'm.. 6:20 pm
6	Washi'n..	5:00 pm	5 Memphis. 5:20 pm
5	Norfolk..	5:00 pm	18 Abbe,S.C. 4:00 pm
5	Portsm'h.	5:00 pm	6 N. Y..... 4:00 pm
12	Birm'm..	9:00 pm	12 Norfolk.. 8:30 pm
29	Monroe..	8:00 pm	12 Portsm'h. 8:30 pm

City Ticket Office, 88 Peachtree St.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
8	Nashville.	7:10 am	94 Chicago.. 8:15 am
78	Rome...	10:20 am	2 Nashville. 8:35 am
93	Memphis	11:55 am	92 Memphis. 4:55 pm
1	Nashville.	6:35 pm	72 Rome.... 6:15 pm
95	Chicago..	8:20 pm	4 Nashville. 8:50 pm

No 96—Dixie Flyer, arrives Terminal Station.

TAXICABS

TAXI CABS
VACATION TIME.
A PHONE call will bring an automobile to your door, any hour, day or night. Prompt and polite service.
BELLE ISLE

TAXICABS
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
ATL. 3660—8 LUCKIE—I. 322

SUMMER RESORTS

DELIGHTFUL location, shady lawn and porch, pleasant change for south Georgia residents, one-half block from Peachtree; reasonable rates. 1 Crescent avenue, Atlanta, Ga. Mrs. W. H. Gilbert.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

RARE BARGAINS
IN JEWELRY
WE ARE NOT IN THE SELLING BUSINESS, BUT, BEING LENDERS OF MONEY ON DIAMONDS AND PRECIOUS STONES, WE NECESSARILY ACCUMULATE SOME UNREDEEMED COLLATERAL. THIS PUTS US IN A POSITION TO OFFER YOU SOME RARE BARGAINS IN JEWELRY AND PRECIOUS STONES. IF INTERESTED, CALL OR WRITE US.
Jefferson Loan Society
59 N. FORSYTH ST., ATLANTA, GA.

"MOVIE FANS"
HAVE you a copy of "Movieland?" Let us send one for 10 cents and 2-cent stamp.
NATIONAL FEATURE CO.,
Suite 601 Healey Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

BASEBALL SCRAP BOOK
CONTAINING newspaper clippings of write-ups and photos of players. Represents eight years savings, by owner. Probably valuable to some fan or player. About 2,000 pictures in all. Price $2. Address H-224, Constitution.

FOR SALE—1,000 peach crates at a bargain for cash. H. S. Branch, Berzelia, Ga.

LARGE iron safe, Elliott-Fisher billing machine, Comptometer, adding machine, vertical files, standing desk, office rading, tables, shelving, wire window guards, electric light fixtures, sample trunks. Floyd, Wisdom, White Co., 62-64 West Mitchell street. Bell phone Main 1597.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, one fine team draft horses and large moving van, a complete outfit. Terms can be arranged. Phone Ivy 6610 or call at 1202 Healey bldg.

"NOT superstitious, but I believe in signs."
—KENT SIGNS—
85½ Auburn. Ivy 1933.

FOR SALE—Ten bushels of Lookout Mountain seed Irish potatoes, $2 per bushel. R. J. Parris, Dallas, Ga., Route No. 1.

SECOND-HAND SAFES, all sizes. Hall's fire and burglar-proof safes, vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 408 Fourth Nat'l Bank Bldg.

FLAT TOP mahogany desk and 3-drawer filing cabinet. Address J. D. G., 914 Candler building.

ONE large Acme oil range. A bargain. 55 Mills street.

PRACTICALLY new gas stove cheap; also oak davenport. 99 Fowler. Ivy 8659.

SECOND-HAND army tents, all sizes. Springer, 295 S. Pryor st. Main 2543-L.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WE PAY highest cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture; cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 12 East Mitchell St. Main 2424.

WANT to buy and sell school books, second-hand and new. 153 Auburn avenue.

DROP a card; we'll bring cash for shoes and clothing. The Vestiare, 106 Decatur St.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

FOR SALE—New piano taken for debt; never used and have no use for it. Will sell far below regular price to get rid of it. Genuine bargain. Address G. D. J., care Constitution.

AUCTION SALES

THE SOUTHERN AUCTION AND SALVAGE COMPANY, at 90 South Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture, household goods or piano. Phone Bell Main 3208.

PHONE YOUR ADS FOR SUNDAY'S CONSTITUTION EARLY, SO AS TO GET IN ALL THE EDITIONS.

AFTER ALL'S SAID AND DONE A MAN WANTS HIS MONEY'S WORTH AND HERE'S WHERE YOU GET IT.

MAIN 5000
Ask for Classified Adv. Dept.
ATLANTA 5001

POULTRY, SEED AND PET STOCK

DOGS.
MONTVIEW COLLIE KENNELS own an Ornskirk-Artist son, Stud fee $10. Registered puppies for sale. Phone 27-J, Decatur, Georgia.

PIGEONS.
IF YOU like squabs I have them, 65c a pair. Phone Ivy 388-J.

HOGS.
FANNY BERKSHIRES
ALL registered Berkshires are not good Berkshires. We make a specialty of the best for breeding purposes—there are plenty of the common ones everywhere. We offer Berkshires of quality; breeding and general excellence. All ages; all prices. Fair View Farm, Palmetto, Ga.

LIVE STOCK

FOR SALE
JERSEYS
FOR immediate sale, two fancy Jersey bull calves, one a great grandson of Champion Flying Fox, the other a great grandson of Noble of Oaklands. They are out of extra fine cows, are good types well marked, only 140 each, registered and with extended pedigree. Fair View Farm, Palmetto, Ga.

FOR SALE—A nice milch cow cheap. 126 Meldrin street.

Read The Constitution Want Ads.

BOARD AND ROOMS

NORTH SIDE.
YOU can't beat this for comfort or price, large rooms, adjoining bath, separate beds, electric lights and every convenience, private home, between Seventh and Eighth streets, on Myrtle; can furnish two meals, if desired; can also furnish room for light housekeeping. Call Ivy 7074.

21 E. LINDEN ST.
COMFORTABLY fur. rooms, with meals; summer rates; between the Peachtrees. Ivy 152.

188 COURTLAND STREET
NICELY fur. rooms; all conveniences; walking distance; meals optional.

67 LUCKIE STREET
EXCELLENT meals served. Call Main 4055.

ONE or two connecting front rooms, with or without private bath, private family; delightful summer location; best board. 7 East Eighth street. Ivy 4258-L.

SPLENDID ROOMS & BOARD
477 Peachtree st.; young men or couple can secure the best in the city; rates reasonable; walking distance. Ivy 7010.

LARGE, AIRY ROOM WITH RUNNING WATER TO YOUNG MEN; SELECT NEIGHBORHOOD. FINE MEALS. 17 E. FIFTH ST. IVY 8761.

549 PEACHTREE, lovely front room to refined couple or young men; summer rates. Ivy 3484.

DELIGHTFUL room to gentleman or couple; special rate to acceptable parties. Bell phone Ivy 2573-L.

LARGE ROOM, private bath, superior table, spacious verandas. 494 Spring, corner Third. Ivy 1522.

220 Peachtree—The Wilton
HOME cooking; meal tickets. Miss Kirtley.

107 PIEDMONT AVENUE
NICELY furnished rooms; board optional.

NICELY fur. front rooms, with all conveniences. Phone Ivy 1564. 14 West Baker street.

ROOM and board at Miss Roddy's, 547 Peachtree; young men or couple. Ivy 925.

72 SPRING STREET
ROOMS, with excellent board.

279 PEACHTREE. WILL ACCOMMODATE A FEW BOARDERS. CALL IVY 8672.

500 Peachtree, cool rooms, excellent meals; summer rates. Ivy 7592-J.

TWO nice cool front rooms, with or without board to gentlemen, private home. 1-2322-L

EXCELLENT board and rooms, block of postoffice. Ivy 5606-J. 72 Walton street.

513 PEACHTREE ST., choice second floor room, excellent table. Ivy 6133-J.

NICELY fur. room, with or without board; private north side home. Ivy 3788-L.

NICELY fur. front room, meals optional. 10 Angier avenue. Apartment 7.

FRONT ROOM, with board, modern home Elizabeth street, Inman Park. Ivy 6395-L.

LARGE, nicely fur. rooms, with or without meals. 16 Williams st.

NICELY furnished rooms, with board. 35 West North avenue. Ivy 5774-L.

ROOM and board, close in; conveniences. 21 E. Cain street. Ivy 2120.

SOUTH SIDE.
ATTRACTIVE ROOM FOR REFINED COUPLE. LADIES OR GENTLEMAN; BEST MEALS SERVED IN ATLANTA; CHICKEN SERVED DAILY; 2 BLOCKS FROM CAPITOL. 250-252 E. FAIR ST. RATES $4. SINGLE ROOMS.

BEAUTIFUL room with good meals in private home, near Grant Park, for one young man; electric lights and bath adjoining, cheap. Main 4897-L.

339 S. PRYOR STREET.
GENTLEMEN, $4.25 per week; ladies, $3.75, with reference; nice front room for couple or two ladies. Main 5515.

257 S. Pryor st., the best table board and nicest furnished rooms; good location. Atlanta phone 6837-A.

BOARD AND ROOMS

NORTH SIDE.
NICEST furnished rooms with or without board, hot and cold water, close in. Main 4540-J.

NICELY fur. room and board, $15 month. 133 Richardson st. Main 3614.

WEST END.
NEWLY-FURNISHED, screened rooms, stationary washstands in each room, screened sleeping porch, bath tub and shower bath; splendid table; young men only; splendid neighborhood; ten minutes' car ride. Phone West 664.

EXCELLENT board and room, private home, 52 Gordon street. Phone West 213-J.

INMAN PARK.
A FEW select boarders wanted; private family; all conveniences. Ivy 1214-L.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.
THE MARTINIQUE
FUR. rooms with bath; coolest house in Atlanta, corner Ellis and Ivy streets.

NICELY fur. single room. Splendid location; $10 per month. Ivy 3894-L.

THE PICKWICK
TEN STORY AND FIREPROOF.
WELL furnished rooms with connecting bath. Convenient shower bath on each floor. 77 Fairlie St., near Carnegie Library.

70 E. MERRITTS AVE.
COMFORTABLY fur. rooms, with steam heat, all conveniences; board if desired. Ivy 3894-L.

FURNISHED ROOM, private new home, modern conveniences, close in, between the Peachtrees, $15 month; gentleman only. Ivy 7961.

THE ADOLPH 10½ E. HARRIS ST.
Bachelor rooms de luxe; every modern convenience. Ivy 3071.

ROOMMATE wanted for gentleman; very nice room; conveniences. 20-A Carnegie way.

TWO nicely furnished rooms, modern conveniences, for men only; reasonable. 590 North Jackson street.

SISSONIA—Large, cool fur. or unfur. single rooms with private bath; also small apts. 61 W. Harris. Ivy 7093.

LARGE nicely fur. rooms, next to Y. M. C. A., 69 Luckie street. M. 4065.

NICELY fur. room, in mahogany; running water, and kitchenette if desired. Ivy 6067-J.

FOUR large bedrooms and kitchenette or in single rooms. Call I. 3265-J.

NICELY furnished rooms, all conveniences. 34 Cone, block from postoffice.

NICELY FURNISHED, LARGE, COOL FRONT ROOM. 64 FORREST AVE.

LARGE, nicely fur. room to young gentlemen. Apply 144 Spring st.

BEAUTIFULLY fur., large, cool front room; walking distance. 43 W. Peachtree.

LARGE, nicely fur. front room, close in; all conveniences. Ivy 5832.

BEST rooms in city; also housekeeping; all conveniences, $2.50 week. 11 Cone st.

LARGE front room; also another room; all conveniences. 1. 3249-J.

TWO small rooms for gentlemen; shower bath; back of P. O. 34 Cone st. I. 6162.

ONE OR TWO nicely fur. rooms; all conveniences; reasonable. Ivy 5454-J.

72 Spring st., large, nicely fur. rooms; all conveniences.

NICELY furnished front room, close in; all conveniences. 311 Courtland st.

FURNISHED—WEST END.
TWO nicely fur. rooms on car line; gentlemen preferred. Phone West 378.

NICELY furnished room, near business section of West End, conveniences. W. 714-J.

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.
LARGE, unfur. rooms, with kitchenette; private home, good section. 115 Forrest avenue.

67 LUCKIE STREET
UNFUR. room for housekeeping. M. 4055.

3 OR 4 unfurnished rooms, with bath. 87 E. North avenue. Ivy 348-L.

UNFURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.
IN home with owners, 3 rooms; every convenience. 512 Capitol ave. M. 5371-J.

TWO desirable rooms, reasonable. 235 Oakland avenue. Atlanta phone 3508.

MISCELLANEOUS.
LARGE light rooms for light housekeeping, private bath, sleeping porch. Ivy 2329-L.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

NORTH SIDE.
AT North avenue and West Peachtree, front room and kitchenette, furnished up-to-date; adults. Ivy 7828.

FOR RENT—2 rooms and kitchenette for light housekeeping. 293 N. Boulevard. Ivy 2064.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND KITCHENETTES; CONVENIENCES; CLOSE IN. 41 W. CAIN. ATLANTA 1181.

TWO rooms and kitchenette, unfur., with all conveniences; private family. 115 Forrest avenue.

THREE unfurnished upstairs rooms, sink in kitchen, for light housekeeping. Ivy 5823-L.

TWO unfurnished front rooms for light housekeeping, $13. Call Ivy 7935-J. 143 West Peachtree street.

THREE clean, cool, connecting, furnished rooms; separate or all together; near Aragon hotel. 100 E. Ellis st. Ivy 5356.

LARGE fur. rooms and kitchenette; all conveniences; reasonable. Ivy 5454-J.

TWO unfurnished rooms and kitchenette; reasonable. 52 Mills St. Atlanta 5745-B.

358 Peachtree, nicely fur. room and kitchenette; other fur. rooms.

TWO or three unfurnished rooms for housekeeping. 143 West Peachtree.

SOUTH SIDE.
THREE fur. apts., private entrance; all modern conveniences; good neighborhood; clean and reasonable, for light housekeeping. 45 Dodd ave.

THREE unfur. rooms with bath for light housekeeping; all modern conveniences; good neighborhood; close in. Main 1959-J. 108 Pulliam st.

FOUR rooms, light housekeeping, electric lights, hot and cold water, $15 per month. 179 E. Fair st.

TWO nice unfur. rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; cheap and clean; good neighborhood. 35 Cooper st.

THREE furnished rooms and kitchenette, bath and telephone. Main 4686-J.

THREE large unfur. rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences. 44 Broyles st.

WEST END.
THREE housekeeping rooms, best part Gordon st., July and August. Phone W. 626-J.

2 OR 3 nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences. Phone West 289-L.

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms, $12, including light and water. Main 2407.

WANTED—ROOMS

WANTED—2 or 3 unfurnished rooms by couple; no children. Give phone number. Address H-165, Constitution.

COUPLE wants furnished room and kitchette, in private home or apartment, steam heat preferred. H-158, care Constitution.

FOR RENT—Apartments

UNFURNISHED.
SPLENDID APARTMENTS.
LARGE, delightfully comfortable rooms, large porches, handsome grounds; perfect light and ventilation; strictly first-class; janitor service, etc.; best north side resident section; for lease; possession given September 1. For particulars phone George M. Traylor. Ivy 657-J.

45 EAST CAIN STREET
NEAR Ivy street, two rooms, bath, kitchenette, refrigerator, hot and cold water.
DISAPPEARING BEDS
Southern and western exposure, $20 per month. Apply to janitor.

ELEGANT 4-room apartment; steam heat, hot and cold water, janitor service; all modern conveniences. $35 per month. Can be seen at 324 Forrest ave. L. B. Sanders, owner. 407 Peters Bldg.

APARTMENT OF TWO FRONT ROOMS, BATH,

TENSION GROWING REGARDING MEXICO

Nothing Heard From Capital for Five Days—Immediate Action by the United States Not Thought Likely

Washington, July 23.—With communication with Mexico City cut for five days, since the reoccupation by Zapata forces, and with agents here of the Mexican factions in ignorance of military operations, the Mexican situation today again began to assume an air of tension.

Somewhere in the neighborhood of Pachuca, northwest of the capital, General Pablo Gonzales' Carranza army is believed to be battling with the Villa "flying column," whose swoop down from the north caused him to abandon Mexico City. Cutting of cables and telegraph wires has drawn a veil over this whole section.

Red Cross Urged to Work.

President Wilson today conferred with Red Cross officials and listened with interest to reports that the Red Cross had been hampered in its effort to extend relief to the needy civilian population of Mexico. The president told Brigadier General Devol, general manager of the Red Cross; Ernest P. Bicknell, its director, and Miss Mabel T. Boardman not to be discouraged by handicaps, and to keep up the relief work, getting supplies into Mexico City wherever they could.

Political aspects of the situation were discussed briefly, but the president did not indicate what the United States would do as a result of failure of the rival factions to get together for a peace conference in accordance with his suggestions.

Although Mr. Wilson gave his callers the impression that this government has in mind taking some decisive step later, he intimated that the military situation at present made any immediate action inadvisable. Much depends, it is believed here, on the outcome of battles in progress or impending.

After the conference the Red Cross officials began to formulate plans to continue their work.

Await Reply From Carranza.

State department officials await a reply from General Carranza at Vera Cruz to a message sent to him yesterday calling his attention to the fact that his forces violated the Scott agreement for the neutralization of border cities by the recent occupation of Naco. There is apprehension also concerning the situation at Nogales, where General Maytorena, head of the Villa forces, is expecting an attack by Carranza's army under General Calles. Some step may be taken to prevent this impending battle, Nogales being regarded as included in the agreement that border towns would not be subject to attacks which might endanger the lives of American citizens.

The Carranza agency issued a statement answering a recent assertion by General Devol that both Carranza and Villa had been engaged in the exportation of foodstuffs from Mexico and profiting from proceeds of a heavy export tax. This charge was declared to be false in so far as territory under control of the constitutionalist government is concerned.

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TO SKIN, HAIR AND HANDS

The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal. Nothing better than these fragrant super-creamy emollients.

Samples Free by Mail

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold everywhere. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. book. Address post-card "Cuticura," Dept. 28F, Boston.

SWISS GENERAL FEARS WAR MAY HIT COUNTRY

Berlin, July 23.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—An over-sea dispatch from Berne, Switzerland, says that General Ulrich Wille, commander of the Swiss army, addressing a meeting held to celebrate the anniversary of the battle of Sempach, said that while Switzerland hoped that the worst would be spared her, the future still was uncertain. It would be unmerited luck, General Wille declared, according to the dispatch, if Switzerland should escape in the midst of the heavy storms raging around her.

SHERIFF AND DEPUTIES STONED BY STRIKERS

Fresh Outbreak at Bayonne, N. J., But No One Was Seriously Injured.

New York, July 23.—A fresh outbreak late today disturbed the comparative quiet that had prevailed at Bayonne, N. J., since cessation of the rioting of the previous three days when three were killed and scores injured. It occurred when Sheriff Kinkead led fifty deputies through the streets and was attacked by a crowd of more than 1,000 Standard Oil strikers and sympathizers. When the sheriff appealed to the crowd to disperse they answered with showers of clubs and stones, and only were quieted after priests and strike leaders appeared and counseled them to go home. Many shots were fired, but the only known injuries were sore heads and bruised limbs.

While the rioting was on two federal mediators were in conference with Standard Oil officials in an effort to bring about a settlement of the strike at the oil plant of the Standard, which caused a shutdown of the Tidewater company's plant. The mediators announced they would have no statement to make tonight.

Troops Not Necessary.

Sheriff Kinkead told Governor Fielder late today that it would not be necessary to call the state militia if he got 100 policemen from nearby towns to assist in preserving order.

The only flurry besides the rioting occurred earlier in the day when the strikers demanded their wages. When the strikers were told they would not be paid until Monday they became incensed and for a time threatened reprisals. The authorities thought it wise to defer paying the men, although today was regular pay day, unless they were in dire distress, until Monday.

Renewal of the rioting today started when a small group of men and boys saw Sheriff Kinkead and his deputies approaching the oil plants. The deputies were to relieve others. Hundreds of strikers and sympathizers quickly appeared. The sheriff and his men were hemmed in under a railroad trestle by the crowd, a part of which took up positions on the trestle.

Riot Call Sent In.

As Sheriff Kinkead began to appeal to the crowd some one sent in a riot call to police headquarters. The sheriff was greeted with a volley of sticks and stones.

Reserves from police headquarters and a squad of police on motorcycles reached the scene and began forcing the crowd away. The strikers and their sympathizers were being reinforced by the hundreds when several priests appeared and urged the rioters to go to their homes. A strikers' committee also went among the strikers. Then the crowd began to shift and move away.

Sheriff Kinkead told Governor Fielder that he was prepared to stay in Bayonne and defend life and property.

"Not a deputy of mine fired a shot today," Kinkead told the governor. "The only shots fired were by police officers to intimidate the crowd."

Sale of firearms and explosives has been forbidden in Bayonne.

All the saloons in Bayonne were ordered closed today by Mayor Garvin

KEY WEST BANK FORCED TO CLOSE ITS DOORS

Key West, Fla., July 23.—The Island City National bank here suspened business today and the directors announced that its affairs would be turned over to the treasury department for settlement.

A statement issued by the bank's officers showed loans amounting to $195,000 and deposits of $116,800. The bank was capitalized at $100,000 with surplus earnings of $32,500 transferred to the reserve fund.

President George S. White said the suspension was due to a general shrinkage in the value of securities held and to poor collections. He added that depositors would be fully protected.

W. M. Morgan, representing the treasury department, has arrived here to take charge of the bank.

On connection with the bank's closing its directors have asked the state courts to appoint a receiver for the Tropical Building and Loan company here. Waite also is president of it and E. M. Martin, vice president of the Island bank, is its secretary.

Martin is absent from Key West and his friends said tonight that he was in northern cities on business. His business associates said they had last heard from him on July 5.

While a full statement of the bank's assets and liabilities is not yet available, the directors announced tonight that they believed each would be found to be about $500,000.

NO OVERSEAS TRUST FOR UNITED STATES

London, July 23.—American representatives here of detained cargoes do not believe there is much hope of forming in the United States an organization, such as The Netherlands Overseas trust, to insure imports against falling into the hands of enemies of the United Kingdom.

Such an organization, they point out, is unworkable unless it at least has the tacit recognition of the government and they have no hope of obtaining recognition from the American government. Washington has made it clear that it extends no official recognition to any arrangement made by Great Britain with American cotton shippers.

Promoters of the idea here also fear the traditional opposition of the American government to the recognition of monopolies will act to prevent formation of such an organization.

TREASURY PUTS BAN ON GIFTS BY DISTILLERS

Washington, July 23.—Orders were issued at the treasury department tonight designed to prevent future receiving of contributions by persons in the treasury service from persons or corporations subject to internal revenue taxation.

This action is the result of an investigation of publication of souvenir programs for the annual conventions of the National Federation of Storekeepers, Gaugers and Storekeeper-Gaugers. An announcement by the treasury said it had been found that the Cincinnati branch of the federation at the 1910 convention made a contract under which publishers received one-half the amount collected for advertising, virtually all of which came from distillers and other payers of internal revenue taxes.

Out of its half, the federation was said to have paid the expenses of the convention, made a political contribution of $150 to a congressional campaign and turned more than $700 into the local branch's treasury.

The penalty for future soliciting or receiving contributions will be summary removal of the person responsible or who receives the contributions.

Fechteler Relieves Boush.

Washington, July 23.—Rear Admiral Augustus F. Fechteler, whose commission was signed by President Wilson today, has been detached from duty at the naval war college to relieve Rear Admiral Clifford Boush as commander of the second division of the Atlantic fleet. Admiral Boush goes to Honolulu as commandant of the navy yard there, succeeding Rear Admiral Moore, retired.

Lineville Loses.

Lineville, Ala., July 23.—(Special.)—Showing a complete reversal of form the Chero Colas, of Columbus, defeated the fast Lineville club by the score of 9 to 2. The features of the game were the fast work of the Chero Colas' infield and a number of spectacular catches by outfielders of both clubs. Batteries: Cheros, Russell and Carmack; Lineville, Bonner and Griffin.

WHAT EXCUSE WILL JOE SCHMIDT MAKE TO JUDGE TODAY?

Joe Schmidt, age 43, who spends most of his time at the city stockade, and is one of the most loyal admirers of Recorder George E. Johnson, despite his frequent trips to the stockade, is "in again."

Police officers found Joe drunk in a near beer saloon on Decatur street, last night, and straightway, despite his pleadings that he'd rather for them to break his neck than make him face Judge Johnson Saturday morning, they sent him to police barracks.

"For God's sake," said Joe to Station Sergeant S. A. Roberts, "don't make a case against me. I'd rather die than face Judge Johnson. He just turned me loose this morning, when I was tried for being drunk, on my promise to leave town. Do anything to me, but don't let Judge Johnson know that I have told him a lie."

Joe has exhausted almost all remedies for "getting off the whisky habit." Once, recently, he told Judge Johnson that he would go to the country and work on a dairy. A few weeks later, when he again appeared before the judge, Joe excused his return to the city by saying that he "drank milk at the dairy, and was getting along just fine, but that all the cows went dry, and he was forced out of work, and just had to return to the city."

FLOYD COMMISSION BITTERLY DENIES CHARGES OF GRAFT

Rome, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—The Floyd county board of commissioners bitterly denies charges of graft made at a hearing before a legislative committee by Representative G. D. Anderson this week. Representative Anderson is from Floyd county. The county board, in a resolution made a part of its offical minutes, asserts that this charge is absolutely and unqualifiedly false. It requests the grand jury now in session to investigate the charge and require Mr. Anderson to appear before it and substantiate his allegations.

In discussion of the question at the board meeting it was stated that the representative had a personal grudge against a member of the board on account of a disagreement in regard to a school matter and that this was responsible for his action.

FORREST HIGHWAY BRANCH BOOSTED AT GADSDEN MEET

Rome, Ga., July 23.—(Special.)—Officers and committees of the Forrest Highway association met tonight in Gadsden to make plans for the furtherance of the work of the association. Richard W. Massey, of Birmingham, was in charge of the meeting and practically all of the officers were present and representatives from the five counties along the route.

A number of Romans made the trip through the country in automobiles to attend the meeting, which is in the interest of the branch of the Dixie highway from Birmingham to Rome.

Plate Glass Mirror Shows Perilous Curve To Automobile Drivers

Pittsburg, Pa., July 23.—Flashing a clear reflection of one of the most dangerous curves in western Pennsylvania, a plate glass mirror, 30x48 inches, has been placed at the top of the Logan's Ferry hill by the New Kensing Automobile club near here. The mirror is firmly set in a heavy wooden frame, and is mounted so that automobile drivers may see the curve they are approaching for a distance of fully 400 feet, thus giving them ample warning of an approaching car. Drivers say the reflection of headlights at night make the mirror of even greater value than during the day time.

PRESIDENT WILSON LEAVES FOR CORNISH

Washington, July 23.—President Wilson, accompanied by Dr. Cary T. Grayson, U. S. A., left tonight for Cornish, N. H., to join his family and spend another week or two of the vacation interrupted by his return to Washington to direct the preparation of the note to Germany.

The length of the stay will depend largely on developments in the international situation.

Philadelphia, July 23.—The train bearing President Wilson to Cornish, N. H., arrived here at 8:40 o'clock tonight. The president had retired.

On the way from the white house to the railroad station today President Wilson personally carried a big leather bag containing important papers and other documents. He seemed to guard the bag closely, and even after he went aboard the train he did not allow it out of his sight.

10,000 JACKETMAKERS QUIT WORK IN NEW YORK

New York, July 23.—Ten thousand members of the children's jacket makers' union struck today, according to an announcement by Sydney Hillman, president of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America with which the union is affiliated. Three or four hundred shops on the east side, controlled by independent manufacturers, are affected.

Mr. Hillman said the unwillingness of these independent manufacturers to join in the terms granted by the Clothing Manufacturers' association caused the walk-out. He expected, he said, that the strike would be short-lived, and that the independents would agree to a settlement during the day.

Cold Wave (Red Ash) $4.75
Daisy Gem (Block)..$4.50
CARROLL & HUNTER.

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To those who have endured for years the itching torments of eczema or other such skin-eruptions, the relief that the first use of Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap gives is perfectly incredible. After all the suffering they have endured and all the useless treatments they spent good money for, they cannot believe anything so simple, mild and inexpensive can stop the itching and burning INSTANTLY! And they find it still more wonderful that the improvement is permanent and that Resinol really drives away the eruption completely in a very short time. Perhaps there is a pleasant surprise like this in store for you. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap are sold by all druggists. For trial free, write to Dept. 30-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md. Excellent for sunburn.

AT THE THEATERS

"The Mating."

(At the Strand.)

Bessie Barriscale is said to eclipse all of her former efforts in "The Mating," which will be the offering at the Strand theater today. Miss Barriscale has been exceedingly successful in a number of recent photodramas, one in particular which might be mentioned is "The Devil." C. Gardiner Sullivan, author of the "Reward" and other strong photoplays, is the author of "The Mating," but in it deviates somewhat from his other great plays and furnishes a story which is unique in plot and dramatic effect. It tells the story of a country girl, the daughter of the village parson, who craves an education. Her simple raiment and typical village manners make her the object of ridicule, but she determines to succeed and wins the love of all in the end. One of the big scenes of the play is a football game between Yale and Harvard, which is produced in a very realistic manner.

The special number to be rendered by the Strand orchestra today is a grand selection from "Maritana."

"Crooky."

(At the Forsyth.)

Lovers of the silent drama are assured a treat at the Forsyth theater all today when Frank Daniels will be seen in that most enjoyable comedy, "Crooky." It tells the story of a crook of a whimsical turn of mind who meets with all kinds of adventure, and these offer opportunities for clever acting. Frank Daniels is known as one of the most versatile and ablest actors on the stage today, and his work in this play is immense. Good audiences have been the rule all the week, and especially large attendance is expected today.

FAIR MEETING WILL BE HELD NEXT WEEK

The directors of the Southeastern Fair association will hold a meeting to consider the progress of the buildings and to lay tentative plans for the opening of the fair this fall as soon as Mell R. Wilkinson, the president of the association, returns next week.

The building committee of the fair association approved contracts for $11,000 worth of building construction at a meeting held in the Chamber of Commerce building Friday morning. Chairman V. H. Kriegshaber announced that the supervising architect, R. M. Walker, hoped to have the bids for all the buildings at present contemplated submitted to him within a few days. Contracts valued at $85,000 have already have been let.

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I am selling brand-new 50c Neckties

3 for $1.00 or 35c each

Also have two special lots of Arrow Shirts at

95c and $1.35

Bob Hayes
9 PEACHTREE STREET

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We will give all applications prompt consideration.

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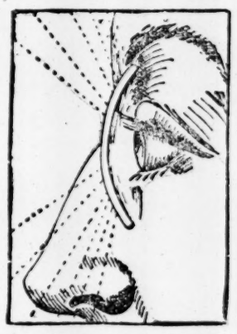
must enter into the optical business in order to make it a success. High grade workmanship, careful attention, honest dealing and the grinding of the greater portion of the prescriptions for glasses written by our better oculists has fully demonstrated the fact that there is something indescribable about the way in which we conduct our business that few opticians have been able to understand. The real comfort we have given thousands of people all over the country with our Toric Invisible Kryptok Bifocals has had much to do in making us leaders of the optical business of the entire South. We know when we are able to suit you with glasses; if you need the service of an oculist we so advise. Ask any of our patrons.



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